Seekonk, MA

# Greenbrier Residential & Apartment Community – Phase II

RI Seekonk Holdings LLC November 2021

# STORMWATER REPORT

On Behalf of: RI Seekonk Holdings LLC

Submitted by: BETA Group, Inc.



Greenbrier Residential & Apartment Community – Phase II Seekonk, MA RI Seekonk Holdings LLC

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Prepared by: BETA GROUP, INC.

Prepared for: Seekonk Conservation Commission

November 2021

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# **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

This permit application submitted on behalf of RI Seekonk Holdings LLC is for the construction of seven apartment buildings for Chapter 40 B affordable housing as the second phase of the Greenbrier Residential Condominium and Apartment project. This work shall consist of the construction of the apartment buildings, roadway and parking lot installation, new sidewalks, installation of multiple utilities, installation of temporary erosion control measures, and other associated work.

A map of the project area is shown in **Figure 1** – Locus Map.

# **2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS**

The proposed project is located on two parcels off Fall River Avenue in Seekonk, MA (Book/Page: 24861/322 and 15142/1) that are approximately 16.41 acres and 76.1 acres, respectively. The 76.1-acre parcel originally consisted of an abandoned gravel-removal operation site and woodlands but has recently been developed during Phase I of the Greenbrier Project and now consists of a 440-unit condominium and apartment complex. The 16-acre parcel comprises of an abandoned movie theater with associated parking lot with woodlands located at the back of the property. There are a number of existing utilities (both active and abandoned) on this site, including sanitary sewer and an extensive stormwater drainage system.

Both parcels are located in a Residence R-3 zoning district, which represents residential areas of low density within the Town of Seekonk. As a part of Phase I of the Greenbrier project, the 76-acre parcel was presented and approved by the Seekonk Zoning and Planning Board to rezone the parcel to a Multifamily Development Overlay District. The 16-acre parcel will be presented to the Zoning and Planning Board for approval as a part of Phase II of the Greenbrier project.

The site located within the 16-acre parcel is relatively flat around the developed portion of the site with the parking lot sloping from northeast to southwest towards Fall River Avenue. Beyond the parking lot, the elevation sharply rises to the undeveloped portion of the site, which is mainly woodlands. There are five isolated wetlands either within or adjacent to the parcel boundary that receive stormwater runoff from this undeveloped area. These wetlands were flagged by Caputo & Wick Ltd.

As stated previously, the 76-acre site has previously been developed into a 440-unit condominium and apartment complex. Stormwater from that development is captured by an extensive drainage network and discharges to several stormwater BMPs before ultimately discharging to the wetlands in the vicinity of the site.



# FIGURE 1 – LOCUS MAP



# **3.0 SITE PARAMETERS**

# 3.1 Soil Classification

According to the *Web Soil Survey, Bristol County, Massachusetts (Northern Part)*, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, soils underlying and in the vicinity of the project area consist predominantly of Merrimac fine sandy loam, Pits-Udorthents complex, and Wareham loamy sand soils (see **Figure 2** – Soil Maps).

- Merrimac fine sandy loam, 0-3 percent slopes (254A) are typically deep, somewhat
  excessively drained soils found within backslopes, foot slopes, and summits. They are
  typically characterized by moderately high to very high permeability, low available water
  capacity, deep (> 80") seasonal groundwater tables, and are classified as hydrologic soil
  group A soils.
- Wareham loamy sand, 0-3 percent slopes (32A) are typically deep, poorly drained soils in terrace and foot slope areas. They are typically characterized by high to very high permeability, low available water capacity, shallow (0 to 6") seasonal groundwater tables and are classified as hydrologic soil group A/D soils.
- Pits-Udorthents complex, gravelly (617) areas consist of areas that have been excavated for sand and gravel. Depth of the excavations range from 5 to 25 feet, and some extend into the water table. In some areas the water table is at or near the surface. The unit is about 60 percent pits, 30 percent Udorthents, and 10 percent other soils.



# 3.2 Subsurface Investigation

A subsurface investigation was conducted specifically to determine soil permeability in the areas of the proposed stormwater BMPs. The test pit logs are included in Appendix E. The following Table summarizes the test pit results:

Test Pit #	Ex. Ground Elev (ft)	Depth to Mottling (in)	Depth to Weeping (in)	Depth to Standing Water (in)	Estimated Seasonal High Groundwater (ft)
TP-1	42.5	Not Observed (45" Estimated from TP- 2)	Not Observed	Not Observed	Not Observed
TP-2	45.4	45"	76"	64"	41.7
TP-3	48.0	Not Observed	Not Observed	84"	41.0
TP-4	48.0	Not Observed	55"	88"	43.4
TP-5	46.1	Not observed	16"	16"	44.8
TP-6	46.2	Not Observed	25"	25"	44.1
TP-7	40.8	21"	44"	Not Observed	39.1
TP-8	40.0	40"	54"	78"	36.7
TP-9	42.5	29"	60"	Not Observed	40.1

The estimated SHGW elevation of 43.4 ft from TP-4 was utilized in the design of Basin 1.

The estimated SHGW elevation of 40.1 ft from TP-9 was utilized in the design of Basin 2A.

The estimated SHGW elevation of 36.7 ft from TP-8 was utilized in the design of Basin 2B.

The estimated SHGW elevation of 39.1 ft from TP-7 was utilized in the design of Basin 3.

# 3.3 Flood Zone Classification

According to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for the Town of Seekonk (Community Panel Number 25005C0212F, dated 7/7/2009), the project area lies entirely within Zone X (see **Figure 3** – FEMA Flood Zones).

• Zone X land areas are areas within the 500-year (0.2% annual chance) flood plain.

# **4.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

During Phase II of the Greenbrier project, RI Seekonk Holdings LLC plans to construct seven apartment buildings for Chapter 40 B affordable housing, containing approximately 240 units, as well as a community center and associated utility buildings. The development will include the creation of an internal roadway network, ADA compliant pedestrian sidewalks, state roadway access, closed drainage systems, municipal water connection, and connection to the Phase I



wastewater treatment facility. There will be a number of landscaping elements, including plantings along the internal roadway system as well as adjacent to the apartment buildings.

This Phase of construction will include the installation of three stormwater BMPs (infiltration basins) which will provide the required recharge and water quality treatment volumes for all proposed impervious area within the project limits. Pretreatment devices will be used prior to stormwater entering these BMPs.

This project will increase the overall impervious area within the project limits, however, with the proposed stormwater BMPs, the net stormwater discharge leaving the site will be reduced.

# **5.0 MITIGATION METHODS**

The following measures will be taken to avoid or minimize disturbances to inland waters, wetland features and associated jurisdictional areas.

# **5.1 Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Controls**

Soil erosion and sedimentation control issues have been incorporated in the design and construction planning process of the proposed project. A compost filter sock barrier is proposed along the downgradient limits of disturbance; the soil erosion and sedimentation control measures will be installed prior to the initiation of construction activities. Once established, these measures will be monitored weekly and maintained throughout the project until construction activities are complete.

The erosion controls will serve as the strict limits of disturbance for the project. No alterations, including vegetative clearing or surface disturbance, will occur beyond this line. The limits of clearing, grading, and disturbance will be kept to a minimum within the proposed area of construction. All areas outside of these limits, as depicted on the project site plans, will be totally undisturbed, to remain in a completely natural condition. After any significant rainstorm (i.e. greater than 1"), all sedimentation control measures will be inspected and replaced if failed.

# **6.0 CONFORMANCE WITH REGULATIONS**

The project will occur within portions of various buffer zones associated with various isolated wetlands located adjacent to the project area. Any impacts to the buffer zones or resource area will be minimized to the maximum extent practicable while achieving the project purpose.

# **6.1 Natural Heritage and Endangered Species Program (NHESP)**

After conducting a GIS investigation of the site, it has been concluded that the project area is not located within any Estimated and/or Priority Habitats as described by the NHESP.

# 7.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

The project has been designed to meet the Stormwater Management Standards outlined in 310 CMR 10.05(6)(k). The project's conformance with these standards is described below.

# Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges – Met

There will be no new untreated discharges to any adjacent wetlands as part of this project.



# Standard 2: Peak Rate Control & Flood Prevention – Met

With the installation of the infiltration basins, the post-development peak discharge rates will be reduced or increased slightly compared to the pre-development discharge rates for the 2, 10, 25, and 100-year storms.

# Standard 3: Recharge to Groundwater – Met

This standard has been met, the BMPs installed will cumulatively provide much greater groundwater recharge volume than required.

# Standard 4: 80% TSS Removal – Met

With the implementation of deep-sump, hooded catch basins, Stormceptor pretreatment units and sediment forebays this standard has been met.

Another requirement for this standard is the preparation of a Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan. Please refer to Appendix D.

# Standard 5: LUHPPLs

The development will generate more than 1,000 trips per day and therefore is considered a high-intensity-use parking lot. The treatment train has been designed to provide at least 44% TSS removal prior to discharge to the infiltration basins and 80% TSS removal prior to overall discharge.

# Standard 6: Critical Areas – Not applicable

# Standard 7: Redevelopment Projects – Not Applicable

# Standard 8: Erosion and Sediment Control – Met

Soil and erosion control shall be provided during construction by means of compost filter sock and catch basin inlet devices as described earlier in the report. The Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan has been included in Appendix D. The Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion & Sediment Control Plan is attached to the Notice of Intent.

# Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan – Met

The Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for the post-construction BMP's constructed under this project can be found in Appendix A. Implementation of the O&M plan for this project shall be the responsibility of the RI Seekonk Holdings LLC.

# Standard 10: Illicit Discharges – Met

There are no known or suspected illicit discharges to the proposed stormwater conveyance system.

In summary, the project does not qualify as a limited and a redevelopment project, so the project must meet all of applicable the Stormwater Management Standards. This project meets Standards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, and 10; standards 6 and 7 are not applicable to the project.



# 8.0 DRAINAGE ANALYSIS

# **8.1 Overall Watersheds**

The project includes installing new catchment and conveyance structures located and sized to capture and convey storms up to and including the 25-year storm event. It will also incorporate stormwater pretreatment measures and BMPs to provide water quality treatment of stormwater runoff. BMP selection was based on a variety of factors, including available land area, topography, underlying soil conditions, groundwater proximity, and vicinity of wetlands.

As the majority of the project area is currently undeveloped, BMPs were sized to prevent the increase of stormwater flows due to the large expansion of impervious area throughout the site. A large portion of stormwater flow that previously entered the existing drainage system at the 800 Fall River Avenue parking lot will be captured and routed to the proposed BMPs. Refer to Appendix C for existing and proposed Watershed Plans.

# **8.2 Proposed Conditions Watershed Analysis**

The proposed conditions hydrologic analysis was performed using the Soil Conservation Service Technical Release 55 (SCS TR-55) methodology, using HydroCAD Version 10.0. The 2, 10, 25, and 100-year storm events were modeled for a 24-hour, Type III storm.

The stormwater management system for the project has been designed so that the post-development conditions result in no increase or a negligible increase to peak runoff rates to the adjacent wetlands or parcels. There is a slight increase in flow during the 2, 10 and 25 year storm events. These increases are considered negligible and will not result in any negative impacts to the wetland. The 100 year storm results in a slight increase in flow and volume. The increased volume was compared with the area of the receiving wetland to approximate the increase in depth due to this volume. It was determined that the increase in volume will result in a negligible increase in depth. Therefore the impacts of the 100 year storm will not result in any negative impacts to the wetlands or cause any downstream flooding.

Storm Event	2 Y	ear	10 Y	7ear	25 Y	<b>Tear</b>	100	Year
Development Condition	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post
Wetland 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.13	0.23
Wetland C	0.00	0.41	0.00	1.06	0.01	1.64	0.10	2.92
Wetland D	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.66	0.07	1.61
Wetland N	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.21	0.34	0.90
Wetland M	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.16	2.23
Showcase	20.66	9.72	35.39	18.78	46.97	26.17	70.39	41.67



# **8.3 Groundwater Recharge**

The Required Recharge Volume equals a depth of runoff corresponding to the soil type times the net impervious areas covering that soil type at the post-development site.

Rv = F x impervious area

Rv = Required Recharge Volume, expressed in Ft3, cubic yards, or acre-feet F = Target Depth Factor associated with each Hydrologic Soil Group Impervious Area = net pavement and rooftop area on site

The groundwater recharge was calculated using a Target Depth Factor of 0.6 for Hydrologic Group A soils.

	Groundwater Recharge Required & Provided				
BMP NAME	Ex. Imp. Area to Remain (s.f.)	New Imp. Area (s.f.)	Recharge Required (c.f.)	Recharge Provided (c.f.)	Recharge Deficit (c.f.)
Overall Site	0	334,630	16,732	30,307	-13,575
Project	0	334,630	16,732	30,307	-13,575

Please note that in the Recharge Deficit/Surplus Column, positive values represent deficit recharge volumes, while negative values represent surplus.

All BMPs were sized using the "Static" method. The "Static" method assumes that there is no exfiltration until the entire recharge device is filled to the elevation associated with the Required Recharge Volume.

Recharge Calculations are included in Appendix B.

# **8.4 Water Quality Volume**

The required water quality volume can be calculated using the following formula:  $V_{WO} = (D_{WO}/12 \text{ inches/foot}) * (A_{IMP} * 43,560 \text{ square feet/acre})$  **Equation (1)** 

 $V_{WO}$  = Required Water Quality Volume (in cubic feet)

 $D_{WQ}$  = Water Quality Depth: one-inch for discharges within a Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area, to or near another critical area, runoff from a LUHPPL, or exfiltration to soils with infiltration rate greater than 2.4 inches/hour or greater; ½-inch for discharges near or to other areas.



Impervious Area and Required Water  Quality Volume			WQV Provided	
	Imp. Area (sf)	WQV (cf)	WQV (cf)	WQV Deficit (cf)
Watershed A (Captured & Treated)	327,594	27,300	30,307	-3,007
Watershed B (Not Captured)	7,950	586	0	586
Totals	334,630	27,886	27,145	-2,421

Water Quality Volume Calculations are included in Appendix B.

# 8.5 Drawdown

The same infiltration rate that is used for sizing the infiltration BMP was used to confirm that the BMP will drain completely within 72 hours. The following formula was used:

$$Time_{drawdown} = \frac{Rv}{(K)(Bottom\ Area)}$$

Where:

 $Rv = Storage\ Volume$ 

K = Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity For "Static" and "Simple Dynamic" Methods, use Rawls Rate (see Table 2.3.3).

Bottom Area = Bottom Area of Recharge Structure

Provided BMP Drawdown				
BMP Name	K (in/hr) Drawdown (Table 2.3.3) (Hours)			
Infiltration Basin 1	2.41	17.4		
Infiltration Basin 2	2.41	16.1		
Infiltration Basin 3	2.41	8.9		

Drawdown Calculations are included in Appendix B.



# **8.6 Groundwater Mounding Analysis**

A mounding analysis was performed, as the estimated seasonal high groundwater elevations are within four feet of the bottom of both infiltration basins. The analysis can be found in Appendix B. The results of the mounding analysis indicate that the mound does not reach the infiltration basin bottom and therefore the credit for stormwater recharge is valid.

# 9.0 CONCLUSION

Phase II of the Greenbrier Residential Condominium and Apartment Community will develop two parcels to provide a significant amount of Chapter 40 B affordable housing in the town of Seekonk. It will also provide significant aesthetic benefits both for the tenants themselves, as well as the broader community, as the project area encompasses a former gravel-removal operation that had been previously abandoned.

As part of the project, the proposed stormwater management system has been designed in compliance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The site design proposes the use of a number of effective and context-appropriate stormwater best management practices (BMPs) that will provide in excess of the groundwater recharge and prescribed water quality volume requirements for the site.



**Figure 2** Soils Map

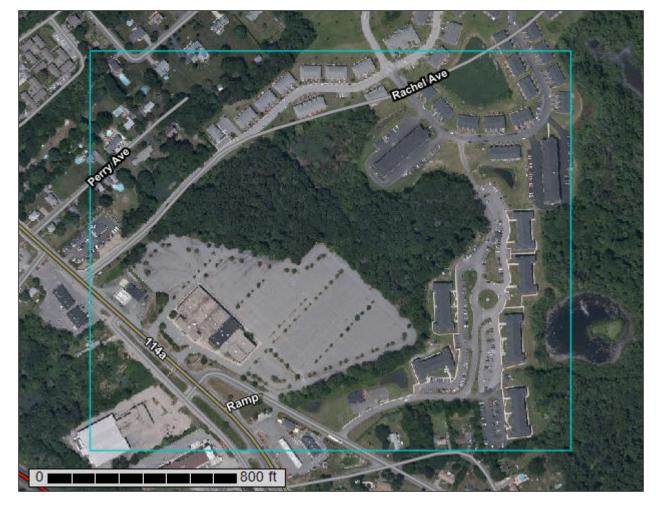


Natural Resources Conservation

Service

A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

# Custom Soil Resource Report for Bristol County, Massachusetts, Northern Part



# **Preface**

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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# **How Soil Surveys Are Made**

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

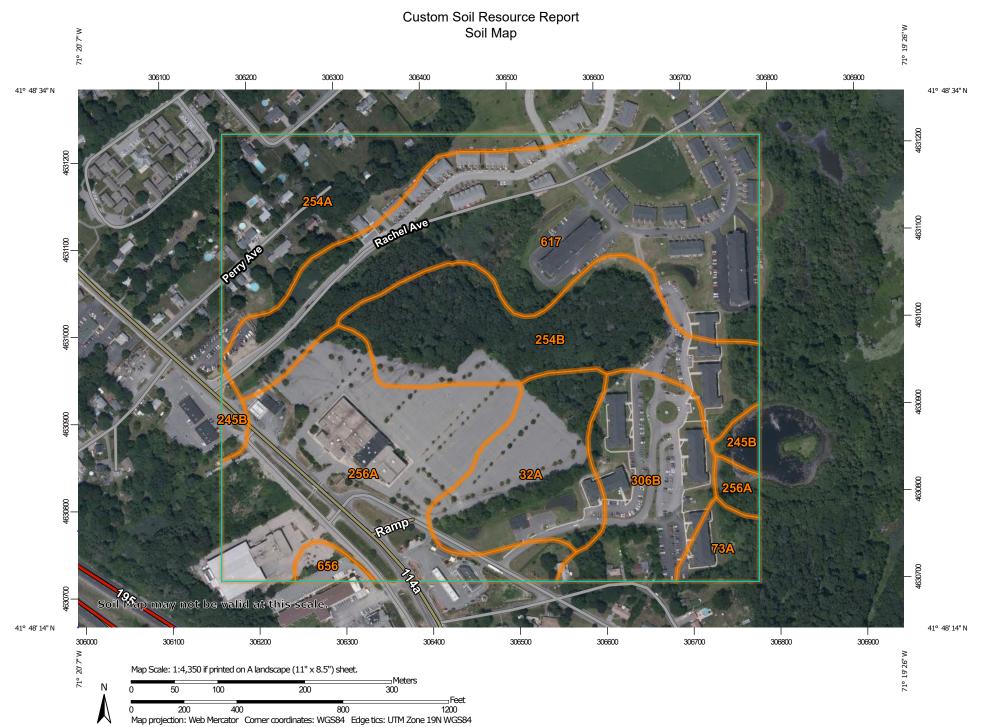
Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

# Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



#### MAP LEGEND

#### Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

#### Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

#### **Special Point Features**

(o)

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

**Closed Depression** 

Gravel Pit **Gravelly Spot** 

Landfill Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Sodic Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Spoil Area

å

Stony Spot Very Stony Spot

Ŷ

Wet Spot Other

Δ

Special Line Features

#### **Water Features**

Streams and Canals

#### Transportation

---

Rails

Interstate Highways

**US Routes** 

Major Roads

00

Local Roads

#### Background

Aerial Photography

#### MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Bristol County, Massachusetts, Northern Part Survey Area Data: Version 13, Jun 9, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 3, 2019—Aug 2, 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

# Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
32A	Wareham loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	7.0	8.9%
73A	Whitman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, extremely stony	1.6	2.1%
245B	Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1.2	1.5%
254A	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	9.3	11.8%
254B	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	12.1	15.3%
256A	Deerfield loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	17.7	22.5%
306B	Paxton fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	7.3	9.3%
617	Pits - Udorthents complex, gravelly	21.9	27.8%
656	Udorthents - Urban land complex	0.7	0.9%
Totals for Area of Interest		78.9	100.0%

# **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different

management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

# **Bristol County, Massachusetts, Northern Part**

# 32A—Wareham loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 999d Elevation: 100 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 45 to 54 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Wareham and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

# **Description of Wareham**

# Setting

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Loose sandy glaciofluvial deposits

#### Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 4 inches: loamy sand

H2 - 4 to 36 inches: loamy coarse sand H3 - 36 to 60 inches: coarse sand

# Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (6.00

to 20.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Low (about 4.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4w

Hydrologic Soil Group: A/D

Ecological site: F144AY028MA - Wet Outwash

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### **Minor Components**

#### Scarboro

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Terraces
Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### **Pipestone**

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces
Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Walpole

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces
Hydric soil rating: Yes

# 73A—Whitman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2w695

Elevation: 0 to 1,580 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Whitman, extremely stony, and similar soils: 81 percent

Minor components: 19 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

# **Description of Whitman, Extremely Stony**

#### Setting

Landform: Drumlins, depressions, drainageways, hills, ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or

schist

#### Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: peat

A - 1 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam

Bg - 10 to 17 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Cdg - 17 to 61 inches: fine sandy loam

# Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 38 inches to densic material

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) Available water capacity: Low (about 3.0 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F144AY041MA - Very Wet Till Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

# **Minor Components**

## Ridgebury, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Hills, ground moraines, depressions, drumlins, drainageways

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, head slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Scarboro

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Outwash deltas, outwash terraces, depressions, drainageways

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Swansea

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Swamps, bogs, marshes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

# Woodbridge, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Ground moraines, drumlins, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, backslope, footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

# 245B—Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes

# **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2svm8

Elevation: 0 to 1,430 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 53 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

### Map Unit Composition

Hinckley and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Hinckley**

#### Setting

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, outwash deltas, outwash plains, eskers, moraines, kame terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, backslope, footslope, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, base slope, crest, riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex, concave Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Parent material: Sandy and gravelly glaciofluvial deposits derived from gneiss and/or granite and/or schist

# **Typical profile**

Oe - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 8 inches: loamy sand

Bw1 - 8 to 11 inches: gravelly loamy sand Bw2 - 11 to 16 inches: gravelly loamy sand BC - 16 to 19 inches: very gravelly loamy sand

C - 19 to 65 inches: very gravelly sand

# **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) Available water capacity: Very low (about 3.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY022MA - Dry Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

# **Minor Components**

#### Windsor

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Eskers, moraines, outwash terraces, outwash deltas, kame terraces, outwash plains, kames

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, base slope, crest, riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex, concave Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Sudbury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Outwash deltas, kame terraces, outwash plains, moraines, outwash terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, base slope, head slope, tread

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Linear, concave

Hydric soil rating: No

# **Agawam**

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

*Landform:* Outwash terraces, outwash deltas, kame terraces, outwash plains, kames, eskers, moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, base slope, crest, riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex, concave Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Hydric soil rating: No

# 254A—Merrimac fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2tyqr

Elevation: 0 to 1,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Merrimac and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Merrimac**

#### Setting

Landform: Kames, eskers, moraines, outwash terraces, outwash plains
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy glaciofluvial deposits derived from granite, schist, and gneiss over sandy and gravelly glaciofluvial deposits derived from granite, schist, and gneiss

# **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam Bw1 - 10 to 22 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 22 to 26 inches: stratified gravel to gravelly loamy sand 2C - 26 to 65 inches: stratified gravel to very gravelly sand

### Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 2 percent Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.4 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0

Available water capacity: Low (about 4.6 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F145XY008MA - Dry Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

# **Minor Components**

# Sudbury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces, deltas, outwash plains
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### Hinckley

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Outwash plains, eskers, kames, deltas

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, crest, head slope,

rise

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

### **Agawam**

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Eskers, moraines, outwash plains, outwash terraces, stream terraces,

kames

Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

#### Windsor

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Outwash plains, outwash terraces, deltas, dunes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, riser

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Linear, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

# 254B—Merrimac fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2tyqs

Elevation: 0 to 1,290 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

# **Map Unit Composition**

Merrimac and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Merrimac**

#### Setting

Landform: Outwash terraces, outwash plains, kames, eskers, moraines Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy glaciofluvial deposits derived from granite, schist, and gneiss over sandy and gravelly glaciofluvial deposits derived from granite, schist, and gneiss

# **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam Bw1 - 10 to 22 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 22 to 26 inches: stratified gravel to gravelly loamy sand 2C - 26 to 65 inches: stratified gravel to very gravelly sand

### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 2 percent Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.4 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0

Available water capacity: Low (about 4.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F145XY008MA - Dry Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Sudbury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Outwash plains, terraces, deltas
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### Hinckley

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Eskers, kames, deltas, outwash plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, crest, head slope,

rise

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex, linear

Hydric soil rating: No

# Windsor

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Deltas, dunes, outwash terraces, outwash plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Linear, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

# **Agawam**

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Eskers, stream terraces, moraines, outwash terraces, outwash plains,

kames

Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

# 256A—Deerfield loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes

# **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2xfg8

Elevation: 0 to 1,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Deerfield and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

# **Description of Deerfield**

# Setting

Landform: Kame terraces, outwash plains, outwash deltas, outwash terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave Across-slope shape: Concave, linear, convex

Parent material: Sandy outwash derived from granite, gneiss, and/or quartzite

# **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: loamy fine sand Bw - 9 to 25 inches: loamy fine sand BC - 25 to 33 inches: fine sand Cg - 33 to 60 inches: sand

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Negligible

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 15 to 37 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 11.0

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY027MA - Moist Sandy Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

### **Minor Components**

#### Windsor

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Outwash deltas, kame terraces, outwash terraces, outwash plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Linear, concave, convex Across-slope shape: Concave, linear, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Wareham

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drainageways, depressions

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Sudbury

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Kame terraces, outwash plains, outwash terraces, outwash deltas

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave Across-slope shape: Concave, linear, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Ninigret**

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Outwash terraces, outwash plains, kame terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Concave, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

### 306B—Paxton fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony

### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2w673

Elevation: 0 to 1,340 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

### Map Unit Composition

Paxton, very stony, and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

### **Description of Paxton, Very Stony**

### Setting

Landform: Drumlins, hills, ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex, linear

Parent material: Coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or

schist

### Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 2 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 2 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw1 - 10 to 17 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw2 - 17 to 28 inches: fine sandy loam
Cd - 28 to 67 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 43 inches to densic material

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 37 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) Available water capacity: Low (about 4.7 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F144AY007CT - Well Drained Dense Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

### **Minor Components**

### Woodbridge, very stony

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Drumlins, hills, ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

### Ridgebury, very stony

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Ground moraines, hills, depressions, drainageways, drumlins

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Head slope, base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

### Charlton, very stony

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, summit, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

### 617—Pits - Udorthents complex, gravelly

#### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: tghf Elevation: 0 to 3,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 45 to 54 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

### **Map Unit Composition**

Pits, gravelly: 60 percent

Udorthents, gravelly, and similar soils: 40 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

### **Description of Pits, Gravelly**

### Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: extremely gravelly sand H2 - 6 to 60 inches: very gravelly coarse sand

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8s

Hydric soil rating: Unranked

### **Description of Udorthents, Gravelly**

### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: variable H2 - 6 to 60 inches: variable

### Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to very

high (0.06 to 20.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A Hydric soil rating: Unranked

### 656—Udorthents - Urban land complex

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: tghg

Elevation: 0 to 250 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 45 to 54 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

### **Map Unit Composition**

Udorthents and similar soils: 55 percent

Urban land: 45 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

### **Description of Udorthents**

### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

### Custom Soil Resource Report

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None

### Soil Information for All Uses

### **Soil Properties and Qualities**

The Soil Properties and Qualities section includes various soil properties and qualities displayed as thematic maps with a summary table for the soil map units in the selected area of interest. A single value or rating for each map unit is generated by aggregating the interpretive ratings of individual map unit components. This aggregation process is defined for each property or quality.

### Soil Qualities and Features

Soil qualities are behavior and performance attributes that are not directly measured, but are inferred from observations of dynamic conditions and from soil properties. Example soil qualities include natural drainage, and frost action. Soil features are attributes that are not directly part of the soil. Example soil features include slope and depth to restrictive layer. These features can greatly impact the use and management of the soil.

### **Hydrologic Soil Group**

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

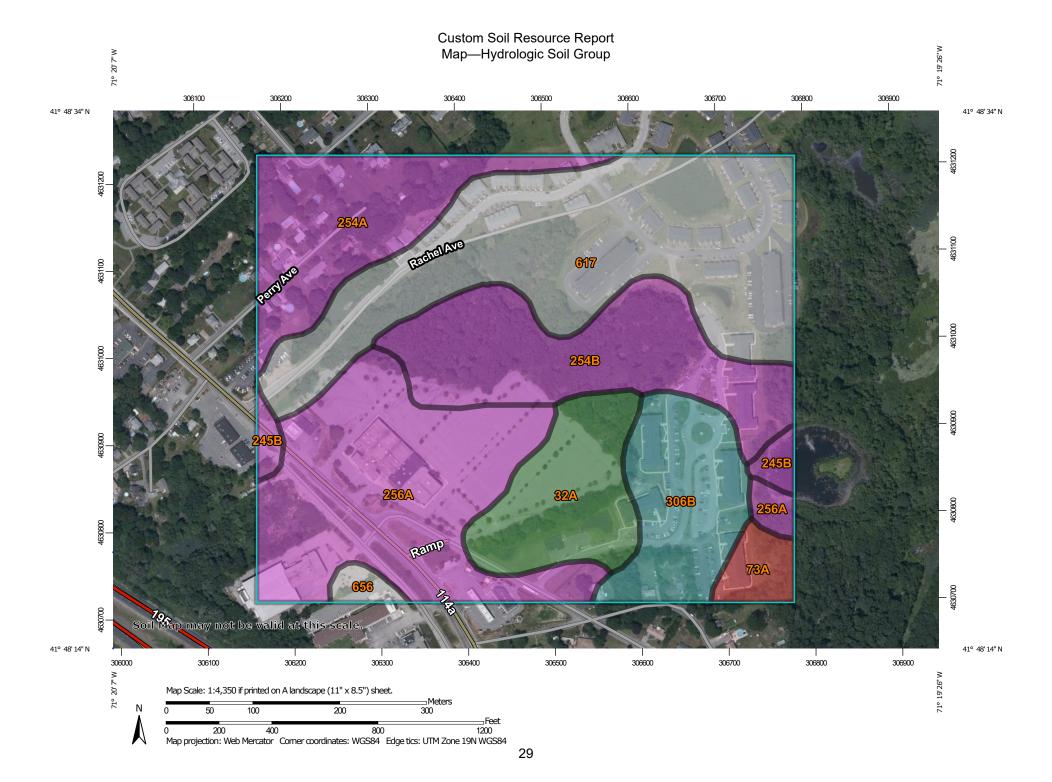
Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.



#### MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION Area of Interest (AOI) The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at С 1:20.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Soils D Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Α Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause **Water Features** A/D misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Streams and Canals line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of В contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Transportation scale. B/D Rails ---Interstate Highways Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map C/D **US Routes** measurements. Major Roads Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Not rated or not available Local Roads Web Soil Survey URL: -Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Soil Rating Lines Background Aerial Photography Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Bristol County, Massachusetts, Northern Part Not rated or not available Survey Area Data: Version 13, Jun 9, 2020 **Soil Rating Points** Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales Α 1:50.000 or larger. A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 3, 2019—Aug 2, 2019 B/D The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

### Table—Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
32A	Wareham loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A/D	7.0	8.9%
73A	Whitman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, extremely stony	D	1.6	2.1%
245B	Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	А	1.2	1.5%
254A	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	9.3	11.8%
254B	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	A	12.1	15.3%
256A	Deerfield loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	17.7	22.5%
306B	Paxton fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony		7.3	9.3%
617	Pits - Udorthents complex, gravelly		21.9	27.8%
656	Udorthents - Urban land complex		0.7	0.9%
Totals for Area of Inter-	est	1	78.9	100.0%

### Rating Options—Hydrologic Soil Group

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

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United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National soil survey handbook, title 430-VI. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/scientists/?cid=nrcs142p2\_054242

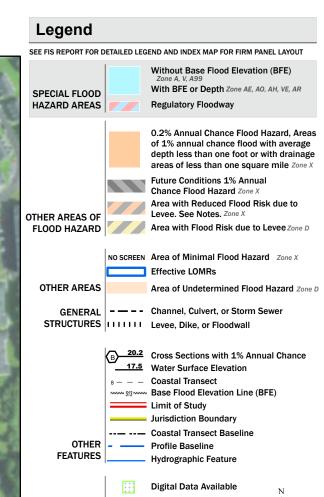
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Figure 3 FEMA Flood Zones

### National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





MAP PANELS

No Digital Data Available

Unmapped

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent

an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 1/20/2021 at 4:46 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



Appendix A
Operation & Maintenance Plan

Seekonk, MA

## Greenbrier Residential Condominium and Apartment Community – Phase II

November, 2021

# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND OPERATION & MAINTENANCE PLAN



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### **APPENDICES:**

A. INSPECTION LOGS

### **INTRODUCTION**

On behalf of RI Seekonk Holdings LLC, BETA Group, Inc., (BETA) has prepared the following Stormwater Management System Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for the proposed Stormwater Management System associated with the Greenbrier Residential Condominium and Apartment Community. This plan has been prepared in accordance with the guidance provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

### I – GENERAL INFORMATION

### I-A - Applicant

RI Seekonk Holdings LLC 44 Davis Street Seekonk, MA 02771 Project Contact: H. Charles Tapalian (401) 447-0847 Phone

### I-B - Site Plan / Stormwater Management Designer

BETA Group, Inc.
701 George Washington Highway
Lincoln, RI 02865
Project Manager: Todd Undzis, P.E.
(401) 333-2382 Phone
(401) 333-9225 Fax

### I-C - Address of Site

800 Fall River Avenue, Seekonk, MA

### I-D - Locus Map

Please refer to Figure I-1 – Locus Map.

### II – STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY

The Stormwater Management System developed for the Greenbrier Residential Condominium and Apartment Project consists of the following components that require routine inspection and periodic maintenance:

Stormwater Collection & Conveyance Stormwater Mitigation and Treatment

Deep-Sump Catch Basins Stormceptor Pretreatment Unit

Drain Manholes Sediment Forebay
Infiltration Basin

The overall system has been designed to conform (to the maximum extent practicable) to the applicable requirements of the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) for environmental and stormwater quality elements. The implementation of this O&M plan will have significant bearing on the proper function and overall life cycle of the stormwater management system, and must be adhered to in its entirety to insure that the system will operate as intended.

### **III - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN**

All components of the stormwater management system within the project area, whether new, rehabilitated, or existing to remain, shall be owned by RI Seekonk Holdings LLC, and shall be the responsibility of the RI Seekonk Holdings LLC, its heirs, assigns or duly authorized agents to operate and

maintain. The following summarizes the actions specific to this project that will be part of operation and maintenance plan of the Greenbrier Community Drainage System.

### **III-A GENERAL:**

### **III-A.1** Inspections

Inspections shall assess the following for all components of the stormwater management system:

<u>Structural Elements</u> – The condition of all elements of the particular component being inspected shall be assessed, and if deemed to be deficient or compromised by routine wear and deterioration, shall be scheduled for repair or replacement as soon as possible.

<u>Accumulated Materials</u> – The volume and nature of accumulated materials shall be noted during all inspections. The accumulation of excessive levels of materials (sediments, trash and other debris) and/or the presence of atypical materials or contaminants within the structure shall be cause for further inspection of the stormwater system and/or the land area tributary thereto, to locate and identify the source of the excessive or atypical material and to correct the cause of same.

### III-A.2 Cleaning

Cleaning shall include completely removing all accumulated material (e.g. sediments, trash, debris, and organic material) by means appropriate to the particular component of the stormwater system and legally disposing of the material at an off-site location.

In the case of atypical materials or contaminants in the stormwater system, said materials may require additional sampling, testing and analysis to determine the nature of the contamination and the appropriate methods of handling and disposal for same.

#### III-A.3 Access & Safety

Access to the stormwater management system for inspections and cleaning shall be made at the designated locations for same, and shall be made in a manner that avoids or minimizes interference with the operation of the roadway and the stormwater management system.

Inspections and cleaning of all elements of the stormwater management system shall be performed by properly-trained personnel using appropriate tools and equipment, and shall at all times be performed in a manner which prioritizes safety for both the personnel performing the inspections and/or cleaning, as well as the travelling public.

In instances where impacts to roadway or the stormwater management system cannot be avoided during inspections and/or cleaning, all reasonable measures and precautions shall be taken to protect the personnel performing the inspections and/or cleaning as well as the travelling public using the roadway. Such measures may include, but not be limited to:

### Roadway Impacts:

- Warning signage;
- Attenuator boards:
- Barriers:

### **Stormwater Management System Impacts:**

- Temporary stormwater flow diversion;
- Bypass pumping

### III-B EASEMENTS:

For the purposes of this project, the stormwater management system associated with Greenbrier Residential Condominium and Apartment Community is located on and within RI Seekonk Holdings LLC property. Therefore, there will be no easements or land acquisition by the owner

### **III-C SPECIFIC COMPONENTS:**

### **III-C.1 – Stormceptor Pretreatment Unit**

<u>Inspections:</u> For the first year of operation, the Pretreatment Units shall be inspected quarterly, then two (2) times per year in the following years.

### Scheduled Maintenance:

• Pretreatment Units shall be cleaned a minimum of one (1) time per year; any accumulated material shall be removed completely to ensure that the filtration capacity of the unit is maintained or restored in all locations. The accumulated material shall be legally disposed of at an off-site location.

### Corrective Maintenance:

• Refer to Manufacturer's Specifications for all corrective maintenance.

### III-C.2 – Infiltration Basins/Swales

<u>Inspections:</u> Infiltration basins and swales shall be inspected a minimum of two (2) times per year, preferably once in the spring and once in the fall. In addition, the infiltration swales shall be inspected after any storm greater than or equal to the 1-year storm event.

### Scheduled Maintenance:

- Infiltration basin/swale grass shall be moved two (2) to four (4) times per year (as needed) to maintain the height of the grass between four (4) inches and ten (10) inches.
- Work within infiltration basins/swales shall be performed manually or by motorized equipment with sufficient reach to operate from outside of the basins/swales. Under no circumstances should heavy equipment (motorized or otherwise) or materials be driven or placed within infiltration BMP's, as the weight of same shall over-compact the infiltration media within the basin and reduce the stormwater uptake capacity of the basin/swale.

#### Corrective Maintenance:

- If concentrated stormwater flows result in erosion along any portion of the infiltration basin/swale, the impacted areas shall be immediately loamed, reseeded and/or replanted with appropriate wetland vegetation and stabilized (straw mulch, bio-degradable erosion control blanket, etc.) until such time as the new vegetation has sufficiently established itself.
- If standing water remains on the surface for 48 hours after a storm event, the top six (6) inches of soils on bottom of the infiltration basin shall be removed, and the material beneath roto-tilled to a depth of twelve (12) inches. The material removed shall be legally disposed of at an off-site location, and the affected area re-loamed, reseeded and stabilized until such time as an acceptable level of growth has been established.

#### III-C.3 – Deep-Sump Catch Basins

<u>Inspections:</u> Catch basins shall be inspected a minimum of two (2) times per year preferably once in the spring and once in the fall.

<u>Corrective Maintenance:</u> If sediment depth within the catch basin is greater than or equal to two (2) feet, the sediments and any accumulated material (e.g. trash, debris, and organic material) shall be removed and legally disposed of at an off-site location.

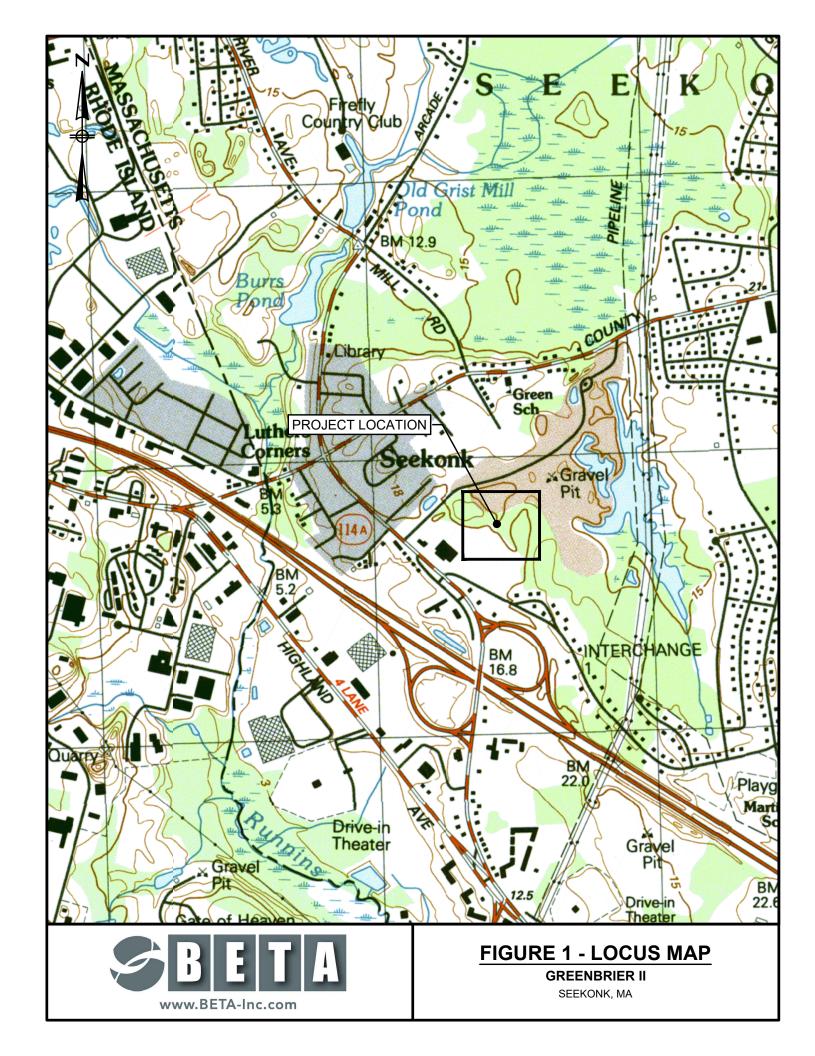
<u>Scheduled Maintenance:</u> Catch basins shall be cleaned a minimum of one (1) time per year. Cleaning shall include removing any accumulated material (e.g. sediments, trash, debris, and organic material) and legally disposing the material at an off-site location.

### III-C.4 – Drain Manholes

<u>Inspections:</u> Drain manholes shall be inspected a minimum of two (2) times per year, typically simultaneously with the inspection of catch basins.

<u>Scheduled Maintenance:</u> Drain manholes do not typically require routine cleaning when used in conjunction with off-line deep-sump catch basins with hoods, assuming that the catch basins are functioning properly.

<u>Corrective Maintenance:</u> Any sediments or accumulated material (e.g. trash, debris, and organic material) discovered in drain manholes shall be immediately removed and legally disposed of at an off-site location. In addition, the source of the sediments or materials shall be located and repaired or otherwise corrected.



**O&M Appendix A**Inspection Logs

Best Management Practice (BMP)		Оре	eration & Maintenance Inspection Sheet Catch Basins
LOCATION (STREET ADDRESS / POLE #):			
MUNICIPALITY:			
DATE & TIME:			
INSPECTOR/AGENCY:			
MAINTENANCE ITEM	SATIS- FACTORY	UNSATIS- FACTORY	COMMENTS
1. Structural Condition			
Frame & Grate			
Brick & Mortar Leveling			
Steps			
Walls & Section Joints			
Pipes & Outlet Hood			
2. Sediment Cleaning	1	1	
Accumulated Sediment in Sump			
Greater than 50% of storage volume remaining			
No evidence of contaminated material/stormwater			
Comments:			

Actions to be Taken:

Stormwater Management Sy	/stem	
Best Management Practice (	(BMP)	)

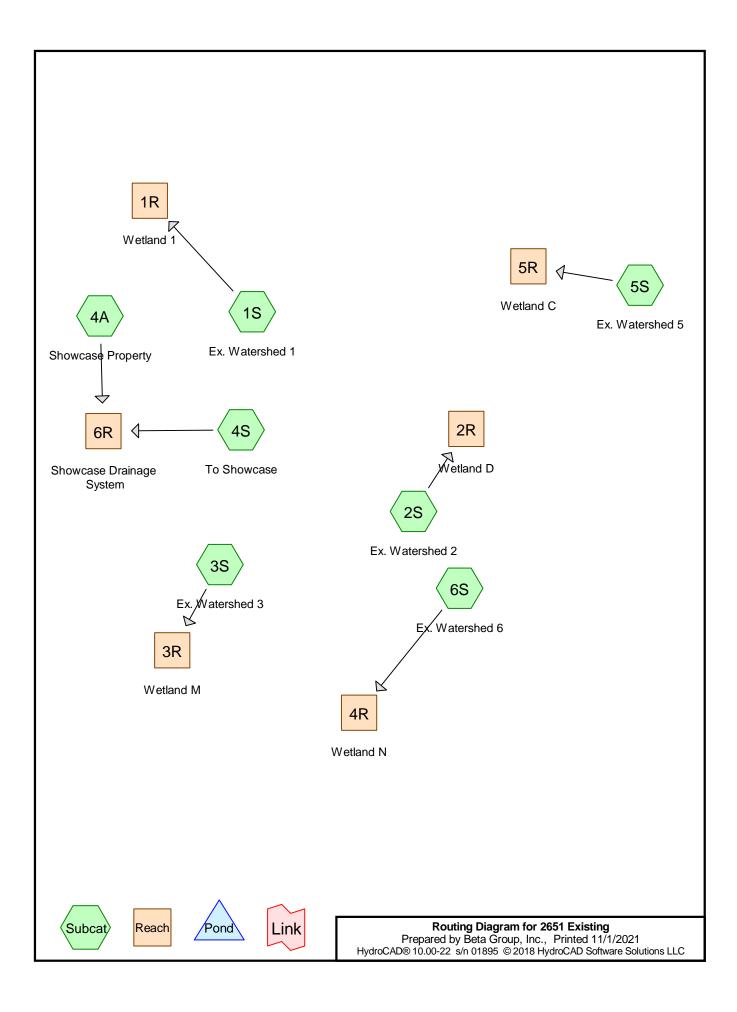
Operation & Maintenance Inspection Sheet Infiltration System

Best Management Practice (BMP)			Infiltration System
LOCATION (STREET ADDRESS / POLE #):			
MUNICIPALITY:			
DATE & TIME:			
INSPECTOR/AGENCY:	21772		
MAINTENANCE ITEM	SATIS- FACTORY	UNSATIS- FACTORY	COMMENTS
1. Debris Cleanout			
Trench/chamber or basin surface clear of debris			
Inflow pipes clear of debris			
Overflow spillway clear of debris			
Inlet area clear of debris			
2. Sediment Traps or Forebays			
Obviously trapping sediment			
Greater than 50% of storage volume remaining			
3. Dewatering			
Trench/chamber or basin dewaters between storms			
4. Sediment Cleanout of Trench/Chamber or	Basin		
No evidence of sedimentation in trench/chamber or basin			
Sediment accumulation doesn't yet require cleanout			
5. Inlets			
Good condition			
No evidence of erosion			
6. Outlet/Overflow Spillway		ı	
Good condition, no need for repair			
No evidence of erosion			
Surface of aggregate clean			
Top layer of stone does not need replacement			
Trench/Chamber or basin does not need rehabilitation			
Comments:			
Actions to be Taken:			

Best Management Practice (BMP)			Bioretention Basins/Swales
LOCATION (STREET ADDRESS / POLE #): MUNICIPALITY: DATE & TIME: INSPECTOR/AGENCY:			
MAINTENANCE ITEM	SATIS- FACTORY	UNSATIS- FACTORY	COMMENTS
1. Debris Cleanout			
Bioretention and contributing areas clean of debris			
No dumping of yard wastes into practice			
Litter (branches, etc.) have been removed			
2. Vegetation	T		
Plant height not less than design water depth			
Fertilized per specifications			
Plant composition according to approved plans			
No placement of inappropriate plants			
Grass height not greater than 10 inches			
No evidence of erosion			
3. Check Dams/Energy Dissipaters/Sumps	T	1	
No evidence of sediment buildup			
Sumps < 50% full of sediment  No evidence of erosion at downstream toe of drop structure			
4. Dewatering			
Dewaters between storms			
No evidence of standing water			
5. Sediment Deposition			
Swale clean of sediments			
Sediments < 20% of swale design depth			
6. Outflow/Overflow Spillway			
Good condition, no need for repair			
No evidence of erosion			
No evidence of any blockages			
7. Integrity of Filter Bed Filter bed has not been blocked or filled	T		
inappropriately			
Comments:			
Actions to be Taken:			

**Appendix B** Stormwater Analysis

**Section B-1** HydroCAD Printouts – Existing Conditions



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Page 2

Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Ex. Watershed 1	Runoff Area=44,735 sf	0.00% Impervious	Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=220' Tc=18.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Subcatchment 2S: Ex. Watershed 2 Runoff Area=21,360 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=183' Tc=11.2 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Subcatchment 3S: Ex. Watershed 3 Runoff Area=4,860 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 1 cf

Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Property Runoff Area=231,789 sf 88.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.26"

Tc=5.0 min CN=90 Runoff=15.47 cfs 43,680 cf

Subcatchment 4S: To Showcase Runoff Area=341,348 sf 73.22% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.48"

Flow Length=737' Tc=19.5 min CN=80 Runoff=9.31 cfs 42,078 cf

Subcatchment 5S: Ex. Watershed 5 Runoff Area=34,445 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=199' Tc=23.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Subcatchment 6S: Ex. Watershed 6 Runoff Area=117,367 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=309' Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=19.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Reach 1R: Wetland 1 Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Reach 2R: Wetland D Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Reach 3R: Wetland M Inflow=0.00 cfs 1 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 1 cf

Reach 4R: Wetland N Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Reach 5R: Wetland C Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Reach 6R: Showcase Drainage System Inflow=20.66 cfs 85,759 cf

Outflow=20.66 cfs 85,759 cf

Total Runoff Area = 795,904 sf Runoff Volume = 85,759 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.29" 42.91% Pervious = 341,512 sf 57.09% Impervious = 454,392 sf

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### Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Ex. Watershed 1

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Α	rea (sf)	CN D	<b>Description</b>					
44,735 30 Woods, Good, HSG A								
	44,735	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Area	a			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
16.5	50	0.0250	0.05		Sheet Flow,			
1.2	120	0.1200	1.73		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
0.3	50	0.0400	3.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
18.0	220	Total						

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### Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Ex. Watershed 2

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	N Description						
		21,360 30 Woods, Good, HSG A								
_		21,360	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a				
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
-	9.5	50	0.1000	0.09	, ,	Sheet Flow,				
_	1.7	133	0.0700	1.32		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	11.2	183	Total							

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### Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Ex. Watershed 3

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 1 cf, Depth= 0.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description					
	4,860	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
	4,860	1	100.00% Pervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	•			
6.0					Direct Entry,			

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### **Summary for Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Property**

Runoff = 15.47 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 43,680 cf, Depth= 2.26"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs NRCC 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

Are	ea (sf)	CN	Description						
2	27,341	32 Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG A							
20	04,448	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
231,789 90 Weighted Average									
2	27,341		11.80% Pervious Area						
204,448			88.20% Impervious Area						
_		01	\	<b>.</b>					
	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)					
FΛ					Direct Entry				

5.0

Direct Entry,

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### Summary for Subcatchment 4S: To Showcase

Runoff = 9.31 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 42,078 cf, Depth= 1.48"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
		91,404	30 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
_	2	49,944	98 F	Paved road	ls w/curbs 8	k sewers, HSG A
	3	41,348	۱ 80	Weighted A	verage	
		91,404	2	26.78% Pei	rvious Area	
	2	49,944	7	73.22% lmp	pervious Ar	ea
	_					
	Tc	Length	•		Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	15.3	50	0.0300	0.05		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"
	3.4	257	0.0640	1.26		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	8.0	430	0.0100	9.05	44.44	Pipe Channel,
						30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
_						n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
	19.5	737	Total			

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### Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Ex. Watershed 5

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	34,445		30 Woods, Good, HSG A			
-	34,445		100.00% Pervious Area			a
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
•	18.0	50	0.0200	0.05	, ,	Sheet Flow,
	5.0	149	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
•	23.0	199	Total			

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### Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Ex. Watershed 6

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		0	98 P	aved road	s w/curbs &	k sewers, HSG A
117,367 30 Woods, Good, HSG A						
	1	17,367	30 V	Veighted A	verage	
	1	17,367	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Area	a
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	14.4	50	0.0350	0.06		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"
	4.6	259	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	19.0	309	Total			

NRCC 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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### Summary for Reach 1R: Wetland 1

Inflow Area = 44,735 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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### Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland D

Inflow Area = 21,360 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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### Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland M

Inflow Area = 4,860 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 1 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 1 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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### Summary for Reach 4R: Wetland N

Inflow Area = 117,367 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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### Summary for Reach 5R: Wetland C

Inflow Area = 34,445 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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### Summary for Reach 6R: Showcase Drainage System

Inflow Area = 573,137 sf, 79.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.80" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 20.66 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 85,759 cf

Outflow = 20.66 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 85,759 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Ex. Watershed 1 Runoff A	rea=44,735 sf 0.00% Impervious	Runoff Depth=0.00"
---	--------------------------------	--------------------

Flow Length=220' Tc=18.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 7 cf

Subcatchment 2S: Ex. Watershed 2 Runoff Area=21,360 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=183' Tc=11.2 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 3 cf

Subcatchment 3S: Ex. Watershed 3 Runoff Area=4,860 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.18"

Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 71 cf

Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Property Runoff Area=231,789 sf 88.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.76"

Tc=5.0 min CN=90 Runoff=24.98 cfs 72,640 cf

Subcatchment 4S: To Showcase Runoff Area=341,348 sf 73.22% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.79"

Flow Length=737' Tc=19.5 min CN=80 Runoff=17.69 cfs 79,319 cf

Subcatchment 5S: Ex. Watershed 5 Runoff Area=34,445 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=199' Tc=23.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 6 cf

Subcatchment 6S: Ex. Watershed 6 Runoff Area=117,367 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=309' Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=19.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 19 cf

Reach 1R: Wetland 1 Inflow=0.00 cfs 7 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 7 cf

Reach 2R: Wetland D Inflow=0.00 cfs 3 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 3 cf

Reach 3R: Wetland M Inflow=0.00 cfs 71 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 71 cf

Reach 4R: Wetland N Inflow=0.00 cfs 19 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 19 cf

Reach 5R: Wetland C Inflow=0.00 cfs 6 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 6 cf

Reach 6R: Showcase Drainage System Inflow=35.39 cfs 151,959 cf

Outflow=35.39 cfs 151,959 cf

Total Runoff Area = 795,904 sf Runoff Volume = 152,065 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.29" 42.91% Pervious = 341,512 sf 57.09% Impervious = 454,392 sf

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### Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Ex. Watershed 1

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 7 cf, Depth= 0.00"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		44,735	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Area	a
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	16.5	50	0.0250	0.05		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"
	1.2	120	0.1200	1.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.3	50	0.0400	3.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	18.0	220	Total			

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# Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Ex. Watershed 2

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.03 hrs, Volume= 3 cf, Depth= 0.00"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		21,360	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
21,360 100.00% Pervious Area						a
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
-	9.5	50	0.1000	0.09	, ,	Sheet Flow,
_	1.7	133	0.0700	1.32		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
-	11.2	183	Total			

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### Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Ex. Watershed 3

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 12.95 hrs, Volume= 71 cf, Depth= 0.18"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
		4,860	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
		4,860		100.00% Pervious Area						
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	•				
	6.0					Direct Entry,				

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### **Summary for Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Property**

Runoff = 24.98 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 72,640 cf, Depth= 3.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs NRCC 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

	Are	ea (sf)	CN	CN Description							
27,341 32 Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG A											
204,448 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A											
	23	31,789	90	Weighted A	verage						
	2	27,341		11.80% Pervious Area							
	20	04,448	88.20% Impervious Area								
	_		01	\	<b>.</b>						
		Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description					
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	FΛ					Direct Entry					

5.0

Direct Entry,

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### Summary for Subcatchment 4S: To Showcase

Runoff = 17.69 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 79,319 cf, Depth= 2.79"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
249,944 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
	3	41,348	۱ 88	Weighted A	verage	
		91,404	2	26.78% Pei	rvious Area	
	2	49,944	7	73.22% lmp	pervious Are	ea
	_					
	Tc	Length	•		Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	15.3	50	0.0300	0.05		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"
	3.4	257	0.0640	1.26		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	8.0	430	0.0100	9.05	44.44	Pipe Channel,
						30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
_						n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
	19.5	737	Total			

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### Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Ex. Watershed 5

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 6 cf, Depth= 0.00"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
-		34,445	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
•	18.0	50	0.0200	0.05	, ,	Sheet Flow,
	5.0	149	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
•	23.0	199	Total			

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### Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Ex. Watershed 6

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 19 cf, Depth= 0.00"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
	0 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A							
117,367 30 Woods, Good, HSG A								
	1	17,367	30 V	Veighted A	verage			
117,367 100.00% Pervious Area						a		
	_							
		Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
	14.4	50	0.0350	0.06		Sheet Flow,		
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"		
	4.6	259	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
	19.0	309	Total					

NRCC 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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### Summary for Reach 1R: Wetland 1

Inflow Area = 44,735 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 7 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 7 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88" Printed 11/1/2021

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### Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland D

Inflow Area = 21,360 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.03 hrs, Volume= 3 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.03 hrs, Volume= 3 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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### Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland M

Inflow Area = 4,860 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.18" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 12.95 hrs, Volume= 71 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 12.95 hrs, Volume= 71 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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#### Summary for Reach 4R: Wetland N

Inflow Area = 117,367 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 19 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 19 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88" Printed 11/1/2021

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### Summary for Reach 5R: Wetland C

Inflow Area = 34,445 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 6 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 6 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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### Summary for Reach 6R: Showcase Drainage System

Inflow Area = 573,137 sf, 79.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.18" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 35.39 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 151,959 cf

Outflow = 35.39 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 151,959 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Ex. Watershed 1	Runoff Area=44,	735 sf 0.00%	Impervio	us Runoff Depth=0.08"
	Flow Length=220'	Tc=18.0 min	CN=30	Runoff=0.01 cfs 309 cf

Subcatchment 2S: Ex. Watershed 2 Runoff Area=21,360 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.08" Flow Length=183' Tc=11.2 min CN=30 Runoff=0.00 cfs 148 cf

Subcatchment 3S: Ex. Watershed 3 Runoff Area=4,860 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.47" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.02 cfs 192 cf

Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Property

Runoff Area=231,789 sf 88.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.94"

Tc=5.0 min CN=90 Runoff=32.25 cfs 95,484 cf

Subcatchment 4S: To Showcase

Runoff Area=341,348 sf 73.22% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.87"
Flow Length=737' Tc=19.5 min CN=80 Runoff=24.44 cfs 110,130 cf

Subcatchment 5S: Ex. Watershed 5

Runoff Area=34,445 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.08"
Flow Length=199' Tc=23.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.01 cfs 238 cf

Subcatchment 6S: Ex. Watershed 6 Runoff Area=117,367 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.08" Flow Length=309' Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=19.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.02 cfs 811 cf

Reach 1R: Wetland 1 Inflow=0.01 cfs 309 cf Outflow=0.01 cfs 309 cf

Reach 2R: Wetland D Inflow=0.00 cfs 148 cf

Reach 3R: Wetland M Inflow=0.02 cfs 192 cf

Reach 4R: Wetland N Inflow=0.02 cfs 811 cf

Outflow=0.02 cfs 811 cf

Reach 5R: Wetland C Inflow=0.01 cfs 238 cf Outflow=0.01 cfs 238 cf

Reach 6R: Showcase Drainage System Inflow=46.97 cfs 205,614 cf

Outflow=46.97 cfs 205,614 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 148 cf

Outflow=0.02 cfs 192 cf

Total Runoff Area = 795,904 sf Runoff Volume = 207,313 cf Average Runoff Depth = 3.13" 42.91% Pervious = 341,512 sf 57.09% Impervious = 454,392 sf

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### Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Ex. Watershed 1

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 16.94 hrs, Volume= 309 cf, Depth= 0.08"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		44,735	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Area	a
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	16.5	50	0.0250	0.05		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"
	1.2	120	0.1200	1.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.3	50	0.0400	3.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	18.0	220	Total			

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### Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Ex. Watershed 2

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 16.86 hrs, Volume= 148 cf, Depth= 0.08"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		21,360	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
21,360 100.00% Pervious Area						a
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
-	9.5	50	0.1000	0.09	, ,	Sheet Flow,
_	1.7	133	0.0700	1.32		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
-	11.2	183	Total			

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### Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Ex. Watershed 3

Runoff = 0.02 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 192 cf, Depth= 0.47"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
_		4,860	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
		4,860	100.00% Pervious Area						
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	6.0					Direct Entry,			

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### **Summary for Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Property**

Runoff = 32.25 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 95,484 cf, Depth= 4.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs NRCC 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

	Are	ea (sf)	CN	Description					
	2	27,341 32 Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG A							
	20	4,448	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
	231,789 90 Weighted Average								
27,341 11.80% Pervious Area									
	20	4,448	88.20% Impervious Area						
	<b>-</b>		01		0 ''				
		Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	FΛ					Direct Entry			

5.0

Direct Entry,

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### Summary for Subcatchment 4S: To Showcase

Runoff = 24.44 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 110,130 cf, Depth= 3.87"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
		91,404 30 Woods, Good, HSG A							
_	249,944 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A								
341,348 80 Weighted Average									
		91,404	2	26.78% Pervious Area					
	2	49,944	7	73.22% lmp	pervious Are	ea			
	_								
	Tc	Length	•		Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	15.3	50	0.0300	0.05		Sheet Flow,			
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"			
	3.4 257 0.0640 1.26			Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	8.0	430	0.0100	9.05	44.44	Pipe Channel,			
						30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'			
_						n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished			
	19.5	737	Total						

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### Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Ex. Watershed 5

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 16.99 hrs, Volume= 238 cf, Depth= 0.08"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription				
		34,445	30 V	Voods, Go				
		34,445	1	00.00% Pervious Area				
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
-	18.0	50	0.0200	0.05	, ,	Sheet Flow,		
	5.0	149	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
-	23.0	199	Total					

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### Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Ex. Watershed 6

Runoff = 0.02 cfs @ 16.95 hrs, Volume= 811 cf, Depth= 0.08"

	Δ	rea (cf)	CN E	escription						
_		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \								
	0 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A									
117,367 30 Woods, Good, HSG A										
	117,367 30 Weighted Average									
	117,367 100.00% Pervious Area									
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	14.4	50	0.0350	0.06		Sheet Flow,				
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"				
	4.6	259	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
		_00		0.0 .		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	19.0	309	Total							

NRCC 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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### Summary for Reach 1R: Wetland 1

Inflow Area = 44,735 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.08" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 0.01 cfs @ 16.94 hrs, Volume= 309 cf

Outflow = 0.01 cfs @ 16.94 hrs, Volume= 309 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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### Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland D

Inflow Area = 21,360 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.08" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 16.86 hrs, Volume= 148 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 16.86 hrs, Volume= 148 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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### Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland M

Inflow Area = 4,860 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.47" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 0.02 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 192 cf

Outflow = 0.02 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 192 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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#### Summary for Reach 4R: Wetland N

Inflow Area = 117,367 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.08" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 0.02 cfs @ 16.95 hrs, Volume= 811 cf

Outflow = 0.02 cfs @ 16.95 hrs, Volume= 811 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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### Summary for Reach 5R: Wetland C

Inflow Area = 34,445 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.08" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 0.01 cfs @ 16.99 hrs, Volume= 238 cf

Outflow = 0.01 cfs @ 16.99 hrs, Volume= 238 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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### Summary for Reach 6R: Showcase Drainage System

Inflow Area = 573,137 sf, 79.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.31" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 46.97 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 205,614 cf

Outflow = 46.97 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 205,614 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Ex. Watershed 1	Runoff Area=4	4,735 sf 0.00	% Imperv	vious Runoff Depth=0.56"
	Flow Length=220'	Tc=18.0 min	CN=30	Runoff=0.13 cfs 2,075 cf

Subcatchment 2S: Ex. Watershed 2 Runoff Area=21,360 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.56" Flow Length=183' Tc=11.2 min CN=30 Runoff=0.07 cfs 991 cf

Subcatchment 3S: Ex. Watershed 3 Runoff Area=4,860 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.40" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.16 cfs 567 cf

Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Property Runoff Area=231,789 sf 88.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.36"

Tc=5.0 min CN=90 Runoff=46.77 cfs 142,112 cf

Subcatchment 4S: To Showcase Runoff Area=341,348 sf 73.22% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.15"

Flow Length=737' Tc=19.5 min CN=80 Runoff=38.26 cfs 174,994 cf

Subcatchment 5S: Ex. Watershed 5

Runoff Area=34,445 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.56"

Flow Length=199' Tc=23.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.10 cfs 1,598 cf

Subcatchment 6S: Ex. Watershed 6 Runoff Area=117,367 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.56"

Flow Length=309' Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=19.0 min CN=30 Runoff=0.34 cfs 5,445 cf

Reach 1R: Wetland 1 Inflow=0.13 cfs 2,075 cf

Outflow=0.13 cfs 2,075 cf

Reach 2R: Wetland D Inflow=0.07 cfs 991 cf

Outflow=0.07 cfs 991 cf

Reach 3R: Wetland M Inflow=0.16 cfs 567 cf

Outflow=0.16 cfs 567 cf

Reach 4R: Wetland N Inflow=0.34 cfs 5,445 cf

Outflow=0.34 cfs 5,445 cf

Reach 5R: Wetland C Inflow=0.10 cfs 1.598 cf

Outflow=0.10 cfs 1,598 cf

Reach 6R: Showcase Drainage System Inflow=70.39 cfs 317,106 cf

Outflow=70.39 cfs 317,106 cf

Total Runoff Area = 795,904 sf Runoff Volume = 327,783 cf Average Runoff Depth = 4.94" 42.91% Pervious = 341,512 sf 57.09% Impervious = 454,392 sf

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## Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Ex. Watershed 1

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 2,075 cf, Depth= 0.56"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
		44,735	30 \			
44,735 100.00% Pervious Area						a
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	16.5	50	0.0250	0.05		Sheet Flow,
	1.2	120	0.1200	1.73		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"  Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.3	50	0.0400	3.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	18.0	220	Total			•

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## Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Ex. Watershed 2

Runoff = 0.07 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 991 cf, Depth= 0.56"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	<b>Description</b>						
		21,360	30 V	30 Woods, Good, HSG A						
	a									
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
_	9.5	50	0.1000	0.09	, ,	Sheet Flow,				
	1.7	133	0.0700	1.32		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
_	11.2	183	Total							

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## Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Ex. Watershed 3

Runoff = 0.16 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 567 cf, Depth= 1.40"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description						
	4,860	39 >	9 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	4,860	1	100.00% Pervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	•				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

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## **Summary for Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Property**

Runoff = 46.77 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 142,112 cf, Depth= 7.36"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs NRCC 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

	Are	ea (sf)	CN	CN Description						
27,341 32 Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG A						Good, HSG A				
	20	04,448	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A							
231,789 90 Weighted Average										
	2	27,341		11.80% Pervious Area						
	20	04,448	88.20% Impervious Area							
	_		01	\	<b>.</b>					
		Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description				
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	FΛ					Direct Entry				

5.0

Direct Entry,

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### Summary for Subcatchment 4S: To Showcase

Runoff = 38.26 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 174,994 cf, Depth= 6.15"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
91,404 30 Woods, Good, HSG A						
249,944 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
341,348 80 Weighted Average						
		91,404	2	26.78% Per	rvious Area	
	2	49,944	7	<mark>'</mark> 3.22% lmր	pervious Ar	ea
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	15.3	50	0.0300	0.05		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"
	3.4	257	0.0640	1.26		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.8	430	0.0100	9.05	44.44	Pipe Channel,
						30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
-						n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
	19.5	737	Total			

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## Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Ex. Watershed 5

Runoff = 0.10 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 1,598 cf, Depth= 0.56"

	Α					
		34,445				
-	a					
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
•	18.0	50	0.0200	0.05	, ,	Sheet Flow,
	5.0	149	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
•	23.0	199	Total			

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## Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Ex. Watershed 6

Runoff = 0.34 cfs @ 12.64 hrs, Volume= 5,445 cf, Depth= 0.56"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN Description							
	0 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A									
	1	17,367	,							
	1	17,367	30 V	Veighted A	verage					
		17,367			ervious Area	a				
,										
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	14.4	50	0.0350	0.06		Sheet Flow,				
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 1.50"				
	4.6	259	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	19.0	309	Total							

NRCC 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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### Summary for Reach 1R: Wetland 1

Inflow Area = 44,735 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.56" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.13 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 2,075 cf

Outflow = 0.13 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 2,075 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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### Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland D

Inflow Area = 21,360 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.56" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.07 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 991 cf

Outflow = 0.07 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 991 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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### Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland M

Inflow Area = 4,860 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.40" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.16 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 567 cf

Outflow = 0.16 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 567 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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### Summary for Reach 4R: Wetland N

Inflow Area = 117,367 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.56" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.34 cfs @ 12.64 hrs, Volume= 5,445 cf

Outflow = 0.34 cfs @ 12.64 hrs, Volume= 5,445 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NRCC 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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### Summary for Reach 5R: Wetland C

Inflow Area = 34,445 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.56" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.10 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 1,598 cf

Outflow = 0.10 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 1,598 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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## Summary for Reach 6R: Showcase Drainage System

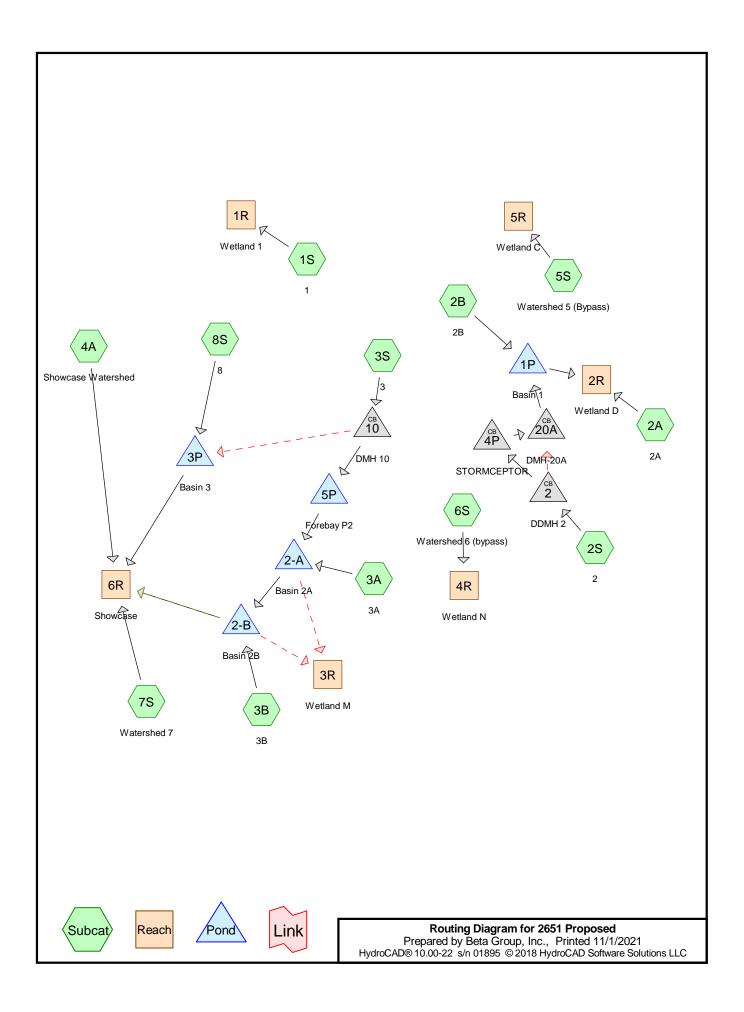
Inflow Area = 573,137 sf, 79.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.64" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 70.39 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 317,106 cf

Outflow = 70.39 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 317,106 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

**Section B-2** 

HydroCAD Printouts – Proposed Conditions



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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: 1 Runoff Area=6,437 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 1 cf

Subcatchment 2A: 2A Runoff Area=28,455 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.17"

Flow Length=235' Slope=0.0100 '/' Tc=15.2 min CN=51 Runoff=0.03 cfs 410 cf

Subcatchment 2B: 2B Runoff Area=49,490 sf 30.94% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.34"

Flow Length=163' Tc=9.0 min CN=57 Runoff=0.23 cfs 1,417 cf

Subcatchment 2S: 2 Runoff Area=118,671 sf 80.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.00"

Flow Length=325' Tc=16.6 min CN=87 Runoff=5.02 cfs 19,814 cf

Subcatchment 3A: 3A Runoff Area=9,995 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 2 cf

Subcatchment 3B: 3B Runoff Area=10,701 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 2 cf

Subcatchment 3S: 3 Runoff Area=189,389 sf 83.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.09"

Flow Length=200' Tc=13.3 min CN=88 Runoff=9.10 cfs 32,940 cf

Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Watershed Runoff Area=223,065 sf 63.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.28"

Tc=5.0 min CN=77 Runoff=9.06 cfs 23,863 cf

Subcatchment 5S: Watershed 5 (Bypass) Runoff Area=28,270 sf 46.93% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.74"

Flow Length=388' Tc=14.4 min CN=67 Runoff=0.41 cfs 1,744 cf

Subcatchment 6S: Watershed 6 (bypass) Runoff Area=23,402 sf 4.38% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.02"

Flow Length=125' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.5 min CN=42 Runoff=0.00 cfs 39 cf

Subcatchment 7S: Watershed 7 Runoff Area=7,950 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.07"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.66 cfs 2,032 cf

Subcatchment 8S: 8 Runoff Area=99,444 sf 45.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.69"

Flow Length=457' Tc=20.2 min CN=66 Runoff=1.12 cfs 5,753 cf

Reach 1R: Wetland 1 Inflow=0.00 cfs 1 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 1 cf

Reach 2R: Wetland D Inflow=0.03 cfs 410 cf

Outflow=0.03 cfs 410 cf

Reach 3R: Wetland M Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Reach 4R: Wetland N Inflow=0.00 cfs 39 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 39 cf

2651	Pro	posed
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NOAA 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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Reach 5R: Wetland C Inflow=0.41 cfs 1,744 cf

Outflow=0.41 cfs 1,744 cf

Reach 6R: Showcase Inflow=9.72 cfs 25,895 cf

Outflow=9.72 cfs 25,895 cf

Pond 1P: Basin 1 Peak Elev=45.50' Storage=2,007 cf Inflow=5.24 cfs 21,231 cf

Discarded=5.43 cfs 21,231 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=5.43 cfs 21,231 cf

Pond 2: DDMH 2 Peak Elev=47.13' Inflow=5.02 cfs 19,814 cf

Primary=1.36 cfs 14,743 cf Secondary=3.72 cfs 5,071 cf Outflow=5.02 cfs 19,814 cf

Pond 2-A: Basin 2A Peak Elev=43.59' Storage=3,689 cf Inflow=8.67 cfs 20,025 cf

Discarded=1.26 cfs 11,738 cf Primary=7.01 cfs 8,287 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=8.27 cfs 20,025 cf

**Pond 2-B: Basin 2B**Peak Elev=39.80' Storage=2,594 cf Inflow=7.01 cfs 8,289 cf

Discarded=4.10 cfs 8,289 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Tertiary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=4.10 cfs 8,289 cf

Pond 3P: Basin 3 Peak Elev=41.59' Storage=1,587 cf Inflow=1.12 cfs 5,753 cf

Discarded=0.34 cfs 5,753 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.34 cfs 5,753 cf

Pond 4P: STORMCEPTOR Peak Elev=47.06' Inflow=1.36 cfs 14,743 cf

12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=3.0' S=0.0067 '/' Outflow=1.36 cfs 14,743 cf

Pond 5P: Forebay P2 Peak Elev=44.20' Storage=4,923 cf Inflow=9.10 cfs 32,941 cf

Discarded=0.23 cfs 12,823 cf Primary=8.67 cfs 20,024 cf Outflow=8.90 cfs 32,846 cf

Pond 10: DMH 10 Peak Elev=44.25' Inflow=9.10 cfs 32,940 cf

Primary=9.10 cfs 32,941 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=9.10 cfs 32,941 cf

Pond 20A: DMH-20A Peak Elev=46.94' Inflow=5.02 cfs 19,814 cf

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=20.0' S=0.0050 '/' Outflow=5.02 cfs 19,814 cf

Total Runoff Area = 795,269 sf Runoff Volume = 88,016 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.33" 39.77% Pervious = 316,281 sf 60.23% Impervious = 478,988 sf

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### **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: 1**

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 1 cf, Depth= 0.00"

 Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description						
	6,437	5,437 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
	6,437	1	100.00% Pervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
 5.0					Direct Entry,				

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### Summary for Subcatchment 2A: 2A

Runoff = 0.03 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 410 cf, Depth= 0.17"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
4	•	13,400	65 F	Playground					
15,055 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						ood, HSG A			
		28,455	51 \	Neighted A	verage				
		28,455	•	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a			
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"			
	4.4	185	0.0100	0.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	15.2	235	Total						

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### Summary for Subcatchment 2B: 2B

Runoff = 0.23 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 1,417 cf, Depth= 0.34"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description						
		15,311	98 F	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
_		34,179	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
		49,490	57 V	57 Weighted Average						
		34,179	6	9.06% Per	vious Area					
	15,311 30.94% Impervious Area									
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	6.2	50	0.0400	0.13		Sheet Flow,				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
	2.8	113	0.0090	0.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
	9.0	163	Total							

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## Summary for Subcatchment 2S: 2

Runoff = 5.02 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 19,814 cf, Depth= 2.00"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
95,742 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
* 0 65 Playground						
22,929 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
118,671 87 Weighted Average						
22,929 19.32% Pervious Area						
		95,742		80.68% lmp	pervious Ar	ea
	Tc	Length	Slope	-	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"
	5.7	250	0.0110	0.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.1	25	0.3300	4.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	16.6	325	Total			

NOAA 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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## Summary for Subcatchment 3A: 3A

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 2 cf, Depth= 0.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
	9,995	39 >	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
	9,995	•	100.00% Pervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	·			
5.0					Direct Entry,			

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## Summary for Subcatchment 3B: 3B

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 2 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Area (sf)	CN Des	N Description					
10,701	39 >75	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
10,701	100	0.00% Pei	rvious Area	ea			
Tc Length (min) (feet)	•	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
5.0				Direct Entry,			

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### Summary for Subcatchment 3S: 3

Runoff = 9.10 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 32,940 cf, Depth= 2.09"

_	Aı	rea (st)	CN L	N Description					
	1	58,140	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
_		31,249	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	1	89,389	88 V	Veighted A	verage				
		31,249	1	6.50% Per	vious Area				
	1	58,140	8	3.50% lmp	pervious Are	ea			
	_								
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	10.1	50	0.0120	80.0		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"			
	3.2	150	0.0125	0.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	13.3	200	Total						

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### **Summary for Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Watershed**

Runoff = 9.06 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 23,863 cf, Depth= 1.28"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN Description						
	80,318	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
1	42,747	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
2	23,065							
	80,318 36.01% Pervious Area			vious Area	l Control of the Cont			
142,747			63.99% Impervious Area					
Tc	Longth	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	Length (feet)	(ft/ft	,	(cfs)	Description			
	(1001)	(1010	, (	(010)	Direct Entry			

5.0

Direct Entry,

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## Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Watershed 5 (Bypass)

Runoff = 0.41 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 1,744 cf, Depth= 0.74"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description						
		13,267	98 I	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
_		15,003	39 :	-75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
		28,270	67 \	Neighted A	verage					
		15,003	į	53.07% Per	vious Area					
		13,267	4	16.93% lmp	pervious Are	ea				
	_					<b>-</b>				
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
	1.3	80	0.0220	1.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
	2.3	258	0.0150	1.84		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps				
	14.4	388	Total							

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# **Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Watershed 6 (bypass)**

Runoff 0.00 cfs @ 24.04 hrs, Volume= 39 cf, Depth= 0.02"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN D	<u>escription</u>						
		22,376	39 >	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
		1,026	98 F	aved road	s w/curbs &	k sewers, HSG A				
		23,402	42 V	Veighted A	verage					
		22,376	9	5.62% Per	vious Area					
		1,026	4	.38% Impe	ervious Area	a				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	8.2	50	0.0200	0.10		Sheet Flow,				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
	1.3	75	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
	9.5	125	Total							

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## Summary for Subcatchment 7S: Watershed 7

Runoff = 0.66 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 2,032 cf, Depth= 3.07"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	N Description						
		7,950	98	98 Unconnected pavement, HSG A						
		7,950		100.00% Impervious Area						
		7,950		100.00% U	nconnected	d				
	То	Longth	Clone	\/olooity	Consoitu	Description				
	Tc	- 3	Slope	,		Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	5.0					Direct Entry				

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### Summary for Subcatchment 8S: 8

Runoff = 1.12 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 5,753 cf, Depth= 0.69"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription						
		44,805	98 P	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
_		54,639	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
		99,444	66 V	Veighted A	verage					
		54,639	5	4.94% Per	vious Area					
		44,805	4	5.06% lmp	pervious Are	ea				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	14.3	50	0.0050	0.06		Sheet Flow,				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
	4.8	182	0.0080	0.63		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
	1.1	225	0.0050	3.47	2.73	Pipe Channel, 12" HDPE				
						12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'				
_						n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior				
	20.2	457	Total							

NOAA 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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## Summary for Reach 1R: Wetland 1

Inflow Area = 6,437 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 1 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 1 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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### Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland D

Inflow Area = 196,616 sf, 56.48% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.03" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.03 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 410 cf

Outflow = 0.03 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 410 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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### Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland M

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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### Summary for Reach 4R: Wetland N

Inflow Area = 23,402 sf, 4.38% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.02" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.04 hrs, Volume= 39 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.04 hrs, Volume= 39 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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### Summary for Reach 5R: Wetland C

Inflow Area = 28,270 sf, 46.93% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.74" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.41 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 1,744 cf

Outflow = 0.41 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 1,744 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 2-Year Rainfall=3.30"

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### Summary for Reach 6R: Showcase

Inflow Area = 540,544 sf, 65.42% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.57" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 9.72 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 25,895 cf

Outflow = 9.72 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 25,895 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Elevation

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#### Summary for Pond 1P: Basin 1

Inflow Area = 168,161 sf, 66.04% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.52" for 2-Year event Inflow = 5.24 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 21,231 cf
Outflow = 5.43 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 21,231 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 3.7 min Discarded = 5.43 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 21,231 cf
Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 45.50' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 8,918 sf Storage= 2,007 cf Flood Elev= 49.00' Surf.Area= 15,007 sf Storage= 26,961 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 4.9 min ( 842.9 - 838.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	43.50'	2,007 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			6,689 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	45.50'	24,955 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

Cum.Store

26,961 cf Total Available Storage

Inc.Store

(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
43.50	4,459	0	0
44.50	4,459	4,459	4,459
45.00	4,459	2,230	6,689
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(og ft)	(aubia faat)	(aubia faat)
(1661)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
45.50	4,459	(cubic-reet) 0	(Cubic-reet) 0
	· · · ·		
45.50	4,459	0	0
45.50 46.00	4,459 5,124	0 2,396	0 2,396

Surf.Area

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	43.50'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 43.40'
#2	Device 1	43.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 43.40'
#3	Primary	48.00'	13.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=5.18 cfs @ 12.31 hrs HW=45.48' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Controls 5.18 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=43.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

**<sup>2=</sup>Sand Exfiltration** (Passes 5.18 cfs of 17.78 cfs potential flow)

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#### **Summary for Pond 2: DDMH 2**

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 47.13' @ 12.25 hrs Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	45.72'	<b>12.0"</b> Round <b>12"</b> RCP L= 3.0' RCP, groove end projecting, Ke= 0.200
	·		Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.72' / 45.70' S= 0.0067 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 3	46.40'	3.0' long x 3.00' rise Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir
			0 End Contraction(s)
#3	Secondary	45.70'	<b>18.0" Round 18" RCP</b> L= 4.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
	•		Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.70' / 45.66' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=1.13 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=47.09' TW=47.03' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=12" RCP (Inlet Controls 1.13 cfs @ 1.44 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=3.71 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=47.13' TW=46.94' (Dynamic Tailwater)

3=18" RCP (Inlet Controls 3.71 cfs @ 2.13 fps)

2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Passes 3.71 cfs of 4.35 cfs potential flow)

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## Summary for Pond 2-A: Basin 2A

Inflow Area =	199,384 sf, 79.31% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.21" for 2-Year event
Inflow =	8.67 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume=	20,025 cf
Outflow =	8.27 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	20,025 cf, Atten= 5%, Lag= 2.4 min
Discarded =	1.26 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	11,738 cf
Primary =	7.01 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	8,287 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 43.59' @ 12.28 hrs Surf.Area= 5,045 sf Storage= 3,689 cf Flood Elev= 44.25' Surf.Area= 5,519 sf Storage= 5,791 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 19.1 min ( 789.7 - 770.6 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	40.50'	955 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			3,185 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	42.50'	4,836 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
		5,791 cf	Total Available Storage

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
40.50	2,123	0	0
41.00	2,123	1,062	1,062
42.00	2,123	2,123	3,185
	O ( )		O O
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	
(feet) 42.50	(sq-ft) 2,123	(cubic-feet) 0	(cubic-feet) 0
(feet) 42.50 43.00	(sq-ft) 2,123 2,477	(cubic-feet) 0 1,150	(cubic-feet) 0 1,150

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	43.20'	9.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#2	Discarded	40.50'	2.410 in/hr In-Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 40.10'
#3	Device 2	40.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 40.10'
#4	Secondary	44.20'	118.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	•		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72
			2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

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Discarded OutFlow Max=1.26 cfs @ 12.28 hrs HW=43.59' (Free Discharge)

2=In-Situ Exfiltration (Controls 1.26 cfs)

3=Sand Exfiltration (Passes 1.26 cfs of 4.31 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=7.01 cfs @ 12.28 hrs HW=43.59' TW=39.12' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 7.01 cfs @ 2.03 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=40.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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## Summary for Pond 2-B: Basin 2B

Inflow Area =	210,085 sf, 75.27% Impervious.	Inflow Depth = 0.47" for 2-Year event
Inflow =	7.01 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	8,289 cf
Outflow =	4.10 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume=	8,289 cf, Atten= 42%, Lag= 9.3 min
Discarded =	4.10 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume=	8,289 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf
Tertiary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 39.80' @ 12.43 hrs Surf.Area= 6,681 sf Storage= 2,594 cf Flood Elev= 42.00' Surf.Area= 10,364 sf Storage= 11,733 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 9.1 min calculated for 8,287 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 9.1 min (754.0 - 744.9)

<u>Volume</u>	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	36.75'	1,418 cf	ASTM C-33 sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			4,726 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	39.00'	11,808 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

13,226 cf Total Available Storage

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
36.75	799	0	0
37.50	2,459	1,222	1,222
38.50	4,550	3,505	4,726
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
39.00	799	Ó	0
40.00	2,459	1,629	1,629
41.00	4,550	3,505	5,134
42.00	5,814	5,182	10,316
42.25	6,125	1,492	11,808

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	36.90'	12.0" Round 12" RCP
	-		L= 12.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 36.90' / 36.50' S= 0.0333 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Discarded	36.75'	2.410 in/hr In-Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 36.70'
#3	Device 2	36.75'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 36.70'
#4	Device 1	41.00'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads
#5	Secondary	42.10'	193.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72

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2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

#6 Tertiary

193.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 42.10'

Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50

Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72

2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=4.10 cfs @ 12.43 hrs HW=39.80' (Free Discharge)

-2=In-Situ Exfiltration (Controls 4.10 cfs)

-3=Sand Exfiltration (Passes 4.10 cfs of 14.06 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=36.75' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=12" RCP (Controls 0.00 cfs)

4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=36.75' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Tertiary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=36.75' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Elevation

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## **Summary for Pond 3P: Basin 3**

Inflow Area = 99,444 sf, 45.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.69" for 2-Year event
Inflow = 1.12 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 5,753 cf
Outflow = 0.34 cfs @ 13.06 hrs, Volume= 5,753 cf, Atten= 70%, Lag= 43.4 min
Discarded = 0.34 cfs @ 13.06 hrs, Volume= 5,753 cf
Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 41.59' @ 13.06 hrs Surf.Area= 5,978 sf Storage= 1,587 cf Flood Elev= 44.00' Surf.Area= 7,917 sf Storage= 11,163 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 66.5 min ( 972.3 - 905.8 )

Surf.Area

<u>Volume</u>	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	39.50'	1,331 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			4,436 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	41.50'	9,832 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
		11 163 cf	Total Available Storage

Cum.Store

11,163 cf Total Available Storage

Inc.Store

(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
2,957	0	0
2,957	2,957	2,957
2,957	1,479	4,436
Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
2,957	0	0
3,329	1,572	1,572
4,116	3,723	5,294
4,960	4,538	9,832
	2,957 2,957 2,957 Surf.Area (sq-ft) 2,957 3,329 4,116	2,957 0 2,957 2,957 2,957 1,479 Surf.Area Inc.Store (sq-ft) (cubic-feet) 2,957 0 3,329 1,572 4,116 3,723

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	38.00'	12.0" Round 12" RCP
	-		L= 109.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 38.00' / 36.50' S= 0.0138 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Discarded	39.50'	1.020 in/hr In Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 38.75'
#3	Device 2	39.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Layer Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 38.50'
#4	Device 1	43.00'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

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**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.34 cfs @ 13.06 hrs HW=41.59' (Free Discharge) -2=In Situ Exfiltration (Controls 0.34 cfs)
-3=Sand Layer Exfiltration (Passes 0.34 cfs of 2.34 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=39.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=12" RCP (Passes 0.00 cfs of 3.78 cfs potential flow)

4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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#### **Summary for Pond 4P: STORMCEPTOR**

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.49" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 1.36 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 14.743 cf

Outflow = 1.36 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 14,743 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 1.36 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 14,743 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 47.06' @ 12.26 hrs

Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices

#1 Primary

45.60'

#2.0" Round 12" RCP L= 3.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.60' / 45.58' S= 0.0067 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

**Primary OutFlow** Max=1.27 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=47.03' TW=46.92' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=12" RCP** (Inlet Controls 1.27 cfs @ 1.62 fps)

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#### Summary for Pond 5P: Forebay P2

Inflow Area = 189,389 sf, 83.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.09" for 2-Year event Inflow = 9.10 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 32,941 cf

Outflow = 8.90 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 32,846 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.4 min Discarded = 0.23 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 12,823 cf

Primary = 8.67 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 20,024 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 44.20' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 2,705 sf Storage= 4,923 cf Flood Elev= 46.00' Surf.Area= 3,290 sf Storage= 7,334 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 116.2 min calculated for 32,846 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 114.4 min (938.1 - 823.6)

<u>Volume</u>	Invert	: Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description	
#1	41.50	7,33	34 cf Custom	n Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio		urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
41.5	50	1,014	Ó	0	
42.0	00	1,295	577	577	
43.0	00	1,901	1,598	2,175	
44.0	00	2,563	2,232	4,407	
45.0	00	3,290	2,927	7,334	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Primary	43.75'	9.0' long Sha	arp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)	
#2	Discarded	41.50'		Exfiltration over Surface area to Groundwater Elevation = 41.30'	

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.23 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=44.20' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.23 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=8.66 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=44.20' TW=43.56' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 8.66 cfs @ 2.18 fps)

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# **Summary for Pond 10: DMH 10**

Inflow Area =	189,389 sf, 83.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.09" for 2-Year event
Inflow =	9.10 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=	32,940 cf
Outflow =	9.10 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=	32,941 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	9.10 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=	32,941 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 44.25' @ 12.24 hrs Flood Elev= 44.80'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	41.60'	24.0" Round Double 18" RCP X 2.00
	•		L= 18.0' RCP, groove end projecting, Ke= 0.200
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 41.60' / 41.50' S= 0.0056 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Secondary	44.80'	32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate Overflow C= 0.600
	-		Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=8.60 cfs @ 12.21 hrs HW=44.24' TW=44.19' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Double 18" RCP (Inlet Controls 8.60 cfs @ 1.37 fps)

**Secondary OutFlow** Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=41.60' TW=39.50' (Dynamic Tailwater) **2=Orifice/Grate Overflow** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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# Summary for Pond 20A: DMH-20A

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 5.02 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 19,814 cf

Outflow = 5.02 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 19,814 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 5.02 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 19,814 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 46.94' @ 12.25 hrs

Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices

#1 Primary

45.60' 

#2.00' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.60' / 45.50' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

**Primary OutFlow** Max=5.02 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=46.94' TW=44.82' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=18" RCP** (Barrel Controls 5.02 cfs @ 3.99 fps)

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: 1 Runoff Area=6,437 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.18"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 95 cf

Subcatchment 2A: 2A Runoff Area=28,455 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.70"

Flow Length=235' Slope=0.0100 '/' Tc=15.2 min CN=51 Runoff=0.29 cfs 1,652 cf

Subcatchment 2B: 2B Runoff Area=49,490 sf 30.94% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.04"

Flow Length=163' Tc=9.0 min CN=57 Runoff=1.22 cfs 4,294 cf

Subcatchment 2S: 2 Runoff Area=118,671 sf 80.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.45"

Flow Length=325' Tc=16.6 min CN=87 Runoff=8.52 cfs 34,162 cf

Subcatchment 3A: 3A Runoff Area=9,995 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.18"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.01 cfs 147 cf

Subcatchment 3B: 3B Runoff Area=10,701 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.18"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.01 cfs 157 cf

Subcatchment 3S: 3 Runoff Area=189,389 sf 83.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.56"

Flow Length=200' Tc=13.3 min CN=88 Runoff=15.19 cfs 56,107 cf

Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Watershed Runoff Area=223,065 sf 63.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.52"

Tc=5.0 min CN=77 Runoff=17.80 cfs 46,898 cf

Subcatchment 5S: Watershed 5 (Bypass) Runoff Area=28,270 sf 46.93% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.72"

Flow Length=388' Tc=14.4 min CN=67 Runoff=1.06 cfs 4,052 cf

Subcatchment 6S: Watershed 6 (bypass)

Runoff Area=23,402 sf 4.38% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.28"

Flow Length=125' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.5 min CN=42 Runoff=0.04 cfs 549 cf

Subcatchment 7S: Watershed 7 Runoff Area=7,950 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.64"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.98 cfs 3,076 cf

Subcatchment 8S: 8 Runoff Area=99,444 sf 45.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.65"

Flow Length=457' Tc=20.2 min CN=66 Runoff=3.03 cfs 13,644 cf

Reach 1R: Wetland 1 Inflow=0.00 cfs 95 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 95 cf

Reach 2R: Wetland D Inflow=0.29 cfs 1,652 cf

Outflow=0.29 cfs 1,652 cf

Reach 3R: Wetland M Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Reach 4R: Wetland N Inflow=0.04 cfs 549 cf

Outflow=0.04 cfs 549 cf

2651	Pro	posed
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NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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Reach 5R: Wetland C Inflow=1.06 cfs 4,052 cf

Outflow=1.06 cfs 4,052 cf

Reach 6R: Showcase Inflow=18.78 cfs 50,946 cf

Outflow=18.78 cfs 50,946 cf

Pond 1P: Basin 1 Peak Elev=45.95' Storage=4,132 cf Inflow=9.52 cfs 38,456 cf

Discarded=6.67 cfs 38,455 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=6.67 cfs 38,455 cf

Pond 2: DDMH 2 Peak Elev=48.22' Inflow=8.52 cfs 34,162 cf

Primary=2.34 cfs 22,788 cf Secondary=6.40 cfs 11,374 cf Outflow=8.52 cfs 34,162 cf

Pond 2-A: Basin 2A Peak Elev=43.79' Storage=4,286 cf Inflow=14.66 cfs 41,683 cf

Discarded=1.34 cfs 19,926 cf Primary=13.02 cfs 21,757 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=14.35 cfs 41,683 cf

Pond 2-B: Basin 2B Peak Elev=41.17' Storage=7,338 cf Inflow=13.02 cfs 21,914 cf

carded=6.08 cfs 20,943 cf Primary=1.90 cfs 972 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Tertiary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=7.98 cfs 21,915 cf

Pond 3P: Basin 3 Peak Elev=42.71' Storage=5,449 cf Inflow=3.03 cfs 13,644 cf

Discarded=0.49 cfs 13,645 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.49 cfs 13,645 cf

Pond 4P: STORMCEPTOR Peak Elev=48.02' Inflow=2.34 cfs 22,788 cf

12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=3.0' S=0.0067 '/' Outflow=2.34 cfs 22,788 cf

Pond 5P: Forebay P2 Peak Elev=44.39' Storage=5,449 cf Inflow=15.19 cfs 56,107 cf

Discarded=0.25 cfs 14,432 cf Primary=14.66 cfs 41,536 cf Outflow=14.91 cfs 55,967 cf

Pond 10: DMH 10 Peak Elev=44.54' Inflow=15.19 cfs 56,107 cf

Primary=15.19 cfs 56,107 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=15.19 cfs 56,107 cf

Pond 20A: DMH-20A Peak Elev=47.65' Inflow=8.52 cfs 34,162 cf

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=20.0' S=0.0050 '/' Outflow=8.52 cfs 34,162 cf

Total Runoff Area = 795,269 sf Runoff Volume = 164,833 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.49" 39.77% Pervious = 316,281 sf 60.23% Impervious = 478,988 sf

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## **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: 1**

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume= 95 cf, Depth= 0.18"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	CN Description						
		6,437	39 >	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
Ī		6,437	1	100.00% Pervious Area						
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	·				
	5.0					Direct Entry,				

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## Summary for Subcatchment 2A: 2A

Runoff = 0.29 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 1,652 cf, Depth= 0.70"

	^	(- <b>f</b> )	ON F			
_	A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
k	•	13,400	65 F	Playground		
		15,055	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
_		28,455	51 \	Veighted A	verage	
		28,455			ervious Area	a
		,				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"
	4.4	185	0.0100	0.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
-	15.2	235	Total			- , -

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## Summary for Subcatchment 2B: 2B

Runoff = 1.22 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 4,294 cf, Depth= 1.04"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN D	<b>Description</b>		
_		15,311	98 F	aved road	s w/curbs &	k sewers, HSG A
		34,179	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
		49,490	57 V	Veighted A	verage	
		34,179			vious Area	
		15,311	3	0.94% lmp	ervious Are	ea
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	6.2	50	0.0400	0.13		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"
	2.8	113	0.0090	0.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	9.0	163	Total			

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## Summary for Subcatchment 2S: 2

Runoff = 8.52 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 34,162 cf, Depth= 3.45"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
		95,742	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
*		0	65	Playground						
		22,929	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
_	1	18,671	87	Weighted A	verage					
		22,929		•	vious Area					
		95,742		30.68% lmp	pervious Ar	ea				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
	5.7	250	0.0110	0.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
	0.1	25	0.3300	4.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
Ī	16.6	325	Total							

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## Summary for Subcatchment 3A: 3A

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume= 147 cf, Depth= 0.18"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description						
	9,995	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	9,995	•	100.00% Pervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	•				
5.0					Direct Entry,				

NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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## Summary for Subcatchment 3B: 3B

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume= 157 cf, Depth= 0.18"

Area (sf)	CN Des	scription						
10,701	39 >75	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
10,701	0,701 100.00% Pervious Area							
Tc Length (min) (feet)		Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0				Direct Entry,				

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## Summary for Subcatchment 3S: 3

Runoff = 15.19 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 56,107 cf, Depth= 3.56"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	Description					
	1	158,140 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A							
_		31,249	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	1	89,389	88 V	Veighted A	verage				
		31,249	1	6.50% Per	vious Area				
	1	58,140	8	3.50% lmp	ervious Are	ea			
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	10.1	50	0.0120	0.08		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"			
	3.2	150	0.0125	0.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	13.3	200	Total						

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# Summary for Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Watershed

Runoff 17.80 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 46,898 cf, Depth= 2.52"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

Are	ea (sf)	CN	Description					
- 8	30,318	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
14	12,747	98	Paved road	s w/curbs &	& sewers, HSG A			
22	23,065	77	7 Weighted Average					
8	30,318	36.01% Pervious Area						
14	12,747		63.99% lmp	pervious Are	rea			
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	,	(cfs)	Description			
5.0	, , , , ,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(/	Direct Entry,			

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# Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Watershed 5 (Bypass)

Runoff = 1.06 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 4,052 cf, Depth= 1.72"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	CN Description					
		13,267	7 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
_		15,003	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
		28,270 67 Weighted Average							
	15,003 53.07% Pervious Area								
13,267 46.93% Impervious Area				ea					
	_					<b>-</b>			
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"			
	1.3	80	0.0220	1.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	2.3	258	0.0150	1.84		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
	14.4	388	Total						

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# Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Watershed 6 (bypass)

Runoff = 0.04 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 549 cf, Depth= 0.28"

_	Aı	rea (st)	CN L	Description					
		22,376	39 >	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
_		1,026	98 F						
	23,402 42 Weighted Average								
		22,376	Ç	95.62% Pei	vious Area				
	1,026 4.38% Impervious Area								
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	8.2	50	0.0200	0.10		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"			
	1.3	75	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	9.5	125	Total						

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# Summary for Subcatchment 7S: Watershed 7

Runoff = 0.98 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 3,076 cf, Depth= 4.64"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	CN Description					
		7,950	98	B Unconnected pavement, HSG A					
		7,950	100.00% Impervious Area						
		7,950		100.00% Unconnected					
	To	Longth	Clone	\/olooity	Consoitu	Description			
	Tc	- 3	Slope	,		Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	5.0					Direct Entry			

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### **Summary for Subcatchment 8S: 8**

Runoff = 3.03 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 13,644 cf, Depth= 1.65"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription			
	44,805	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A				
	54,639 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
	99,444 66 Weighted Average					
	54,639	5	4.94% Per	vious Area		
	44,805	4	5.06% lmp	pervious Are	ea	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
14.3	50	0.0050	0.06		Sheet Flow,	
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"	
4.8	182	0.0080	0.63		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps	
1.1	225	0.0050	3.47	2.73	Pipe Channel, 12" HDPE	
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'	
					n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior	
20.2	457	Total				

NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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## Summary for Reach 1R: Wetland 1

Inflow Area = 6,437 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.18" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume= 95 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume= 95 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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## Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland D

Inflow Area = 196,616 sf, 56.48% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.10" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.29 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 1,652 cf

Outflow = 0.29 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 1,652 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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## Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland M

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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## Summary for Reach 4R: Wetland N

Inflow Area = 23,402 sf, 4.38% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.28" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.04 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 549 cf

Outflow = 0.04 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 549 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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## Summary for Reach 5R: Wetland C

Inflow Area = 28,270 sf, 46.93% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.72" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 1.06 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 4,052 cf

Outflow = 1.06 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 4,052 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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## Summary for Reach 6R: Showcase

Inflow Area = 540,544 sf, 65.42% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.13" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 18.78 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 50,946 cf

Outflow = 18.78 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 50,946 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Elevation

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#### **Summary for Pond 1P: Basin 1**

Inflow Area = 168,161 sf, 66.04% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.74" for 10-Year event Inflow = 9.52 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 38,456 cf Outflow = 6.67 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 38,455 cf, Atten= 30%, Lag= 9.2 min Discarded = 6.67 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 38,455 cf Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 45.95' @ 12.39 hrs Surf.Area= 9,512 sf Storage= 4,132 cf Flood Elev= 49.00' Surf.Area= 15,007 sf Storage= 26,961 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 5.9 min ( 829.6 - 823.7 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	43.50'	2,007 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			6,689 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	45.50'	24,955 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

Cum.Store

26,961 cf	Total Available	Storage
-----------	-----------------	---------

Inc.Store

(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
43.50	4,459	0	0
44.50	4,459	4,459	4,459
45.00	4,459	2,230	6,689
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(* .)			
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
(feet) 45.50	(sq-ft) 4,459	(cubic-feet) 0	(cubic-feet) 0
	· · · · · ·		
45.50	4,459	0	0
45.50 46.00	4,459 5,124	0 2,396	0 2,396

Surf.Area

Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
Discarded	43.50'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
		Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 43.40'
Device 1	43.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
		Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 43.40'
Primary	48.00'	<b>13.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
	Discarded Device 1	Discarded 43.50'  Device 1 43.50'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=6.67 cfs @ 12.39 hrs HW=45.95' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Controls 6.67 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=43.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

**<sup>2=</sup>Sand Exfiltration** (Passes 6.67 cfs of 22.88 cfs potential flow)

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## **Summary for Pond 2: DDMH 2**

Inflow Area =	118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.45" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	8.52 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume=	34,162 cf
Outflow =	8.52 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume=	34,162 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	2.34 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume=	22,788 cf
Secondary =	6.40 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume=	11,374 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 48.22' @ 12.25 hrs Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	45.72'	<b>12.0" Round 12" RCP</b> L= 3.0' RCP, groove end projecting, Ke= 0.200
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.72' / 45.70' S= 0.0067 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 3	46.40'	3.0' long x 3.00' rise Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir
			0 End Contraction(s)
#3	Secondary	45.70'	<b>18.0" Round 18" RCP</b> L= 4.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
	•		Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.70' / 45.66' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=1.69 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=48.10' TW=47.97' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=12" RCP (Inlet Controls 1.69 cfs @ 2.16 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=6.39 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=48.22' TW=47.65' (Dynamic Tailwater)

3=18" RCP (Inlet Controls 6.39 cfs @ 3.62 fps)

2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Passes 6.39 cfs of 18.01 cfs potential flow)

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## **Summary for Pond 2-A: Basin 2A**

Inflow Area =	199,384 sf, 79.31% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.51" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	14.66 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume=	41,683 cf
Outflow =	14.35 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume=	41,683 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.6 min
Discarded =	1.34 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume=	19,926 cf
Primary =	13.02 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume=	21,757 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 43.79' @ 12.26 hrs Surf.Area= 5,196 sf Storage= 4,286 cf Flood Elev= 44.25' Surf.Area= 5,519 sf Storage= 5,791 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 15.3 min (801.7 - 786.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	40.50'	955 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			3,185 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	42.50'	4,836 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

5,791 cf Total Available Storage

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
40.50	2,123	0	0
41.00	2,123	1,062	1,062
42.00	2,123	2,123	3,185
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
42.50	2,123	0	0
43.00	2,477	1,150	1,150
44.00	3,236	2,857	4,007
44.25	3,396	829	4,836

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	43.20'	9.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#2	Discarded	40.50'	2.410 in/hr In-Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 40.10'
#3	Device 2	40.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 40.10'
#4	Secondary	44.20'	118.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	-		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72
			2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

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**Discarded OutFlow** Max=1.34 cfs @ 12.26 hrs HW=43.79' (Free Discharge) -2=In-Situ Exfiltration (Controls 1.34 cfs)
-3=Sand Exfiltration (Passes 1.34 cfs of 4.58 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=13.01 cfs @ 12.26 hrs HW=43.79' TW=40.60' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 13.01 cfs @ 2.50 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=40.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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## Summary for Pond 2-B: Basin 2B

Inflow Area =	210,085 sf, 7	5.27% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = $1.2$	25" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	13.02 cfs @ 12	2.26 hrs, Volume=	21,914 cf	
Outflow =	7.98 cfs @ 12	2.41 hrs, Volume=	21,915 cf, A	tten= 39%, Lag= 9.2 min
Discarded =	6.08 cfs @ 12	2.41 hrs, Volume=	20,943 cf	
Primary =	1.90 cfs @ 12	2.41 hrs, Volume=	972 cf	
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	
Tertiary =	0.00 cfs @ 0	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 41.17' @ 12.41 hrs Surf.Area= 9,314 sf Storage= 7,338 cf Flood Elev= 42.00' Surf.Area= 10,364 sf Storage= 11,733 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 13.9 min (758.7 - 744.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	36.75'	1,418 cf	ASTM C-33 sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			4,726 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	39.00'	11,808 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

13,226 cf Total Available Storage

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
36.75	799	0	0
37.50	2,459	1,222	1,222
38.50	4,550	3,505	4,726
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
39.00	799	0	0
40.00	2,459	1,629	1,629
41.00	4,550	3,505	5,134
42.00	5,814	5,182	10,316
42.25	6,125	1,492	11,808

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	36.90'	12.0" Round 12" RCP
	_		L= 12.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 36.90' / 36.50' S= 0.0333 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Discarded	36.75'	2.410 in/hr In-Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 36.70'
#3	Device 2	36.75'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 36.70'
#4	Device 1	41.00'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads
#5	Secondary	42.10'	193.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50
			Coef (English) 244 258 268 267 265 264 264 268 268 272

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2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

#6 Tertiary

193.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 42.10'

Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50

Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72

2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=6.08 cfs @ 12.41 hrs HW=41.17' (Free Discharge)

-2=In-Situ Exfiltration (Controls 6.08 cfs)

-3=Sand Exfiltration (Passes 6.08 cfs of 20.85 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.90 cfs @ 12.41 hrs HW=41.17' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=12" RCP (Passes 1.90 cfs of 7.34 cfs potential flow)

**4-Orifice/Grate** (Weir Controls 1.90 cfs @ 1.34 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=36.75' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Tertiary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=36.75' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

**T**—6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Elevation

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# Summary for Pond 3P: Basin 3

Inflow Area = 99,444 sf, 45.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.65" for 10-Year event
Inflow = 3.03 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 13,644 cf
Outflow = 0.49 cfs @ 13.43 hrs, Volume= 13,645 cf, Atten= 84%, Lag= 66.9 min
Discarded = 0.49 cfs @ 13.43 hrs, Volume= 13,645 cf
Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 42.71' @ 13.43 hrs Surf.Area= 6,842 sf Storage= 5,449 cf Flood Elev= 44.00' Surf.Area= 7,917 sf Storage= 11,163 cf

Inc.Store

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 126.6 min (1,002.9 - 876.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	39.50'	1,331 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			4,436 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	41.50'	9,832 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
		11,163 cf	Total Available Storage

Cum.Store

(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
39.50	2,957	0	0
40.50	2,957	2,957	2,957
41.00	2,957	1,479	4,436
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
41.50	2,957	0	0
42.00	3,329	1,572	1,572
43.00	4,116	3,723	5,294
44.00	4,960	4,538	9,832

Surf.Area

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices				
#1	Primary	38.00'	12.0" Round 12" RCP				
	-		L= 109.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500				
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 38.00' / 36.50' S= 0.0138 '/' Cc= 0.900				
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf				
#2	Discarded	39.50'	1.020 in/hr In Situ Exfiltration over Surface area				
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 38.75'				
#3	Device 2	39.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Layer Exfiltration over Surface area				
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 38.50'				
#4	Device 1	43.00'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads				

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**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.49 cfs @ 13.43 hrs HW=42.71' (Free Discharge) **2=In Situ Exfiltration** (Controls 0.49 cfs) **3=Sand Layer Exfiltration** (Passes 0.49 cfs of 3.38 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=39.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)
1=12" RCP (Passes 0.00 cfs of 3.78 cfs potential flow)
4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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# **Summary for Pond 4P: STORMCEPTOR**

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.30" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 2.34 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 22,788 cf

Outflow = 2.34 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 22,788 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 2.34 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 22,788 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 48.02' @ 12.24 hrs

Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices				
#1	Primary	45.60'	<b>12.0" Round 12" RCP</b> L= 3.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.60' / 45.58' S= 0.0067 '/' Cc= 0.900				
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf				

**Primary OutFlow** Max=2.21 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=47.97' TW=47.63' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=12" RCP** (Inlet Controls 2.21 cfs @ 2.82 fps)

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#### Summary for Pond 5P: Forebay P2

Inflow Area = 189,389 sf, 83.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.56" for 10-Year event Inflow = 15.19 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 56,107 cf

Outflow = 14.91 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 55,967 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.2 min 14,432 cf

Primary = 14.66 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 41,536 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 44.39' @ 12.23 hrs Surf.Area= 2,843 sf Storage= 5,449 cf Flood Elev= 46.00' Surf.Area= 3,290 sf Storage= 7,334 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 77.2 min calculated for 55,952 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 75.8 min (884.1 - 808.2)

<u>Volume</u>	Inver	t Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description
#1	41.50	7,3	34 cf Custon	m Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
41.5		1,014	0	0
42.0		1,295	577	577
43.0	-	1,901	1,598	2,175
44.0		2,563	2,232	4,407
45.0	00	3,290	2,927	7,334
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	ces
#1	Primary	43.75'	9.0' long Sha	arp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#2	Discarded	41.50'		Exfiltration over Surface area to Groundwater Elevation = 41.30'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.25 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=44.38' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.25 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=14.64 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=44.39' TW=43.78' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 14.64 cfs @ 2.60 fps)

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# **Summary for Pond 10: DMH 10**

Inflow Area = 189,389 sf, 83.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.56" for 10-Year event Inflow 15.19 cfs @ 12.21 hrs. Volume= 56.107 cf 15.19 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= Outflow 56,107 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Primary 15.19 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 56,107 cf Secondary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 44.54' @ 12.23 hrs

Flood Elev= 44.80'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	41.60'	24.0" Round Double 18" RCP X 2.00
	•		L= 18.0' RCP, groove end projecting, Ke= 0.200
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 41.60' / 41.50' S= 0.0056 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Secondary	44.80'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate Overflow</b> C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=14.82 cfs @ 12.21 hrs HW=44.53' TW=44.38' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Double 18" RCP** (Inlet Controls 14.82 cfs @ 2.36 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=41.60' TW=39.50' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Orifice/Grate Overflow (Controls 0.00 cfs)

NOAA 24-hr C 10-Year Rainfall=4.88"

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# Summary for Pond 20A: DMH-20A

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.45" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 8.52 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 34,162 cf

Outflow = 8.52 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 34,162 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 8.52 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 34,162 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 47.65' @ 12.25 hrs

Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices

#1 Primary

45.60'

#2 April 18.0" Round 18" RCP

L= 20.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.60' / 45.50' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900
n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

**Primary OutFlow** Max=8.51 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=47.65' TW=45.76' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=18" RCP** (Barrel Controls 8.51 cfs @ 4.82 fps)

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: 1 Runoff Area=6,437 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.47"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.03 cfs 255 cf

Subcatchment 2A: 2A Runoff Area=28,455 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.27"

Flow Length=235' Slope=0.0100 '/' Tc=15.2 min CN=51 Runoff=0.66 cfs 3,003 cf

Subcatchment 2B: 2B Runoff Area=49,490 sf 30.94% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.74"

Flow Length=163' Tc=9.0 min CN=57 Runoff=2.21 cfs 7,164 cf

Subcatchment 2S: 2 Runoff Area=118,671 sf 80.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.61"

Flow Length=325' Tc=16.6 min CN=87 Runoff=11.23 cfs 45,619 cf

Subcatchment 3A: 3A Runoff Area=9,995 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.47"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.05 cfs 395 cf

Subcatchment 3B: 3B Runoff Area=10,701 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.47"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.05 cfs 423 cf

Subcatchment 3S: 3 Runoff Area=189,389 sf 83.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.72"

Flow Length=200' Tc=13.3 min CN=88 Runoff=19.89 cfs 74,528 cf

Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Watershed Runoff Area=223,065 sf 63.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.57"

Tc=5.0 min CN=77 Runoff=24.94 cfs 66,298 cf

Subcatchment 5S: Watershed 5 (Bypass)

Runoff Area=28,270 sf 46.93% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.61"

Flow Length=388' Tc=14.4 min CN=67 Runoff=1.64 cfs 6,139 cf

Subcatchment 6S: Watershed 6 (bypass)

Runoff Area=23,402 sf 4.38% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.65"

Flow Length=125' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.5 min CN=42 Runoff=0.21 cfs 1,267 cf

Subcatchment 7S: Watershed 7 Runoff Area=7,950 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.86"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.23 cfs 3,883 cf

Subcatchment 8S: 8 Runoff Area=99,444 sf 45.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.51"

Flow Length=457' Tc=20.2 min CN=66 Runoff=4.75 cfs 20,838 cf

Reach 1R: Wetland 1 Inflow=0.03 cfs 255 cf

Outflow=0.03 cfs 255 cf

Reach 2R: Wetland D Inflow=0.66 cfs 3,003 cf

Outflow=0.66 cfs 3,003 cf

Reach 3R: Wetland M Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Reach 4R: Wetland N Inflow=0.21 cfs 1,267 cf

Outflow=0.21 cfs 1,267 cf

2651	Pro	posed
------	-----	-------

NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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Reach 5R: Wetland C Inflow=1.64 cfs 6,139 cf

Outflow=1.64 cfs 6,139 cf

Reach 6R: Showcase Inflow=26.17 cfs 79,442 cf

Outflow=26.17 cfs 79,442 cf

Pond 1P: Basin 1 Peak Elev=46.45' Storage=6,844 cf Inflow=13.00 cfs 52,783 cf

Discarded=8.03 cfs 52,782 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=8.03 cfs 52,782 cf

Pond 2: DDMH 2 Peak Elev=49.09' Inflow=11.23 cfs 45,619 cf

Primary=2.94 cfs 28,844 cf Secondary=8.33 cfs 16,774 cf Outflow=11.23 cfs 45,619 cf

Pond 2-A: Basin 2A Peak Elev=43.91' Storage=4,686 cf Inflow=19.19 cfs 59,525 cf

Discarded=1.39 cfs 26,474 cf Primary=17.47 cfs 33,051 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=18.86 cfs 59,525 cf

Pond 2-B: Basin 2B Peak Elev=41.45' Storage=8,736 cf Inflow=17.51 cfs 33,474 cf

ded=6.48 cfs 27,175 cf Primary=7.61 cfs 6,300 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Tertiary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=14.09 cfs 33,475 cf

Pond 3P: Basin 3 Peak Elev=43.15' Storage=7,242 cf Inflow=4.75 cfs 20,838 cf

Discarded=0.56 cfs 17,877 cf Primary=1.56 cfs 2,962 cf Outflow=2.11 cfs 20,839 cf

Pond 4P: STORMCEPTOR Peak Elev=48.72' Inflow=2.94 cfs 28,844 cf

12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=3.0' S=0.0067 '/' Outflow=2.94 cfs 28,844 cf

Pond 5P: Forebay P2 Peak Elev=44.53' Storage=5,858 cf Inflow=19.89 cfs 74,528 cf

Discarded=0.26 cfs 15,255 cf Primary=19.14 cfs 59,129 cf Outflow=19.40 cfs 74,385 cf

Pond 10: DMH 10 Peak Elev=44.79' Inflow=19.89 cfs 74,528 cf

Primary=19.89 cfs 74,528 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=19.89 cfs 74,528 cf

Pond 20A: DMH-20A Peak Elev=48.14' Inflow=11.23 cfs 45,619 cf

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=20.0' S=0.0050 '/' Outflow=11.23 cfs 45,619 cf

Total Runoff Area = 795,269 sf Runoff Volume = 229,812 cf Average Runoff Depth = 3.47" 39.77% Pervious = 316,281 sf 60.23% Impervious = 478,988 sf

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# **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: 1**

Runoff = 0.03 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 255 cf, Depth= 0.47"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description					
	6,437	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
	6,437	1	100.00% Pervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	•			
5.0					Direct Entry,			

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# Summary for Subcatchment 2A: 2A

Runoff = 0.66 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 3,003 cf, Depth= 1.27"

	^	(- <b>f</b> )	ON F					
_	A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description				
k	•	13,400	65 F	Playground				
		15,055	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
_	28,455 51 Weighted Average							
		28,455			ervious Area	a		
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·		
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,		
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"		
	4.4	185	0.0100	0.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
-	15.2	235	Total			- , -		

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# Summary for Subcatchment 2B: 2B

Runoff = 2.21 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 7,164 cf, Depth= 1.74"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
		15,311	98 F	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A					
_		34,179	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
		49,490	57 V	Veighted A	verage				
		34,179	6	9.06% Per	vious Area				
		15,311	3	0.94% lmp	pervious Are	ea			
	_								
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	6.2	50	0.0400	0.13		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"			
	2.8	113	0.0090	0.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	9.0	163	Total						

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# Summary for Subcatchment 2S: 2

Runoff = 11.23 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 45,619 cf, Depth= 4.61"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
	95,742 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A					
*		0	65 F	Playground		
_		22,929	39 >	-75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	1	18,671	87 \	Veighted A	verage	
		22,929	•	19.32% Per	vious Area	
		95,742	8	30.68% lmp	pervious Ar	ea
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"
	5.7	250	0.0110	0.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.1	25	0.3300	4.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	16.6	325	Total			

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# Summary for Subcatchment 3A: 3A

Runoff = 0.05 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 395 cf, Depth= 0.47"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
	9,995	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
	9,995	1	100.00% Pervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	•		
5.0					Direct Entry,		

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# Summary for Subcatchment 3B: 3B

Runoff = 0.05 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 423 cf, Depth= 0.47"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description	า					
		10,701	39	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
		10,701		100.00% F	ervious Are	ea				
(mi	Гс n)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/f		Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5	.0					Direct Entry,				

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# Summary for Subcatchment 3S: 3

Runoff = 19.89 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 74,528 cf, Depth= 4.72"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN D	CN Description						
1	58,140	98 P	aved road	s w/curbs &	R sewers, HSG A				
	31,249	39 >	75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
1	89,389	88 V	Veighted A	verage					
31,249 16.50% Pervious Area									
1	58,140	8	3.50% lmp	ervious Are	ea				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
10.1	50	0.0120	0.08		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
3.2	150	0.0125	0.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
13.3	200	Total							

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# Summary for Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Watershed

Runoff = 24.94 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 66,298 cf, Depth= 3.57"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

Area (sf	) CN	Description					
80,318	8 39	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
142,747	7 98	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A					
223,065	5 77	Weighted A	verage				
80,318	8	36.01% Pervious Area					
142,747	2,747 63.99% Impervious Are			rea			
Tc Leng	th Slo	pe Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min) (fee		/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	Bookipuon			
<u> </u>	•	•		Direct Entry			

5.0

Direct Entry,

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# Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Watershed 5 (Bypass)

Runoff = 1.64 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 6,139 cf, Depth= 2.61"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	CN Description						
		13,267	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A							
		15,003	39 :	-75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
		28,270	67 \	Neighted A	verage					
		15,003		53.07% Per	vious Area					
		13,267	4	16.93% lmp	pervious Ar	ea				
	_					-				
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
	1.3	80	0.0220	1.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
	2.3	258	0.0150	1.84		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps				
	14.4	388	Total							

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# Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Watershed 6 (bypass)

Runoff = 0.21 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 1,267 cf, Depth= 0.65"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN [	CN Description						
-		22,376	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
		1,026	98 F	Paved road	s w/curbs 8	& sewers, HSG A				
-		23,402	42 V	Veighted A	verage					
		22,376	9	5.62% Per	vious Area					
		1,026	4	1.38% lmpe	ervious Area	a				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	8.2	50	0.0200	0.10		Sheet Flow,				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
	1.3	75	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
	9.5	125	Total							

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# Summary for Subcatchment 7S: Watershed 7

Runoff = 1.23 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 3,883 cf, Depth= 5.86"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
		7,950	98	8 Unconnected pavement, HSG A						
		7,950		100.00% Impervious Area						
		7,950		100.00% Unconnected						
	To	Longth	Clone	\/olooity	Consoitu	Description				
	Tc	- 3	Slope	,		Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	5.0					Direct Entry				

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# Summary for Subcatchment 8S: 8

Runoff = 4.75 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 20,838 cf, Depth= 2.51"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	CN Description						
		44,805	98 P	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
_		54,639	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A				
		99,444	66 V	Veighted A	verage					
		54,639	5	4.94% Per	vious Area					
		44,805	4	5.06% lmp	pervious Are	ea				
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	14.3	50	0.0050	0.06		Sheet Flow,				
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"				
	4.8	182	0.0080	0.63		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
	1.1	225	0.0050	3.47	2.73	Pipe Channel, 12" HDPE				
						12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'				
_						n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior				
	20.2	457	Total							

NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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# Summary for Reach 1R: Wetland 1

Inflow Area = 6,437 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.47" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 0.03 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 255 cf

Outflow = 0.03 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 255 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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# Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland D

Inflow Area = 196,616 sf, 56.48% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.18" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 0.66 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 3,003 cf

Outflow = 0.66 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 3,003 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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# Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland M

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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# Summary for Reach 4R: Wetland N

Inflow Area = 23,402 sf, 4.38% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.65" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 0.21 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 1,267 cf

Outflow = 0.21 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 1,267 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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# Summary for Reach 5R: Wetland C

Inflow Area = 28,270 sf, 46.93% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.61" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 1.64 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 6,139 cf

Outflow = 1.64 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 6,139 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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### Summary for Reach 6R: Showcase

Inflow Area = 540,544 sf, 65.42% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.76" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 26.17 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 79,442 cf

Outflow = 26.17 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 79,442 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Elevation

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#### **Summary for Pond 1P: Basin 1**

Inflow Area = 168,161 sf, 66.04% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.77" for 25-Year event
Inflow = 13.00 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 52,783 cf
Outflow = 8.03 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume= 52,782 cf, Atten= 38%, Lag= 11.1 min

Discarded = 8.03 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume= 52,782 cf Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 46.45' @ 12.41 hrs Surf.Area= 10,199 sf Storage= 6,844 cf Flood Elev= 49.00' Surf.Area= 15,007 sf Storage= 26,961 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 7.5 min (823.5 - 816.0)

Surf.Area

'	Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
	#1	43.50'	2,007 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
				6,689 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
_	#2	45.50'	24,955 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
•				· ·

Cum.Store

26,961 cf Total Available Storage

Inc.Store

(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)
0	0	4,459	43.50
4,459	4,459	4,459	44.50
6,689	2,230	4,459	45.00
Cum.Store	Inc.Store	Surf.Area	Elevation
(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)
0	0	4,459	45.50
2,396	2,396	5,124	46.00
8,205	5,810	6,495	47.00
15,567	7,362	8,228	48.00
24 955	9.388	10 548	49 00

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	43.50'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 43.40'
#2	Device 1	43.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 43.40'
#3	Primary	48.00'	13.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=8.02 cfs @ 12.41 hrs HW=46.45' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Controls 8.02 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=43.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

**1**—3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

**<sup>2=</sup>Sand Exfiltration** (Passes 8.02 cfs of 27.54 cfs potential flow)

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#### **Summary for Pond 2: DDMH 2**

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.61" for 25-Year event Inflow = 11.23 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 45,619 cf

Outflow = 11.23 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 45,619 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Primary = 2.94 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 28,844 cf

Secondary = 8.33 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 16,774 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 49.09' @ 12.25 hrs Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	45.72'	<b>12.0"</b> Round <b>12"</b> RCP L= 3.0' RCP, groove end projecting, Ke= 0.200
	·		Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.72' / 45.70' S= 0.0067 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 3	46.40'	3.0' long x 3.00' rise Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir
			0 End Contraction(s)
#3	Secondary	45.70'	<b>18.0" Round 18" RCP</b> L= 4.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.70' / 45.66' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=2.74 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=49.04' TW=48.71' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=12" RCP (Inlet Controls 2.74 cfs @ 3.49 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=8.33 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=49.09' TW=48.13' (Dynamic Tailwater)

3=18" RCP (Inlet Controls 8.33 cfs @ 4.71 fps)

2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Passes 8.33 cfs of 34.17 cfs potential flow)

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# **Summary for Pond 2-A: Basin 2A**

Inflow Area =	199,384 sf	, 79.31% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = $3.58$ "	for 25-Year event
Inflow =	19.19 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	59,525 cf	
Outflow =	18.86 cfs @	12.25 hrs, Volume=	59,525 cf, Atte	n= 2%, Lag= 1.5 min
Discarded =	1.39 cfs @	12.25 hrs, Volume=	26,474 cf	
Primary =	17.47 cfs @	12.25 hrs, Volume=	33,051 cf	
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 43.91' @ 12.25 hrs Surf.Area= 5,294 sf Storage= 4,686 cf Flood Elev= 44.25' Surf.Area= 5,519 sf Storage= 5,791 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 14.6 min ( 805.7 - 791.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	40.50'	955 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			3,185 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	42.50'	4,836 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

5,791 cf Total Available Storage

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
40.50	2,123	0	0
41.00	2,123	1,062	1,062
42.00	2,123	2,123	3,185
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
42.50	2,123	0	0
43.00	2,477	1,150	1,150
44.00	3,236	2,857	4,007
44.25	3,396	829	4,836

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	43.20'	9.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#2	Discarded	40.50'	2.410 in/hr In-Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 40.10'
#3	Device 2	40.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 40.10'
#4	Secondary	44.20'	118.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	·		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72
			2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

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**Discarded OutFlow** Max=1.39 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=43.91' (Free Discharge)

**-2=In-Situ Exfiltration** (Controls 1.39 cfs) **-3=Sand Exfiltration** (Passes 1.39 cfs of 4.76 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=17.45 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=43.91' TW=41.22' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 17.45 cfs @ 2.76 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=40.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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# Summary for Pond 2-B: Basin 2B

210,085 sf, 75.27% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.91" for 25-Year event
17.51 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume=	33,474 cf
14.09 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume=	33,475 cf, Atten= 20%, Lag= 5.6 min
6.48 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume=	27,175 cf
7.61 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume=	6,300 cf
0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf
0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf
	17.51 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 14.09 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 6.48 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 7.61 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 41.45' @ 12.35 hrs Surf.Area= 9,671 sf Storage= 8,736 cf Flood Elev= 42.00' Surf.Area= 10,364 sf Storage= 11,733 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 12.4 min (757.5 - 745.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	36.75'	1,418 cf	ASTM C-33 sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			4,726 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	39.00'	11,808 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

13,226 cf Total Available Storage

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
36.75	799	0	0
37.50	2,459	1,222	1,222
38.50	4,550	3,505	4,726
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
39.00	799	0	0
40.00	2,459	1,629	1,629
41.00	4,550	3,505	5,134
42.00	5,814	5,182	10,316
42.25	6,125	1,492	11,808

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	36.90'	12.0" Round 12" RCP
	•		L= 12.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 36.90' / 36.50' S= 0.0333 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Discarded	36.75'	2.410 in/hr In-Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 36.70'
#3	Device 2	36.75'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 36.70'
#4	Device 1	41.00'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads
#5	Secondary	42.10'	193.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72

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2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

#6 Tertiary

193.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 42.10'

Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50

Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72

2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=6.48 cfs @ 12.35 hrs HW=41.45' (Free Discharge)

-2=In-Situ Exfiltration (Controls 6.48 cfs)

-3=Sand Exfiltration (Passes 6.48 cfs of 22.24 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=7.61 cfs @ 12.35 hrs HW=41.45' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=12" RCP (Inlet Controls 7.61 cfs @ 9.69 fps)

**4-Orifice/Grate** (Passes 7.61 cfs of 8.31 cfs potential flow)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=36.75' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Tertiary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=36.75' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

**T**—6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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### Summary for Pond 3P: Basin 3

Inflow Area = 99,444 sf, 45.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.51" for 25-Year event Inflow 4.75 cfs @ 12.31 hrs. Volume= 20,838 cf 2.11 cfs @ 12.68 hrs, Volume= Outflow 20,839 cf, Atten= 55%, Lag= 22.1 min Discarded = 0.56 cfs @ 12.68 hrs, Volume= 17,877 cf Primary = 1.56 cfs @ 12.68 hrs, Volume= 2,962 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 43.15' @ 12.68 hrs Surf.Area= 7,198 sf Storage= 7,242 cf Flood Elev= 44.00' Surf.Area= 7,917 sf Storage= 11,163 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 127.8 min (991.3 - 863.5)

Volume	Invert /	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	39.50'	1,331 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
		•	4,436 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	41.50'	9,832 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
		11,163 cf	Total Available Storage
Elevation	Surf.Ar	ea Inc	c.Store Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq	-ft) (cubi	pic-feet) (cubic-feet)

39.50	2,957	0	0
40.50	2,957	2,957	2,957
41.00	2,957	1,479	4,436
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
(feet) 41.50	(sq-ft) 2,957	(cubic-feet) 0	(cubic-feet) 0
41.50	2,957	0	0

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	38.00'	12.0" Round 12" RCP
	-		L= 109.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 38.00' / 36.50' S= 0.0138 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Discarded	39.50'	1.020 in/hr In Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 38.75'
#3	Device 2	39.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Layer Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 38.50'
#4	Device 1	43.00'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

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Discarded OutFlow Max=0.56 cfs @ 12.68 hrs HW=43.15' (Free Discharge)

2=In Situ Exfiltration (Controls 0.56 cfs)

3=Sand Layer Exfiltration (Passes 0.56 cfs of 3.80 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.56 cfs @ 12.68 hrs HW=43.15' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)
1=12" RCP (Passes 1.56 cfs of 7.13 cfs potential flow)
4=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 1.56 cfs @ 1.26 fps)

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#### **Summary for Pond 4P: STORMCEPTOR**

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.92" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 2.94 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 28,844 cf

Outflow = 2.94 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 28,844 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 2.94 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 28,844 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 48.72' @ 12.24 hrs

Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices

#1 Primary

45.60'

#2.0" Round 12" RCP L= 3.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.60' / 45.58' S= 0.0067 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

**Primary OutFlow** Max=2.87 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=48.71' TW=48.13' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=12" RCP** (Inlet Controls 2.87 cfs @ 3.66 fps)

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#### Summary for Pond 5P: Forebay P2

Inflow Area = 189,389 sf, 83.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.72" for 25-Year event Inflow = 19.89 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 74,528 cf

Outflow = 19.40 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 74,385 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.3 min 15,255 cf

Primary = 19.14 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 59,129 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 44.53' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 2,946 sf Storage= 5,858 cf Flood Elev= 46.00' Surf.Area= 3,290 sf Storage= 7,334 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 61.9 min calculated for 74,364 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 60.8 min (861.0 - 800.2)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Sto	prage Storage Description				
#1	41.50	7,33	34 cf Custom	n Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevatio	-	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)			
41.5	50	1,014	0	0			
42.0	00	1,295	577	577			
43.0	00	1,901	1,598	2,175			
44.0	00	2,563	2,232	4,407			
45.0	00	3,290	2,927	7,334			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es			
#1	Primary	43.75'	9.0' long Sha	arp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)			
#2	Discarded	41.50'		ixfiltration over Surface area to Groundwater Elevation = 41.30'			

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.26 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=44.53' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.26 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=19.08 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=44.53' TW=43.90' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 19.08 cfs @ 2.78 fps)

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# Summary for Pond 10: DMH 10

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 44.79' @ 12.23 hrs Flood Elev= 44.80'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	41.60'	24.0" Round Double 18" RCP X 2.00
	-		L= 18.0' RCP, groove end projecting, Ke= 0.200
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 41.60' / 41.50' S= 0.0056 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Secondary	44.80'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate Overflow</b> C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=19.47 cfs @ 12.21 hrs HW=44.78' TW=44.51' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Double 18" RCP (Inlet Controls 19.47 cfs @ 3.10 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=41.60' TW=39.50' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Orifice/Grate Overflow (Controls 0.00 cfs)

NOAA 24-hr C 25-Year Rainfall=6.10"

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# Summary for Pond 20A: DMH-20A

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.61" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 11.23 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 45.619 cf

Outflow = 11.23 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 45,619 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 11.23 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 45,619 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 48.14' @ 12.24 hrs

Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices

#1 Primary

45.60' 

#2.00' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.60' / 45.50' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

**Primary OutFlow** Max=11.22 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=48.13' TW=46.12' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=18" RCP** (Barrel Controls 11.22 cfs @ 6.35 fps)

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# Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: 1 Runoff Area=6,437 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.40"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.23 cfs 751 cf

Subcatchment 2A: 2A Runoff Area=28,455 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.71"

Flow Length=235' Slope=0.0100 '/' Tc=15.2 min CN=51 Runoff=1.61 cfs 6,432 cf

Subcatchment 2B: 2B Runoff Area=49,490 sf 30.94% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.41"

Flow Length=163' Tc=9.0 min CN=57 Runoff=4.54 cfs 14,049 cf

Subcatchment 2S: 2 Runoff Area=118,671 sf 80.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.00"

Flow Length=325' Tc=16.6 min CN=87 Runoff=16.65 cfs 69,183 cf

Subcatchment 3A: 3A Runoff Area=9,995 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.40"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.36 cfs 1,166 cf

Subcatchment 3B: 3B Runoff Area=10,701 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.40"

Tc=5.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.39 cfs 1,249 cf

Subcatchment 3S: 3 Runoff Area=189,389 sf 83.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.12"

Flow Length=200' Tc=13.3 min CN=88 Runoff=29.28 cfs 112,313 cf

Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Watershed Runoff Area=223,065 sf 63.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.79"

Tc=5.0 min CN=77 Runoff=39.66 cfs 107,637 cf

Subcatchment 5S: Watershed 5 (Bypass)

Runoff Area=28,270 sf 46.93% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.59"

Flow Length=388' Tc=14.4 min CN=67 Runoff=2.92 cfs 10,814 cf

Subcatchment 6S: Watershed 6 (bypass)

Runoff Area=23,402 sf 4.38% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.71"

Flow Length=125' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.5 min CN=42 Runoff=0.90 cfs 3,344 cf

Subcatchment 7S: Watershed 7 Runoff Area=7,950 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.32"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.73 cfs 5,512 cf

Subcatchment 8S: 8 Runoff Area=99,444 sf 45.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.47"

Flow Length=457' Tc=20.2 min CN=66 Runoff=8.57 cfs 37,050 cf

Reach 1R: Wetland 1 Inflow=0.23 cfs 751 cf

Outflow=0.23 cfs 751 cf

Reach 2R: Wetland D Inflow=1.61 cfs 6,432 cf

Outflow=1.61 cfs 6,432 cf

Reach 3R: Wetland M Inflow=2.23 cfs 487 cf

Outflow=2.23 cfs 487 cf

Reach 4R: Wetland N Inflow=0.90 cfs 3,344 cf

Outflow=0.90 cfs 3,344 cf

2651	Pro	posed
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NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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Reach 5R: Wetland C Inflow=2.92 cfs 10,814 cf

Outflow=2.92 cfs 10,814 cf

Reach 6R: Showcase Inflow=41.67 cfs 145,620 cf

Outflow=41.67 cfs 145,620 cf

Pond 1P: Basin 1 Peak Elev=47.46' Storage=13,368 cf Inflow=20.24 cfs 83,232 cf

Discarded=10.78 cfs 83,233 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=10.78 cfs 83,233 cf

Pond 2: DDMH 2 Peak Elev=52.78' Inflow=16.65 cfs 69,183 cf

Primary=4.45 cfs 40,226 cf Secondary=12.35 cfs 28,957 cf Outflow=16.65 cfs 69,183 cf

**Pond 2-A: Basin 2A**Peak Elev=44.05' Storage=5,129 cf Inflow=24.35 cfs 94,538 cf

Discarded=1.44 cfs 38,637 cf Primary=22.69 cfs 55,902 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=24.13 cfs 94,538 cf

Pond 2-B: Basin 2B Peak Elev=42.13' Storage=12,489 cf Inflow=22.89 cfs 57,150 cf

.45 cfs 40,484 cf Primary=8.22 cfs 15,692 cf Secondary=2.23 cfs 487 cf Tertiary=2.23 cfs 487 cf Outflow=20.14 cfs 57,150 cf

Pond 3P: Basin 3 Peak Elev=43.55' Storage=9,034 cf Inflow=12.25 cfs 39,261 cf

Discarded=0.62 cfs 22,969 cf Primary=7.38 cfs 16,293 cf Outflow=8.00 cfs 39,262 cf

Pond 4P: STORMCEPTOR Peak Elev=51.99' Inflow=4.45 cfs 40,226 cf

12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=3.0' S=0.0067 '/' Outflow=4.45 cfs 40,226 cf

Pond 5P: Forebay P2 Peak Elev=44.68' Storage=6,330 cf Inflow=24.84 cfs 110,102 cf

Discarded=0.27 cfs 16,583 cf Primary=24.14 cfs 93,372 cf Outflow=24.41 cfs 109,955 cf

Pond 10: DMH 10 Peak Elev=45.10' Inflow=29.28 cfs 112,313 cf

Primary=24.84 cfs 110,102 cf Secondary=4.57 cfs 2,211 cf Outflow=29.28 cfs 112,313 cf

Pond 20A: DMH-20A Peak Elev=50.71' Inflow=16.65 cfs 69,183 cf

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=20.0' S=0.0050 '/' Outflow=16.65 cfs 69,183 cf

Total Runoff Area = 795,269 sf Runoff Volume = 369,499 cf Average Runoff Depth = 5.58" 39.77% Pervious = 316,281 sf 60.23% Impervious = 478,988 sf

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## **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: 1**

Runoff = 0.23 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 751 cf, Depth= 1.40"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description							
	6,437	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
	6,437	100.00% Pervious Area								
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
5.0					Direct Entry,					

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## Summary for Subcatchment 2A: 2A

Runoff = 1.61 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 6,432 cf, Depth= 2.71"

	Λ.	roo (of)	CNI I	) oo orintion							
_	A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description							
*	•	13,400	65 F	Playground	Playground						
		15,055	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A					
_		28,455	51 \	Veighted A	verage						
		28,455			ervious Are	a					
		,									
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	'					
_	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08	` ` ` ` ` `	Sheet Flow,					
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"					
	4.4	185	0.0100	0.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
			2.2.00	00		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
-	15.2	235	Total								

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## Summary for Subcatchment 2B: 2B

Runoff = 4.54 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 14,049 cf, Depth= 3.41"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description							
		15,311	98 F	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A							
_		34,179	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
		49,490	57 V	Veighted A	verage						
		34,179	6	9.06% Per	vious Area						
		15,311	3	0.94% lmp	pervious Are	ea					
	_										
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	6.2	50	0.0400	0.13		Sheet Flow,					
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"					
	2.8	113	0.0090	0.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
	9.0	163	Total								

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## Summary for Subcatchment 2S: 2

Runoff = 16.65 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 69,183 cf, Depth= 7.00"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	95,742 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A					
*		0	65	Playground		
_		22,929	39 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	1	18,671	87	Weighted A	verage	
		22,929		19.32% Per	vious Area	
		95,742		30.68% lmp	ervious Ar	ea
·						
	Тс	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"
	5.7	250	0.0110	0.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.1	25	0.3300	4.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	16.6	325	Total			

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# Summary for Subcatchment 3A: 3A

Runoff = 0.36 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1,166 cf, Depth= 1.40"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description						
	9,995	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	9,995	1	100.00% Pervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	•				
5.0					Direct Entry,				

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## Summary for Subcatchment 3B: 3B

Runoff = 0.39 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1,249 cf, Depth= 1.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description							
10,701	39	9 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
10,701		ea							
Tc Lengt (min) (fee		•	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
5.0				Direct Entry,					

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# Summary for Subcatchment 3S: 3

Runoff = 29.28 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 112,313 cf, Depth= 7.12"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN D	N Description							
1	158,140 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A									
	31,249	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A					
1	89,389	88 V	Veighted A	verage						
	31,249	1	6.50% Per	vious Area						
1	58,140	8	3.50% lmp	ervious Are	ea					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
10.1	50	0.0120	0.08		Sheet Flow,					
3.2	150	0.0125	0.78		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
13.3	200	Total								

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# **Summary for Subcatchment 4A: Showcase Watershed**

Runoff = 39.66 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 107,637 cf, Depth= 5.79"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

	Ar	ea (sf)	CN	Description						
	80,318 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A									
	1	42,747	98	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A						
223,065 77 Weighted Average										
		80,318		36.01% Per	vious Area	A Company of the Comp				
	14	42,747		63.99% Impervious Area						
	Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description				
	<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)					
F.O						Direct Enter				

5.0

Direct Entry,

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# Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Watershed 5 (Bypass)

Runoff = 2.92 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 10,814 cf, Depth= 4.59"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description							
		13,267 98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A									
		15,003	39 :	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
		28,270	67 \	Neighted A	verage						
		15,003		53.07% Per	vious Area						
		13,267	4	16.93% lmp	pervious Ar	ea					
	_					-					
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description					
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	10.8	50	0.0100	0.08		Sheet Flow,					
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"					
	1.3	80	0.0220	1.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
	2.3	258	0.0150	1.84		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps					
	14.4	388	Total								

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# Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Watershed 6 (bypass)

Runoff = 0.90 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 3,344 cf, Depth= 1.71"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN [			
	22,376	39 >	-75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	1,026	98 F	Paved road	s w/curbs 8	R sewers, HSG A
23,402 42 Weighted Average					
	22,376	ę	95.62% Per	vious Area	
	1,026	4	1.38% Impe	ervious Area	a
т.	ما المراجعة	Clana	\/alaaitr	Consoitu	Description
Tc (min)	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"
1.3	75	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
9.5	125	Total			

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# Summary for Subcatchment 7S: Watershed 7

Runoff = 1.73 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 5,512 cf, Depth= 8.32"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
		7,950	98	Unconnected pavement, HSG A				
		7,950		100.00% Impervious Area				
		7,950		100.00% Unconnected				
	То	Longth	Clone	\/olooity	Consoitu	Description		
	Tc	- 3	Slope					
_	(min)	(feet)	(11/11	(ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
	5.0		Direct Entry					

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# Summary for Subcatchment 8S: 8

Runoff = 8.57 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 37,050 cf, Depth= 4.47"

_	Α	Area (sf) CN Description							
		44,805	98 P	98 Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG A					
_		54,639	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A			
		99,444	66 V	Veighted A	verage				
		54,639	5	4.94% Per	vious Area				
		44,805	4	5.06% lmp	pervious Are	ea			
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	14.3	50	0.0050	0.06		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 1.50"			
	4.8	182	0.0080	0.63		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	1.1	225	0.0050	3.47	2.73	Pipe Channel, 12" HDPE			
						12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'			
_						n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior			
	20.2	457	Total						

NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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## Summary for Reach 1R: Wetland 1

Inflow Area = 6,437 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.40" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.23 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 751 cf

Outflow = 0.23 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 751 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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## Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland D

Inflow Area = 196,616 sf, 56.48% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.39" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 1.61 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 6,432 cf

Outflow = 1.61 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 6,432 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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## Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland M

Inflow = 2.23 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 487 cf

Outflow = 2.23 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 487 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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## Summary for Reach 4R: Wetland N

Inflow Area = 23,402 sf, 4.38% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.71" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.90 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 3,344 cf

Outflow = 0.90 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 3,344 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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## Summary for Reach 5R: Wetland C

Inflow Area = 28,270 sf, 46.93% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.59" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 2.92 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 10,814 cf

Outflow = 2.92 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 10,814 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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## Summary for Reach 6R: Showcase

Inflow Area = 540,544 sf, 65.42% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.23" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 41.67 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 145,620 cf

Outflow = 41.67 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 145,620 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Elevation

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#### **Summary for Pond 1P: Basin 1**

Inflow Area = 168,161 sf, 66.04% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.94" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 20.24 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 83,232 cf

Outflow = 10.78 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume= 83,233 cf, Atten= 47%, Lag= 13.5 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 47.46' @ 12.45 hrs Surf.Area= 11,748 sf Storage= 13,368 cf

Flood Elev= 49.00' Surf.Area= 15,007 sf Storage= 26,961 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 10.6 min (815.6 - 805.1)

Surf.Area

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	43.50'	2,007 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			6,689 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	45.50'	24,955 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

Cum.Store

26,961 cf Total Available Storage

Inc.Store

<u>(teet)</u>	(sq-tt)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
43.50	4,459	0	0
44.50	4,459	4,459	4,459
45.00	4,459	2,230	6,689
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
45.50	4,459	0	0
46.00	5,124	2,396	2,396
47.00	6,495	5,810	8,205
48.00	8,228	7,362	15,567
49.00	10,548	9,388	24,955

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	43.50'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 43.40'	
#2	Device 1	43.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area	
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 43.40'	
#3	Primary	48.00'	13.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)	

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=10.78 cfs @ 12.45 hrs HW=47.46' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Controls 10.78 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=43.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

**1**—3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

**<sup>2=</sup>Sand Exfiltration** (Passes 10.78 cfs of 36.98 cfs potential flow)

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#### **Summary for Pond 2: DDMH 2**

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.00" for 100-Year event Inflow = 16.65 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 69,183 cf

Outflow = 16.65 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 69,183 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min 4.45 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 40,226 cf

Secondary = 12.35 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 28,957 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 52.78' @ 12.27 hrs Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	45.72'	<b>12.0"</b> Round <b>12"</b> RCP L= 3.0' RCP, groove end projecting, Ke= 0.200
	•		Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.72' / 45.70' S= 0.0067 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 3	46.40'	3.0' long x 3.00' rise Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir
			0 End Contraction(s)
#3	Secondary	45.70'	<b>18.0" Round 18" RCP</b> L= 4.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.70' / 45.66' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

**Primary OutFlow** Max=3.71 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=52.23' TW=51.62' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=12" RCP** (Inlet Controls 3.71 cfs @ 4.73 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=12.18 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=52.73' TW=50.69' (Dynamic Tailwater)

3=18" RCP (Inlet Controls 12.18 cfs @ 6.89 fps)

2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Passes 12.18 cfs of 63.20 cfs potential flow)

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# Summary for Pond 2-A: Basin 2A

Inflow Area =	199,384 sf, 79.31% Impervious	Inflow Depth = 5.69" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	24.35 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume=	94,538 cf
Outflow =	24.13 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume=	94,538 cf, Atten= 1%, Lag= 1.4 min
Discarded =	1.44 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume=	38,637 cf
Primary =	22.69 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume=	55,902 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 44.05' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 5,392 sf Storage= 5,129 cf Flood Elev= 44.25' Surf.Area= 5,519 sf Storage= 5,791 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 14.1 min calculated for 94,512 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 14.1 min (806.2 - 792.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	40.50'	955 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			3,185 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	42.50'	4,836 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

5,791 cf Total Available Storage

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
40.50	2,123	0	0
41.00	2,123	1,062	1,062
42.00	2,123	2,123	3,185
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
42.50	2,123	0	0
43.00	2,477	1,150	1,150
44.00	3,236	2,857	4,007
44.25	3,396	829	4,836

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Primary	43.20'	9.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)	
#2	Discarded	40.50'	2.410 in/hr In-Situ Exfiltration over Surface area	
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 40.10'	
#3	Device 2	40.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area	
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 40.10'	
#4	Secondary	44.20'	118.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir	
	-		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00	
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50	
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72	
			2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32	

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Discarded OutFlow Max=1.44 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=44.05' (Free Discharge)

2=In-Situ Exfiltration (Controls 1.44 cfs)

3=Sand Exfiltration (Passes 1.44 cfs of 4.95 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=22.68 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=44.05' TW=41.77' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 22.68 cfs @ 3.02 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=40.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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# Summary for Pond 2-B: Basin 2B

Inflow Area =	210,085 sf	, 75.27% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.26" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	22.89 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	57,150 cf
Outflow =	20.14 cfs @	12.34 hrs, Volume=	57,150 cf, Atten= 12%, Lag= 6.1 min
Discarded =	7.45 cfs @	12.34 hrs, Volume=	40,484 cf
Primary =	8.22 cfs @	12.34 hrs, Volume=	15,692 cf
Secondary =	2.23 cfs @	12.34 hrs, Volume=	487 cf
Tertiary =	2.23 cfs @	12.34 hrs, Volume=	487 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 42.13' @ 12.34 hrs Surf.Area= 10,524 sf Storage= 12,489 cf Flood Elev= 42.00' Surf.Area= 10,364 sf Storage= 11,733 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 12.0 min ( 758.3 - 746.3 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	36.75'	1,418 cf	ASTM C-33 sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			4,726 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	39.00'	11,808 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

13,226 cf Total Available Storage

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
36.75	799	0	0
37.50	2,459	1,222	1,222
38.50	4,550	3,505	4,726
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
39.00	799	0	0
40.00	2,459	1,629	1,629
41.00	4,550	3,505	5,134
42.00	5,814	5,182	10,316
42.25	6,125	1,492	11,808

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	36.90'	12.0" Round 12" RCP
	•		L= 12.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 36.90' / 36.50' S= 0.0333 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Discarded	36.75'	2.410 in/hr In-Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 36.70'
#3	Device 2	36.75'	8.270 in/hr Sand Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 36.70'
#4	Device 1	41.00'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads
#5	Secondary	42.10'	193.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72

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2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

#6 Tertiary

193.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 42.10'

Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50

Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72

2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=7.45 cfs @ 12.34 hrs HW=42.13' (Free Discharge)

-2=In-Situ Exfiltration (Controls 7.45 cfs)

-3=Sand Exfiltration (Passes 7.45 cfs of 25.58 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=8.22 cfs @ 12.34 hrs HW=42.13' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=12" RCP (Inlet Controls 8.22 cfs @ 10.47 fps)

**4-Orifice/Grate** (Passes 8.22 cfs of 28.56 cfs potential flow)

**Secondary OutFlow** Max=2.16 cfs @ 12.34 hrs HW=42.13' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 2.16 cfs @ 0.41 fps)

Tertiary OutFlow Max=2.16 cfs @ 12.34 hrs HW=42.13' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

**T—6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 2.16 cfs @ 0.41 fps)

Elevation

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# **Summary for Pond 3P: Basin 3**

99,444 sf, 45.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.74" for 100-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 12.25 cfs @ 12.23 hrs. Volume= 39.261 cf 8.00 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= Outflow 39,262 cf, Atten= 35%, Lag= 8.2 min 0.62 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 22,969 cf Primary = 7.38 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 16,293 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 43.55' @ 12.37 hrs Surf.Area= 7,540 sf Storage= 9,034 cf Flood Elev= 44.00' Surf.Area= 7,917 sf Storage= 11,163 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 93.2 min ( 933.3 - 840.2 )

Surf.Area

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	39.50'	1,331 cf	ASTM C-33 Sand (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			4,436 cf Overall x 30.0% Voids
#2	41.50'	9,832 cf	Basin (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

Cum.Store

11,163 cf Total Available Storage

Inc.Store

	Carr., a ca	1110.01010	Carri.Ctoro	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
39.50	2,957	0	0	
40.50	2,957	2,957	2,957	
41.00	2,957	1,479	4,436	
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
(1661)	(34-11)	(Cubic-leet)	(Cabic-icet)	
41.50	2,957	0	0	
42.00	3,329	1,572	1,572	
43.00	4,116	3,723	5,294	
.0.00	.,	-,		
44.00	4,960	4,538	9,832	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	38.00'	12.0" Round 12" RCP
			L= 109.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 38.00' / 36.50' S= 0.0138 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Discarded	39.50'	1.020 in/hr In Situ Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 38.75'
#3	Device 2	39.50'	8.270 in/hr Sand Layer Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 38.50'
#4	Device 1	43.00'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

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**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.62 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=43.55' (Free Discharge) **2=In Situ Exfiltration** (Controls 0.62 cfs) **3=Sand Layer Exfiltration** (Passes 0.62 cfs of 4.20 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=7.38 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=43.55' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)
1=12" RCP (Barrel Controls 7.38 cfs @ 9.40 fps)
4=Orifice/Grate (Passes 7.38 cfs of 11.29 cfs potential flow)

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#### **Summary for Pond 4P: STORMCEPTOR**

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.07" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 4.45 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 40,226 cf

Outflow = 4.45 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 40,226 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 4.45 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 40,226 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 51.99' @ 12.26 hrs

Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices

#1 Primary

45.60'

#2.0" Round 12" RCP L= 3.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.60' / 45.58' S= 0.0067 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

**Primary OutFlow** Max=4.14 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=51.62' TW=50.42' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=12" RCP** (Inlet Controls 4.14 cfs @ 5.27 fps)

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#### Summary for Pond 5P: Forebay P2

Inflow Area = 189,389 sf, 83.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.98" for 100-Year event Inflow = 24.84 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 110,102 cf

Outflow = 24.41 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 109,955 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.7 min 16,583 cf

Primary = 24.14 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 93,372 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 44.68' @ 12.23 hrs Surf.Area= 3,060 sf Storage= 6,330 cf Flood Elev= 46.00' Surf.Area= 3,290 sf Storage= 7,334 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 46.3 min calculated for 109,955 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 45.4 min (835.4 - 790.0)

<u>Volume</u>	Inve	t Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description
#1	41.50	)' 7,3	34 cf Custon	m Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	-	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
	-,			
41.5	00	1,014	0	0
42.0	00	1,295	577	577
43.0	00	1,901	1,598	2,175
44.0	00	2,563	2,232	4,407
45.0	00	3,290	2,927	7,334
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	ces
#1	Primary	43.75'	9.0' long Sha	parp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#2	Discarded	41.50'		Exfiltration over Surface area / to Groundwater Elevation = 41.30'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.27 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=44.68' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.27 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=24.08 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=44.68' TW=44.05' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 24.08 cfs @ 2.93 fps)

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# **Summary for Pond 10: DMH 10**

Inflow Area = 189,389 sf, 83.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.12" for 100-Year event 
Inflow = 29.28 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 112,313 cf 
Outflow = 29.28 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 112,313 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min 
Primary = 24.84 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 110,102 cf 
Secondary = 4.57 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 2,211 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 45.10' @ 12.22 hrs Flood Elev= 44.80'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	41.60'	24.0" Round Double 18" RCP X 2.00
	•		L= 18.0' RCP, groove end projecting, Ke= 0.200
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 41.60' / 41.50' S= 0.0056 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Secondary	44.80'	<b>32.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate Overflow</b> C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=24.54 cfs @ 12.19 hrs HW=45.09' TW=44.67' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Double 18" RCP (Inlet Controls 24.54 cfs @ 3.90 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=4.55 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=45.10' TW=43.13' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Orifice/Grate Overflow (Weir Controls 4.55 cfs @ 1.80 fps)

NOAA 24-hr C 100-Year Rainfall=8.56"

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# Summary for Pond 20A: DMH-20A

Inflow Area = 118,671 sf, 80.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.00" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 16.65 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 69,183 cf

Outflow = 16.65 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 69,183 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 16.65 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 69,183 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 50.71' @ 12.26 hrs

Flood Elev= 49.00'

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices

#1 Primary

45.60' 

#2.00' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 45.60' / 45.50' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

**Primary OutFlow** Max=16.51 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=50.64' TW=46.87' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=18" RCP** (Inlet Controls 16.51 cfs @ 9.34 fps)

**Section B-3** Drainage Calculations

### Stormwater Recharge

The Required Recharge Volume equals a depth of runoff corresponding to the soil type times the net impervious areas covering that soil type at the post-development site.

Rv = F x impervious area

Rv = Required Recharge Volume, expressed in Ft3, cubic yards, or acre-feet F = Target Depth Factor associated with each Hydrologic Soil Group Impervious Area = net pavement and rooftop area on site

Rv = 0.6-inch x 334,630 SF Rv = 16.732 CF

All BMPs were sized using the "Static" method. The "Static" method assumes that there is no exfiltration until the entire recharge device is filled to the elevation associated with the Required Recharge Volume.

Three BMPs were designed to meet the required Recharge Volume of <u>16,732</u> cubic feet. Collectively, the BMPs provide <u>30,307</u> cubic feet of storage, meeting this requirement.

- BMP 1
  - o Impervious Area 111,053 SF
  - o Rv Provided 15,567 CF
- BMP 2
  - o Impervious Area 158,140 SF
  - o Rv Provided 9,446 CF
- BMP 3
  - o Impervious Area 44,805 SF
  - o Rv Provided 5,294 CF

#### <u>Drawdown</u>

The drawdown of the stormwater BMP must be within 72 hours. To determine whether an infiltration BMP will drain within 72 hours, the following formula must be used:

$$Time_{drawdown} = \frac{Rv}{(K)(Bottom\ Area)}$$

Where:

Rv = Storage Volume

K = Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity For "Static" and "Simple Dynamic" Methods, use Rawls Rate (see Table 2.3.3).

Bottom Area = Bottom Area of Recharge Structure

Using a K value of <u>2.41</u> inches/hour (from Table 2.3.3) it is determined that our drawdown times are as follows, which comply with the 72-hour threshold.

- BMP 1 17.4 hours
- BMP 2 16.1 hours
- BMP 2 8.9 hours

#### Water Quality Volume

The required water quality volume can be calculated using the following formula:

 $V_{WQ} = (D_{WQ}/12 \text{ inches/foot}) * (A_{IMP} * 43,560 \text{ square feet/acre})$ 

Equation (1)

 $V_{WQ}$  = Required Water Quality Volume (in cubic feet)

 $D_{WQ}$  = Water Quality Depth: one-inch for discharges within a Zone II or Interim

Wellhead Protection Area, to or near another critical area, runoff from a

LUHPPL, or exfiltration to soils with infiltration rate greater than 2.4 inches/hour

or greater; ½-inch for discharges near or to other areas.

Using a water quality depth of 1-inch and an area of <u>334,630</u> square-feet for the total impervious area within the project area, the required water quality volume is <u>27,886</u> cubic feet.

#### Stormceptor Sizing

The required water quality volume is then converted into a discharge rate for sizing manufactured proprietary stormwater treatment practices using the following formula:

$$Q_{1.0} = (qu)(A)(WQV)$$

Where:

Q<sub>1.0</sub> = flow rate associated with first 1 -inch of runoff

qu = the unit peak discharge, in csm/in.

A = impervious surface drainage area (in square miles)

WQV = water quality volume in watershed inches (1 -inch in this case)

The unit peak discharge was selected using a time of concentration of five minutes, resulting in a peak discharge of 225csm/in. The required calculated flow rate for the first 1 inch of runoff is 0.77 cfs (cubic feet per second). As the Stormceptor Pretreatment Chamber has been sized to accommodate the 25-year storm, the provided flow rate is 3.09 cfs, which is in compliance.

#### **Forebay Sizing**

#### BMP 2

- At a minimum, the sediment forebay shall hold 0.1-inch/impervious acre to pretreat the water quality volume.
- o Impervious Area Draining to BMP = 158,140 SF

- Required Forebay Volume = 1,318 CFVolume Provided = 3,849 CF

**Section B-4** Groundwater Mounding Analysis

Basin 1

This spreadsheet will calculate the height of a groundwater mound beneath a stormwater infiltration basin. More information can be found in the U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Simulation of groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins".

The user must specify infiltration rate (R), specific yield (Sy), horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kh), basin dimensions (x, y), duration of infiltration period (t), and the initial thickness of the saturated zone (hi(0), height of the water table if the bottom of the aquifer is the datum). For a square basin the half width equals the half length (x = y). For a rectangular basin, if the user wants the water-table changes perpendicular to the long side, specify x as the short dimension and y as the long dimension. Conversely, if the user wants the values perpendicular to the short side, specify y as the short dimension, x as the long dimension. All distances are from the center of the basin. Users can change the distances from the center of the basin at which water-table aquifer thickness are calculated.

Cells highlighted in yellow are values that can be changed by the user. Cells highlighted in red are output values based on user-specified inputs. The user MUST click the blue "Re-Calculate Now" button each time ANY of the user-specified inputs are changed otherwise necessary iterations to converge on the correct solution will not be done and values shown will be incorrect. Use consistent units for all input values (for example, feet and days)

		use consistent units (e.g. feet & days or inches & hours)	Conversion		
Input Values			inch/hou	r feet/da	ay
4.8200	$\boldsymbol{R}$	Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)	0	.67	1.33
0.260	Sy	Specific yield, Sy (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)			
44.20	K	Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, Kh (feet/day)*	2	.00	4.00 In the report accompanying this spreadsheet
15.000	X	1/2 length of basin (x direction, in feet)			(USGS SIR 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability
74.000	У	1/2 width of basin (y direction, in feet)	hours	days	(ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal
0.710	t	duration of infiltration period (days)		36	1.50 hydraulic conductivity (ft/d).
56.400	hi(0)	initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)			

maximum thickness of saturated zone (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)

maximum groundwater mounding (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)

1.885 **∆**h(max)

Ground- Distance from water center of basin Mounding, in in x direction, in

h(max)

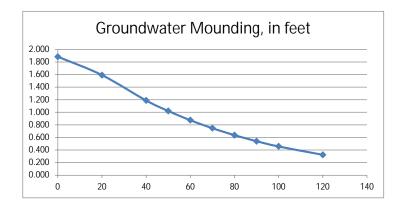
100

120

feet feet

1.885 0
1.592 20
1.188 40
1.021 50
0.875 60
0.748 70
0.637 80
0.541 90

## Re-Calculate Now



#### Disclaimer

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

Basin 2

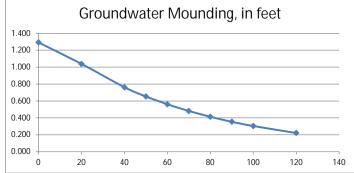
This spreadsheet will calculate the height of a groundwater mound beneath a stormwater infiltration basin. More information can be found in the U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Simulation of groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins".

The user must specify infiltration rate (R), specific yield (Sy), horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kh), basin dimensions (x, y), duration of infiltration period (t), and the initial thickness of the saturated zone (hi(0), height of the water table if the bottom of the aquifer is the datum). For a square basin the half width equals the half length (x = y). For a rectangular basin, if the user wants the water-table changes perpendicular to the long side, specify x as the short dimension and y as the long dimension. Conversely, if the user wants the values perpendicular to the short side, specify y as the short dimension. All distances are from the center of the basin. Users can change the distances from the center of the basin at which water-table aquifer thickness are calculated.

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			and the state of the form of the state of th	0			
	Malura		use consistent units (e.g. feet & days or inches & hours)		rsion Table		
input	Values			inch/h		,	
	4.8200	R	Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)		0.67	1.33	
	0.260	Sy	Specific yield, Sy (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)				
	44.20	K	Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, Kh (feet/day)*		2.00	4.00 In the re	port accompanying this spreadsheet
	10.750	Х	1/2 length of basin (x direction, in feet)				R 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability
	50.000	у	1/2 width of basin (y direction, in feet)	hours	days		assumed to be one-tenth horizontal
	0.500	t	duration of infiltration period (days)		36	1.50 hydrauli	c conductivity (ft/d).
	53.100	hi(0)	initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)				
	54.392 1.292	h(max) <b>∆</b> h(max)	maximum thickness of saturated zone (beneath center of maximum groundwater mounding (beneath center of ba				
Grou wate		Distance from enter of basin					
Mour	nding, in i	n x direction, in					
feet	J.	eet					
	1.292	0					
	1.038	20	Re-Calculate Now				
	0.762	40					
	0.450	FO					7

1.038 20 0.762 40 0.653 50 0.561 60 0.481 70 0.413 80 0.354 90 0.304 100 0.222 120



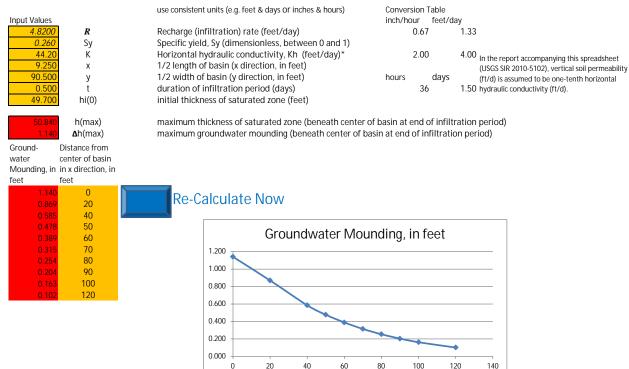
#### Disclaimer

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

This spreadsheet will calculate the height of a groundwater mound beneath a stormwater infiltration basin. More information can be found in the U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Simulation of groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins".

The user must specify infiltration rate (R), specific yield (Sy), horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kh), basin dimensions (x, y), duration of infiltration period (t), and the initial thickness of the saturated zone (hi(0), height of the water table if the bottom of the aquifer is the datum). For a square basin the half width equals the half length (x = y). For a rectangular basin, if the user wants the water-table changes perpendicular to the long side, specify x as the short dimension and y as the long dimension. Conversely, if the user wants the values perpendicular to the short side, specify y as the short dimension, x as the long dimension. All distances are from the center of the basin. Users can change the distances from the center of the basin at which water-table aquifer thickness are calculated.

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#### Disclaimer

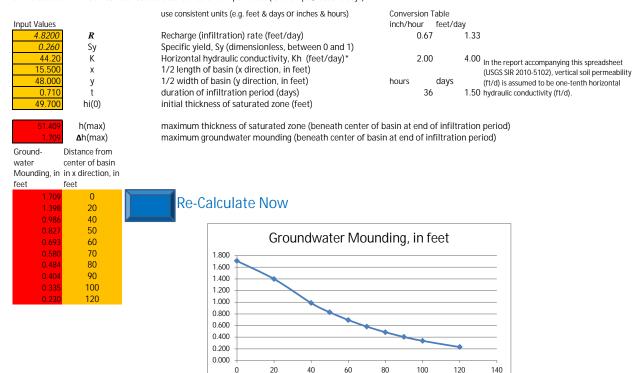
This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

Basin 3

This spreadsheet will calculate the height of a groundwater mound beneath a stormwater infiltration basin. More information can be found in the U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Simulation of groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins".

The user must specify infiltration rate (R), specific yield (Sy), horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kh), basin dimensions (x, y), duration of infiltration period (t), and the initial thickness of the saturated zone (hi(0), height of the water table if the bottom of the aquifer is the datum). For a square basin the half width equals the half length (x = y). For a rectangular basin, if the user wants the water-table changes perpendicular to the long side, specify x as the short dimension and y as the long dimension. Conversely, if the user wants the values perpendicular to the short side, specify y as the short dimension, x as the long dimension. All distances are from the center of the basin. Users can change the distances from the center of the basin at which water-table aquifer thickness are calculated.

Cells highlighted in yellow are values that can be changed by the user. Cells highlighted in red are output values based on user-specified inputs. The user MUST click the blue "Re-Calculate Now" button each time ANY of the user-specified inputs are changed otherwise necessary iterations to converge on the correct solution will not be done and values shown will be incorrect. Use consistent units for all input values (for example, feet and days)



#### Disclaimer

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

**Section B-5** Riprap Sizing Calculations

### HW-B3

Pipe Diameter (in)	Pipe Material	Manning's n Value	Storm Event
8	PVC	0.013	25
Cross-Sectional Area A (s.f.)	0.349	Peak Flow Rate Q (cfs)	1.1
Inside Width D <sub>o</sub> (ft)	0.7	Tailwater Elev. (ft. from invert)	0.10

## Apron Length

$$La = (1.7Q/D_o^{3/2}) + 8D_o$$

La = 8.77 feet

### Apron Start Width

$$Ws = 3 \times D_o$$

Ws = 2.0 feet

Apron End Width - Tailwater @ CL

We = 
$$(3 \times D_0) + 0.4La$$

We = n/a feet

Apron End Width - Tailwater Below CL

We = 
$$(3 \times D_o)$$
 + La

We = 10.8 feet

Median Rip Rap Diameter

$$d-50 = (0.02/TW) \times (Q/D_0)^{4/3}$$

d-50 = 0.4 feet

<u>HW-1</u>

Pipe Diameter (in)	Pipe Material	Manning's n Value	Storm Event
18	RCP	0.011	25
Cross-Sectional Area A (s.f.)	1.767	Peak Flow Rate Q (cfs)	14.3
Inside Width D <sub>o</sub> (ft)	1.5	Tailwater Elev. (ft. from invert)	1.00

## Apron Length

$$La = (1.7Q/D_o^{3/2}) + 8D_o$$

La = 25.23 feet

### Apron Start Width

$$Ws = 3 \times D_o$$

Ws = 4.5 feet

## Apron End Width - Tailwater @ CL

We = 
$$(3 \times D_0) + 0.4La$$

We = 14.6 feet

Apron End Width - Tailwater Below CL

We = 
$$(3 \times D_0) + La$$

We = n/a feet

## Median Rip Rap Diameter

$$d-50 = (0.02/TW) \times (Q/D_0)^{4/3}$$

d-50 = 0.4 feet

<u>HW-3</u>

Pipe Diameter (in)	Pipe Material	Manning's n Value	Storm Event
12	RCP	0.011	25
Cross-Sectional Area A (s.f.)	0.785	Peak Flow Rate Q (cfs)	0.79
Inside Width D <sub>o</sub> (ft)	1.0	Tailwater Elev. (ft. from invert)	1.00

## Apron Length

$$La = (1.7Q/D_o^{3/2}) + 8D_o$$

La = 9.34 feet

### Apron Start Width

$$Ws = 3 \times D_o$$

Ws = 3.0 feet

## Apron End Width - Tailwater @ CL

We = 
$$(3 \times D_0) + 0.4La$$

We = 6.7 feet

### Apron End Width - Tailwater Below CL

We = 
$$(3 \times D_0) + La$$

We = n/a feet

## Median Rip Rap Diameter

$$d-50 = (0.02/TW) \times (Q/D_0)^{4/3}$$

d-50 = 0.0 feet

### <u>HW-B5</u>

Pipe Diameter (in)	Pipe Material	Manning's n Value	Storm Event
15	PVC	0.013	25
Cross-Sectional Area A (s.f.)	1.227	Peak Flow Rate Q (cfs)	6.1
Inside Width D <sub>o</sub> (ft)	1.3	Tailwater Elev. (ft. from invert)	0.10

## Apron Length

La = 
$$(1.7Q/D_o^{3/2}) + 8D_o$$

La = 17.42 feet

### Apron Start Width

$$Ws = 3 \times D_o$$

Ws = 3.8 feet

## Apron End Width - Tailwater @ CL

We = 
$$(3 \times D_0) + 0.4La$$

We = n/a feet

## Apron End Width - Tailwater Below CL

We = 
$$(3 \times D_o)$$
 + La

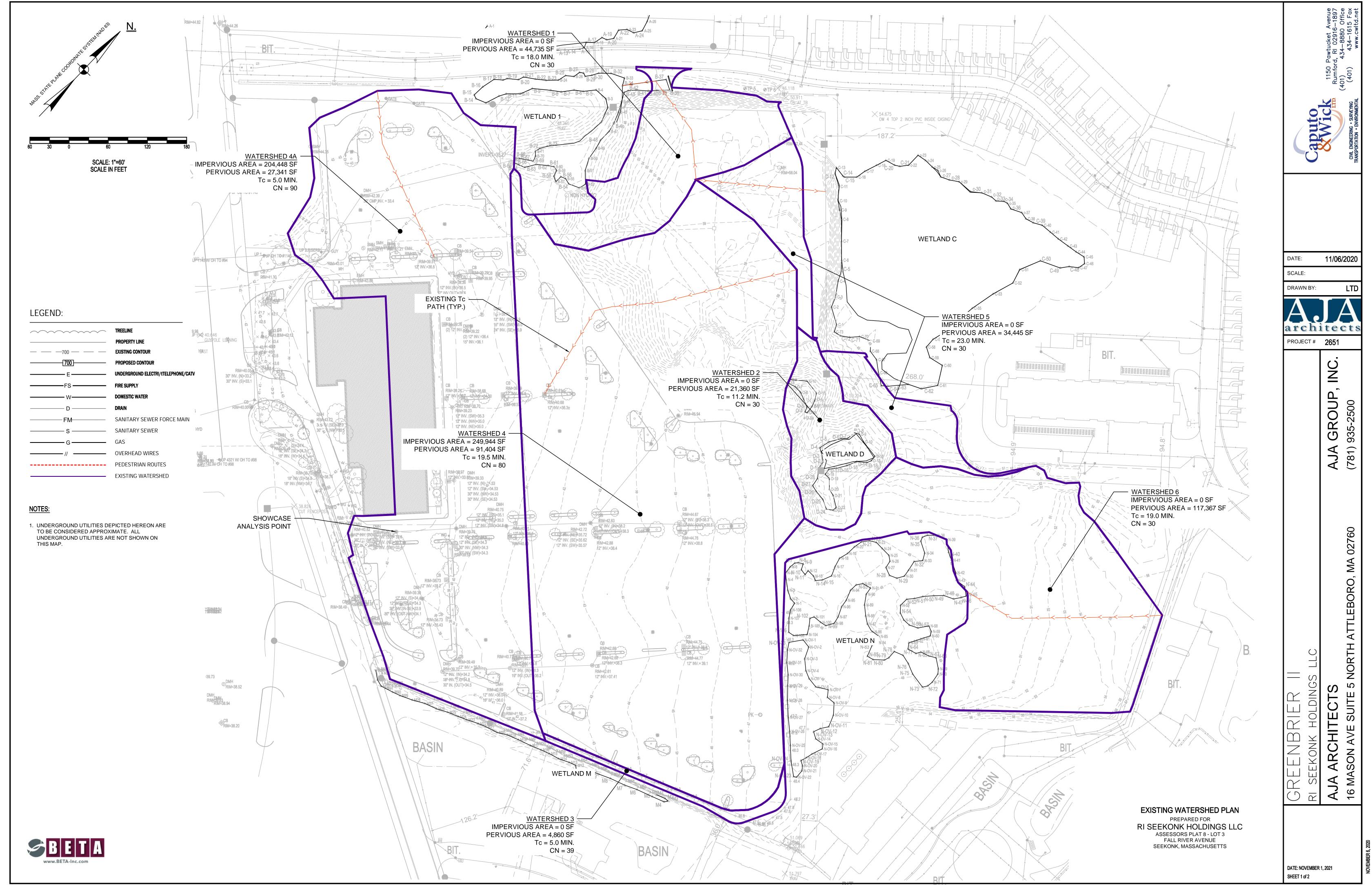
We = 21.2 feet

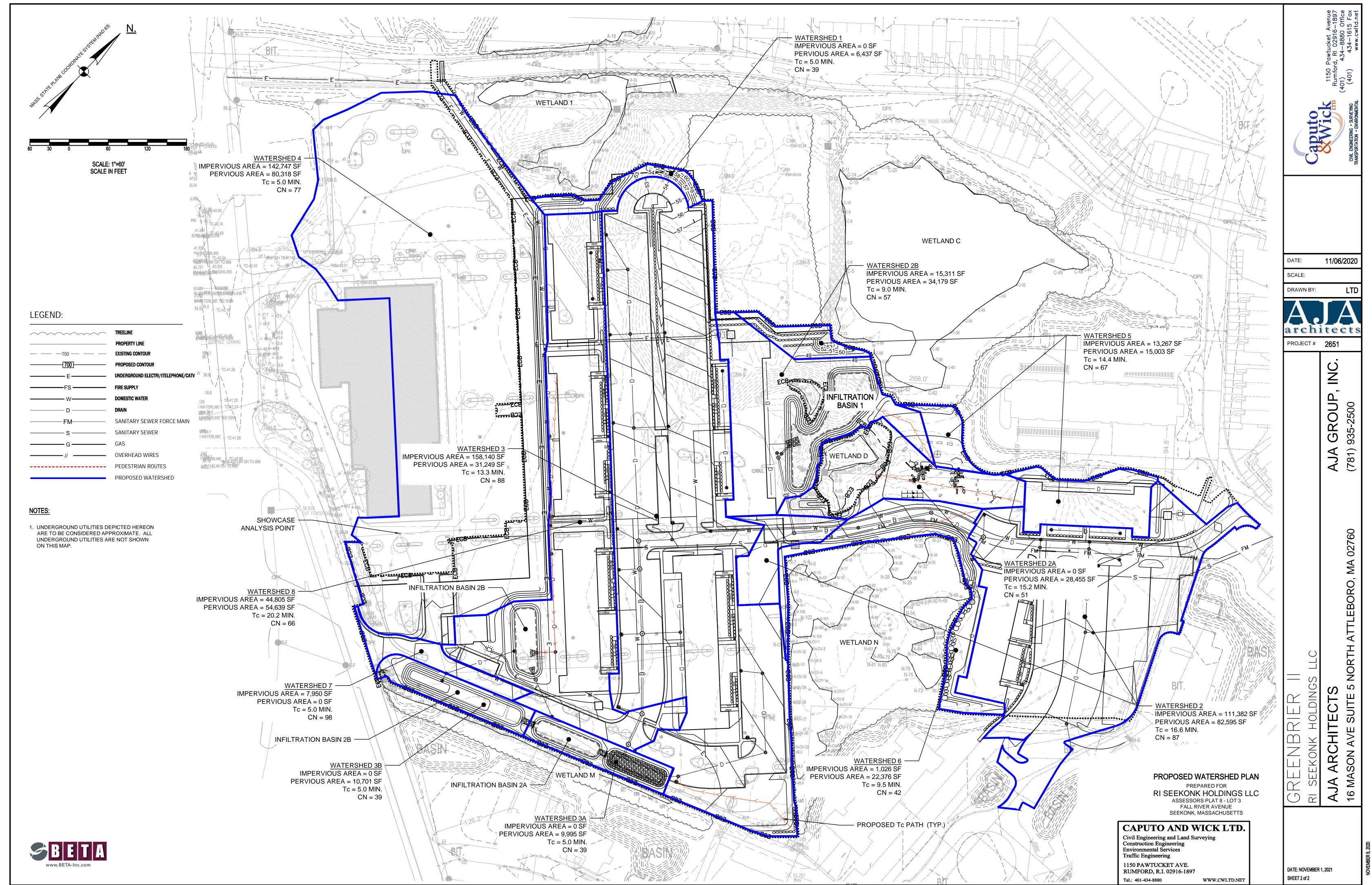
## Median Rip Rap Diameter

$$d-50 = (0.02/TW) \times (Q/D_0)^{4/3}$$

d-50 = 1.6 feet

**Appendix C** Watershed Plans





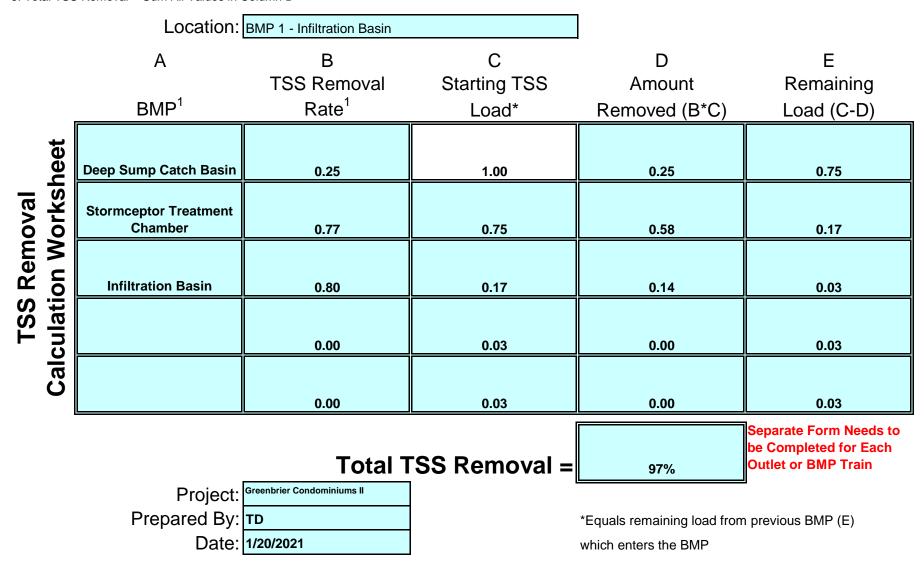
**Appendix D** TSS Removal

Section D-1
TSS Removal Calculations

INSTRUCTIONS: Non-automated: Mar. 4, 2008

1. Sheet is nonautomated. Print sheet and complete using hand calculations. Column A and B: See MassDEP Structural BMP Table

- 2. The calculations must be completed using the Column Headings specified in Chart and Not the Excel Column Headings
- 3. To complete Chart Column D, multiple Column B value within Row x Column C value within Row
- 4. To complete Chart Column E value, subtract Column D value within Row from Column C within Row
- 5. Total TSS Removal = Sum All Values in Column D



#### INSTRUCTIONS:

Version 1, Automated: Mar. 4, 2008

- 1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu
- 2. Select BMP from Drop Down Menu
- 3. After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

Location: BMP 2 - Infiltration Basin

В	C	D Charting TOC	E	F
BMP <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Load*	Amount Removed (C*D)	Remaining Load (D-E)
Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75
Sediment Forebay	0.25	0.75	0.19	0.56
Infiltration Basin	0.80	0.56	0.45	0.11
	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.11
	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.11
Project:		SS Removal =	89%	Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Outlet or BMP Train
	BMP <sup>1</sup> Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin  Sediment Forebay  Infiltration Basin	BMP <sup>1</sup> Rate <sup>1</sup> Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin 0.25  Sediment Forebay 0.25  Infiltration Basin 0.80  0.00	TSS Removal   Starting TSS   Load*	TSS Removal   Starting TSS   Amount   Rate <sup>1</sup>   Load*   Removed (C*D)

Non-automated TSS Calculation Sheet must be used if Proprietary BMP Proposed 1. From MassDEP Stormwater Handbook Vol. 1

Prepared By: TD

Date: 1/20/2021

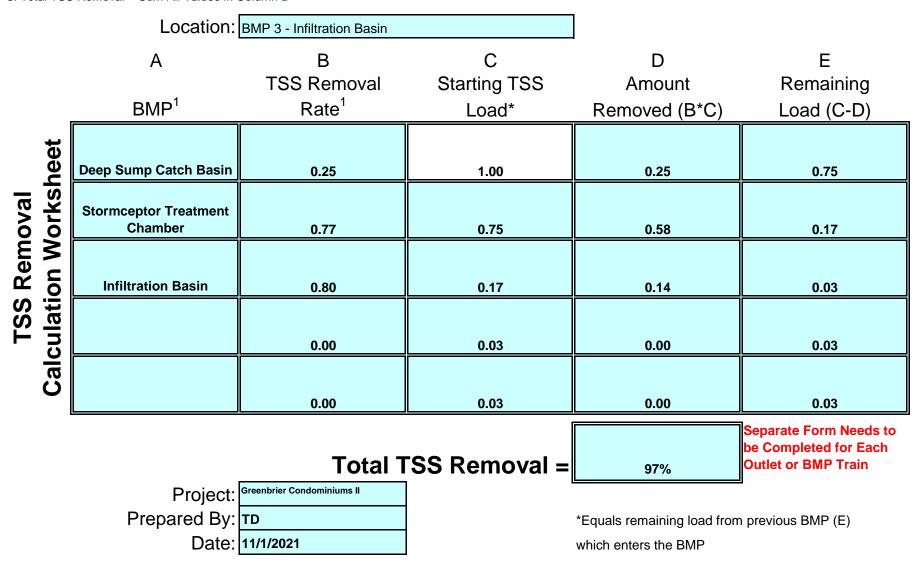
\*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E)

which enters the BMP

INSTRUCTIONS: Non-automated: Mar. 4, 2008

1. Sheet is nonautomated. Print sheet and complete using hand calculations. Column A and B: See MassDEP Structural BMP Table

- 2. The calculations must be completed using the Column Headings specified in Chart and Not the Excel Column Headings
- 3. To complete Chart Column D, multiple Column B value within Row x Column C value within Row
- 4. To complete Chart Column E value, subtract Column D value within Row from Column C within Row
- 5. Total TSS Removal = Sum All Values in Column D



Section D-2
Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan

## CONSTRUCTION PERIOD POLLUTION PREVENTION AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN

	SITE I	ESCRI	PTION	
Project Name and Location; (Latitude, Longitude, or Address	Greenbrier Residential Condominium Community 800 Fall River Ave, Seekon	k	Owner Name and Address:	RI Seekonk Holdings LLC 44 Davis Street Seekonk, MA 02771
Description: (Purpose and Types of Soil Disturbing Activities)	The following information i documents prepared by BET			d from the project plans and supporting
units, as well as a community cen	ter and associated utility buildi ian sidewalks, state roadway ac	ngs. The cess, clo	proposed work will in sed drainage systems,	housing, containing approximately 240 clude the creation of an internal roadway municipal water connection, and sanitary
Runoff Coefficient	Approx. 65 (based on a mix	of impe	rvious area and landsca	aped areas and A hydrologic soil group)
Site Area: The project includes approximately 13.40 acres of site disturbance.				
Sequence of Major Activities				
The order of activities will be as f  1. Install soil erosion controls is sock.  2. Grade site to accommodate  3. Install the proposed drainag  4. Construct the roadway.  5. Grade remaining site and co  6. Install permanent seeding.  7. Protect disturbed area from erosion control matting.	roadway. e system in the roadway. enstruct buildings	8.	Remove soil erosion grass has been estab	n controls after a satisfactory stand of olished.
Type of Receiving Resource Area:	Bordering Vegetated Wetlan Isolated Vegetated Wetlands			
	CO	ONTRO	LS	
	Erosion and	d Sedime	ent Controls	
	Stabili	zation Pı	ractices	
Tomporory Stabilization Tongoi	l stock piles and disturbed porti	one of th	na sita whara construct	ion activity temporarily access for at least

Temporary Stabilization - Topsoil stock piles and disturbed portions of the site where construction activity temporarily ceases for at least 21 days will be stabilized with temporary seed and mulch no later than 14 days from the last construction activity in that area. The temporary seed shall be Rye (grain) applied at the rate of 50 pounds per 1000 sq. ft. After seeding, each area shall be mulched with straw.

Permanent Stabilization - Disturbed portions of the site where construction activities permanently cease shall be stabilized with permanent seed mix no later than 14 days after the last construction activity. The permanent seed mix shall be as specified in the construction documents, and shall be properly maintained by the contractor until the grass has established an adequate level of growth.

## Structural Practices Compost filter sock - Erosion of or sedimentation from disturbed areas will be prevented by compost filter sock during construction. The compost filter sock will be removed and properly disposed of upon completion of the project. Storm Water Management Disturbed areas with slopes of 2h:1v or steeper will have erosion control matting and riprap while disturbed areas with slopes of 3h:1v or gentler will have permanent seeding and/or plantings. OTHER CONTROLS Waste Disposal: **Waste Materials** All waste materials will be collected and stored in a securely lidded metal dumpster. The dumpster will meet all local Town and any State solid waste management regulations. All trash and construction debris from the site will be deposited in the dumpster. The dumpster will be emptied as needed, and the trash will be hauled off site. No construction waste materials will be buried onsite. All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for waste disposal. Notices stating these practices will be posted in the office trailer and, the individual, who manages the day-to-day site operations, will be responsible for seeing that these procedures are followed. Hazardous Waste

**CONTROLS** (Continued)

# that these practices are followed. Sanitary Waste

All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units a minimum of once a week by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor, as required by local regulation.

All hazardous waste materials will be disposed of in the manner specified by local or State regulation or by the manufacturer. Site personnel will be instructed in these practices and the individual, who manages day-to-day site operations, will be responsible for seeing

#### Offsite Vehicle Tracking:

The paved streets adjacent to the site will be swept as needed to remove any excess mud, dirt or rock tracked from the site. Dump trucks hauling material from the construction site will be covered with a tarpaulin.

#### Construction Equipment Emissions:

Emissions for construction equipment will be reduced through properly maintaining construction equipment. In addition, reducing engine idling time will reduce emissions from construction equipment.

#### TIMING OF CONTROLS/MEASURES

As indicated in the Plans, compost filter sock will be installed prior to clearing or grading of any other portions of the site. Areas where construction activity temporarily ceases for more than 21 days will be stabilized with temporary seed and mulch within 14 days of the last disturbance. Once construction activity ceases permanently the area will be stabilized with permanent seed and mulch.

#### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS

The construction period pollution prevention and erosion and sedimentation control plan reflects the requirements established by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook for all construction activities.

#### MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Erosion and Sediment Control Inspection and Maintenance Practices

These are the inspection and maintenance practices that will be used to maintain erosion and sediment controls.

- All control measures will be inspected at least once every seven calendar days and within 24 hours after any storm event of 0.25 inches or greater in a 24 hour period, or upon the request of the owner or engineer.
- All measures will be maintained in good working order; if a repair is necessary, it will be initiated within 24 hours of report.
- If ponding becomes excessive, and sediment reaches to the midpoint of the control measures, additional control measures should be added in the areas without disturbance of soil or collected sediment.
- Any sediment deposits remaining in place after the control measures have been removed should be dressed to conform to the
  existing grade, prepared, and seeded.
- · Temporary and permanent seeding and planting will be inspected for bare spots, washouts, and healthy growth.
- A maintenance inspection report will be made after each inspection. A copy of the report form to be completed by the inspector is attached.
- The site superintendent will select one individual who will be responsible for inspections, maintenance and repair activities, and filling out the inspection and maintenance report.
- Personnel selected for inspection and maintenance responsibilities will receive training from site superintendent. They will be
  trained in all the inspection and maintenance practices necessary for keeping the erosion and sediment controls used onsite in
  good working order.

#### MAINTENANCE /INSPECTION PROCEDURES (Continued)

Non Storm-Water Discharges

It is expected that the following non-storm water discharges may occur from the site during the construction period:

Pavement wash waters (where no spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have occurred).

#### INVENTORY FOR POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

The materials or substances, but not limited to those listed below, will potentially be present onsite during construction:

- Paints (enamel and latex)
- Fertilizers
- Petroleum Based Products
- Cleaning Solvents
- Asphalt

- Detergents
- Wood
- Tar
- Concrete

#### SPILL PREVENTION

#### Material Management Practices

The following are the material management practices that will be used to reduce the risk of spills or other accidental exposure of materials and substances to storm water runoff.

#### Good Housekeeping

The following good housekeeping practices will be followed onsite during the construction project

- · An effort will be made to store on-site only enough products and materials required to do the job.
- All materials stored onsite will be stored in a neat, orderly manner in their appropriate containers and, if possible, under a roof or other enclosure.
- Products will be kept in their original containers with the original manufacturer's label.
- · Substances will not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer.
- Whenever possible, all of a product will be used up before disposing of the container.
- Manufacturers' recommendations for proper use and disposal will be followed.
- The site superintendent will inspect daily to ensure proper use and disposal of materials onsite.

#### Hazardous Products:

These practices are used to reduce the risks associated with hazardous materials.

- Products will be kept in original containers unless they are not re-sealable.
- · Original labels and material safety data will be retained; they contain important product information.
- If surplus product must be disposed of, manufacturers' or local and State recommended methods for proper disposal will be followed

#### SPILL PREVENTION (Continued)

#### **Product Specific Practices**

The following product specific practices will be followed onsite:

#### Petroleum Products

All onsite vehicles will be monitored for leaks and receive regular preventive maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage. Petroleum products will be stored in tightly sealed containers which are clearly labeled. Any asphalt substances used onsite will be applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

#### Fertilizers:

Fertilizers used will be applied only in the minimum amounts recommended by the manufacturer. Once applied, fertilizer will be worked into the soil to limit exposure to storm water. Storage will be in a covered shed. The contents of any partially used bags of fertilizer will be transferred to a sealable plastic bin to avoid spills.

#### Paints:

All containers will be tightly sealed and stored when not required for use. Excess paint will not be discharged to the storm sewer system but will be properly disposed of according to manufacturers' instructions or State and local regulations.

#### Concrete Trucks:

Concrete trucks will be allowed to wash out or discharge surplus concrete or drum wash water to a dedicated area on site.

#### Spill Control Practices

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices discussed in the previous sections of this plan, the following practices will be followed for spill prevention and cleanup:

- Manufacturers' recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted and site personnel will be made aware of the procedures
  and the location of the information and cleanup supplies.
- Materials and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept in a storage area onsite. Equipment and materials will include but not
  be limited to brooms, dust pans, mops, rags, gloves, goggles, kitty litter, sand, sawdust, and plastic and metal trash containers
  specifically for this purpose.
- All spills will be cleaned up immediately after discovery.
- The spill area will be kept well ventilated and personnel will wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent injury from contact with a hazardous substance.
- · Spills of toxic or hazardous material will be reported to the appropriate State or local government agency, regardless of the size.
- The spill prevention plan will be adjusted to include measures to prevent this type of spilt from reoccurring and how to clean up the spill if there is another one. A description of the spill, what caused it, and the cleanup measures will also be included.
- The site superintendent responsible for the day-to-day site operations will be the spill prevention and cleanup coordinator. He will
  designate at least three other site personnel who will receive spill prevention and cleanup training. The individual will each become
  responsible for a particular phase of prevention and cleanup. The names of responsible spill personnel will be posted in the office
  trailer onsite.

## GREENBRIER RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM COMMUNITY – PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION PERIOD POLLUTION PREVENTION AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT FORM

## TO BE COMPLETED EVERY 7 DAYS AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF A RAINFALL EVENT OF 0.25 INCHES OR MORE

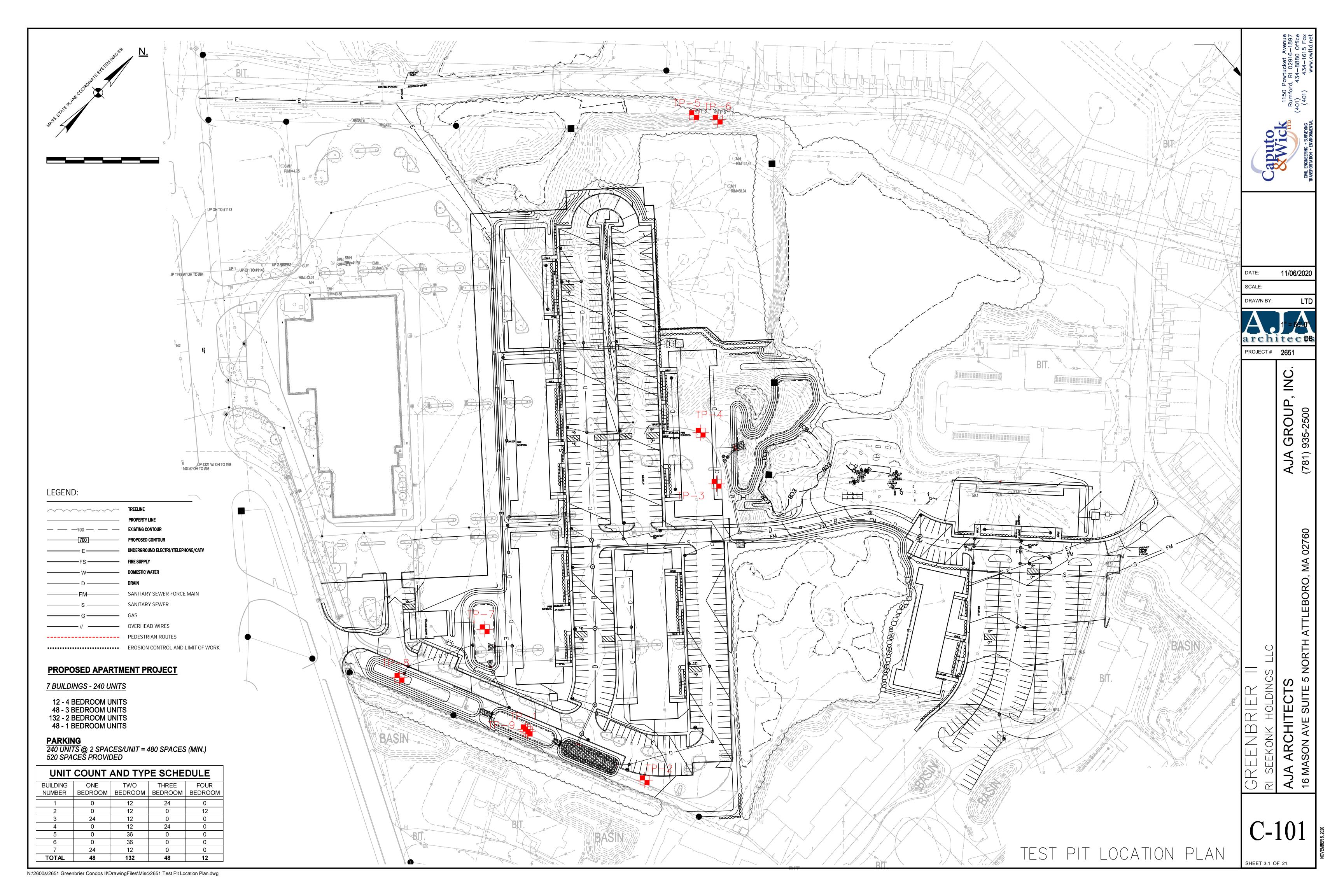
INSPECTOR:_			DATE:		
INSPECTOR'S	QUALIFICATIONS:				
DAYS SINCE I	LAST RAINFALL:	A	AMOUNT OF LAST RA	INFALL:	INCHES
		STABILIZATIO:	N MEASURES		
AREA	DATE SINCE LAST DISTURBANCE	DATE OF NEXT DISTURBANCE	STABILIZED? (YES/NO)	STABILIZED WITH	CONDITION
STABILIZATIO	ON REQUIRED:				
TO DE DEDEON	DMED RV		ON OP REEC	DE	

## GREENBRIER RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM COMMUNITY – PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION PERIOD POLLUTION PREVENTION AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT FORM

## STRUCTURAL CONTROLS (Compost filter sock)

DATE:			
DRAINAGE AREA PERIMETER	HAS SILT REACHED 1/2 OF FILTER SOCK HEIGHT?	IS THE FILTER SOCK PROPERLY SECURED?	IS THERE EVIDENCE OF WASHOUT OR OVERTOPPING?
MAINTENANCE REQUIRED	FOR COMPOST FILTER SOCK:		
TO BE PERFORMED BY:		ON OR BEFORE:	

**Appendix E**Test Pit Logs



					1		% 15%	20%	25% 35%	50%	60% 90%
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					•					
Comments:	Broke drain pipe wh	nich flooded the hole. Stand	I ing water could not be	observed		, i [1.1	i pacaci.		BESTAND BESTAND B		
Swamp Other		Made/Transported Materials (Fill) Other	Clay								
- Couplain		Human-	only ciay								
Lacustrine Plain Floodplain		·	Sandy Clay Loam Silty Clay								
Outwash Plain		Organic Deposits	Silt Loam								
Esker		Alluvium	Loam			Massive (MA)					
Kame	Channel (CH)	Proglacial Outwash	Fine Sandy Loam			Single Grain (SG)	Extremely Firm (EF)				
Kettle	Toeslope (TS)		Sandy Loam			Structureless	Very Firm (VFI)				
Moraine (End / Recessional)		Lacustrine	Loamy Sand			Platy (PL)	Firm (FI)				
Ground Moraine		Shallow to Bedrock Area			>25"	Blocky (SBK)	Friable (FR)	Many >20%	*No Photo*		
Till Ridge	Shoulder (SH)	Loose Ablation Till	Sand		10" to 25" Boulder =	(ABK) Subangular	Very Friable (VFR)	<20%	*** 01 . *		
Drumlin	Summit (SU)	Dense Compact Glacial Till		2mm to 3"	3" to 10" Stone =	Granular (GR)  Angular Blocky	Loose (L)	Few (F) <2% Common 2 to			
	•			Gravel =	Cobble =						
Landform	Landscape Position		Texture (USDA)	Coarse	Fragments	Structure	Consistence	Redox %			
Geolo	gic Setting and Topog	raphy			Textur	al and Structure				Photo(s)	
30 120		1011(3),1	Sincy Clay Loans		_	IVIO	11		NOT OBSELVED		
40-90 90-120	C1 C2	10YR 3/1 10YR 5/1	Sandy Loam Silty Clay Loam	5% 	2%	MA MA	FI FI	+	Not observed  Not observed		trace organics
3-40	Fill										
0-3	Pavement										
(inches)			(USDA)	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			Depth	Color	Percent	
Depth	Soil Horizon (Layer)		Soil Texture (USDA)		olume	Structure	Consistence		Redoximorphic Features (mottles)		Other
		Soil Matrix Color - Moist		Coarse Fr	agments % by	Test Hole Log					
Top Hole El. = 42.5	(Based on assumed	datum per Plan)	Rate (min./inch)			Test Hele Lee		Pre	dicted Adjusted Depth (Frimpter), ft	#VALUE!	Sh
			Time 9 - 6in.				Rage in lev	-	ography (5% exceedence, Figure 11)		Sr
Project / Number	2651		Time @ 6-in.				]		Max Range for well		Owr
roject:	Greenbrier		Time @ 9-in.						Index Well Level		Owc
oon Evaluatoi	Massachusetts Lice		Time @ 12-in.				1		Index Well Max Level		- Owmax
Date: Soil Evaluator	January 20, 2021 Alan Gunnison- BET	A Group Inc	Start Pre-Soak End Pre-Soak				Frimpter Adjustment	:	USGS Index Well(s) Number/ID Reading Date		per USGS
Weather	snow flurries		Depth of Perc				Sh = Sc - [(Sr/Owr)*(		or, Depth Weeping from Pit Face	Not Obs	Sc
	35 degrees with	(See map for location)			ion Test:		Groundwater Data		Standing Water Depth, in.	Not Obs	Sc

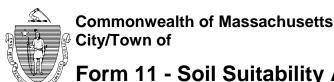
Test Hole ID:	TP-2	(See map for location)		Percolati	on Test:		Groundwater Data		Standing Water Depth, in.	64"	Sc
	35 degrees with	(222 map 101 location)	5 4 65								
Weather	snow flurries		Depth of Perc				Sh = Sc - [(Sr/Owr)*(	Owc-Owmax)]	or, Depth Weeping from Pit Face	76"	Sc
Date:	January 20, 2021		Start Pre-Soak				Frimpter Adjustment	:	USGS Index Well(s) Number/ID		per USGS
Soil Evaluator	Alan Gunnison- BET	ΓA Group, Inc.	End Pre-Soak						Reading Date		-
	Massachusetts Lice	nse No. 13996	Time @ 12-in.						Index Well Max Level		Owmax
Project:	Greenbrier		Time @ 9-in.						Index Well Level		Owc
Project / Number	2651		Time @ 6-in.						Max Range for well		Owr
			Time 9 - 6in.				Rage in lev	els for Similar Top	ography (5% exceedence, Figure 11)		Sr
Top Hole El. = 45.4	(Based on datum p	er Plan)	Rate (min./inch)					Pre	dicted Adjusted Depth (Frimpter), ft	#VALUE!	Sh
	,	,				Test Hole Log					
		Soil Matrix Color - Moist			agments % by						
Depth	Soil Horizon (Layer)	(Munsell)	Soil Texture (USDA)	V	olume	Structure	Consistence		Redoximorphic Features (mottles)		Other
(inches)			(USDA)	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			Depth	Color	Percent	
0-3	Pavement										
3-30	Fill/HTM										
30-90	C1	10YR 5/4	Loamy Sand			MA	Firm	45"	5YR 5/8	5%	
90-120	C2	10YR 5/1	Silty Clay Loam			MA	Firm				
Carla	-i- C-Min I T				<b>T</b>	and constitutions				Db -+-(-)	
Geolo	gic Setting and Topog	grapny			Textur	al and Structure				Photo(s)	
Landform	Landscape Position	Parent Material	Texture (USDA)	Coarse	Fragments	Structure	Consistence	Redox %			
Drumlin	Summit (SU)	Dense Compact Glacial Till	Coarse Sand	Gravel = 2mm to 3"	Cobble = 3" to 10"	Granular (GR)	Loose (L)	Few (F) <2%			
Till Ridge	Shoulder (SH)	Loose Ablation Till	Sand		Stone =	Angular Blocky	Very Friable (VFR)	Common 2 to			
J	, ,				10" to 25"	(ABK)	, , ,	<20%		10 TO	
Ground Moraine	Backslope (BS)	Shallow to Bedrock Area	Fine Sand		Boulder = >25"	Subangular Blocky (SBK)	Friable (FR)	Many >20%	Fill	/ HTM	N. Committee of the Com
Moraine (End / Recessional)	Footslope (FS)	Lacustrine	Loamy Sand			Platy (PL)	Firm (FI)				
Kettle	Toeslope (TS)	Ice-Contact Outwash	Sandy Loam			Structureless	Very Firm (VFI)				
Kame	Channel (CH)	Proglacial Outwash	Fine Sandy Loam			Single Grain (SG	Extremely Firm (EF)			C <sub>1</sub>	
Esker		Alluvium	Loam			Massive (MA)			The second second		
Outwash Plain		Organic Deposits	Silt Loam							WE SE	
Lacustrine Plain	_	Eolian Deposits	Sandy Clay Loam						Marie Taring		
Floodplain		Marine Silts & Clays	Silty Clay							C <sub>2</sub>	
		Human-							31		
Swamp		Made/Transported	Clay								10
		Materials (Fill)									
Other		Other									
Comments:	Standing water mea	asured after hole open for or	ne hour		* *.			90000	NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR		
						* 1   * . *	(000 kg)				
									LANGE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	7000 70000 800	
					1.	_         '					

Test Hole ID:	TP-3	(See map for location)		Percolati	on Test:		Groundwater Data		Standing Water Depth, in.	84"	Sc
	35 degrees with	(TTTap 10. Toodilott)	5 65								
Veather	snow flurries		Depth of Perc				Sh = Sc - [(Sr/Owr)*(	Owc-Owmax)]	or, Depth Weeping from Pit Face	Not Obs	Sc
Date:	January 20, 2021		Start Pre-Soak				Frimpter Adjustment	:	USGS Index Well(s) Number/ID		per USGS
Soil Evaluator	Alan Gunnison- BET	A Group, Inc.	End Pre-Soak						Reading Date		-
	Massachusetts Lice	nse No. 13996	Time @ 12-in.						Index Well Max Level		Owmax
Project:	Greenbrier		Time @ 9-in.				1		Index Well Level		Owc
Project / Number	2651		Time @ 6-in.				1		Max Range for well		Owr
			Time 9 - 6in.				Rage in lev	els for Similar Top	ography (5% exceedence, Figure 11)		Sr
Гор Hole El. = 48.0	(Based on datum p	er Plan)	Rate (min./inch)					Pre	edicted Adjusted Depth (Frimpter), ft	#VALUE!	Sh
						Test Hole Log					
		Soil Matrix Color - Moist		Coarse Fr	agments % by						
Depth	Soil Horizon (Layer)	(Munsell)	Soil Texture (USDA)	Ve	olume	Structure	Consistence		Redoximorphic Features (mottles)		Other
(inches)			(USDA)	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			Depth	Color	Percent	
0-3	Pavement										
3-20	Fill										
20-36	C1	2.5Y 6/6	F-C Sand			SG	VFR				
36-120	C2	2.5Y 5/3	F-C Sand	25%	2%	SG	L				
Geolo	gic Setting and Topog	raphy			Textur	al and Structure				Photo(s)	
Landform	Landscape Position	Parent Material	Texture (USDA)	Coarse	Fragments	Structure	Consistence	Redox %			
Drumlin	Summit (SU)	Dense Compact Glacial Till	Coarse Sand	Gravel = 2mm to 3"	Cobble = 3" to 10"	Granular (GR)	Loose (L)	Few (F) <2%	Fil	L/HTM	
Till Ridge	Shoulder (SH)	Loose Ablation Till	Sand		Stone = 10" to 25"	Angular Blocky (ABK)	Very Friable (VFR)	Common 2 to <20%			l do
Ground Moraine	Backslope (BS)	Shallow to Bedrock Area	Fine Sand		Boulder = >25"	Subangular Blocky (SBK)	Friable (FR)	Many >20%		C <sub>1</sub>	
Moraine (End / Recessional)		Lacustrine	Loamy Sand			Platy (PL)	Firm (FI)				
Kettle	Toeslope (TS)	Ice-Contact Outwash	Sandy Loam			Structureless	Very Firm (VFI)			V Acres	
Kame	Channel (CH)	Proglacial Outwash	Fine Sandy Loam			Single Grain (SG	Extremely Firm (EF)			$\dot{G}$	
Esker		Alluvium	Loam			Massive (MA)					
Outwash Plain		Organic Deposits	Silt Loam								
acustrine Plain		<b>Eolian Deposits</b>	Sandy Clay Loam								
Floodplain		Marine Silts & Clays	Silty Clay						10/10/20		
		Human-									
Swamp		Made/Transported	Clay								
		Materials (Fill)									
Other		Other									
Comments:	Standing water mea	isured after hole open for or	ne hour					5000000	5000000 5000000 5		
						<b>"</b>					
					<u> </u>	2%	5% 15%	20%	25% 35%	50%	60% 90%

Test Hole ID:	TP-4	(See map for location)		Percolati	on Test:		Groundwater Data		Standing Water Depth, in.	88"	Sc
	35 degrees with	(000)	D 11 (D				7	'o o ''			
Weather	snow flurries		Depth of Perc				Sh = Sc - [(Sr/Owr)*(	Owc-Owmax)]	or, Depth Weeping from Pit Face	55"	Sc
Date:	January 20, 2021		Start Pre-Soak				Frimpter Adjustment	t	USGS Index Well(s) Number/ID		per USGS
Soil Evaluator	Alan Gunnison- BET	A Group, Inc.	End Pre-Soak						Reading Date		-
	Massachusetts Lice	nse No. 13996	Time @ 12-in.						Index Well Max Level		Owmax
Project:	Greenbrier		Time @ 9-in.						Index Well Level		Owc
Project / Number	2651		Time @ 6-in.						Max Range for well		Owr
			Time 9 - 6in.				Rage in lev	els for Similar Top	ography (5% exceedence, Figure 11)		Sr
Top Hole El. = 48.0	(Based on datum pe	er Plan)	Rate (min./inch)					Pre	edicted Adjusted Depth (Frimpter), ft	#VALUE!	Sh
						Test Hole Log					
		Soil Matrix Color - Moist		Coarse Fra	agments % by						
Depth	Soil Horizon (Layer)	(Munsell)	Soil Texture (USDA)	Vo	olume	Structure	Consistence		Redoximorphic Features (mottles)		Other
(inches)			(USDA)	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			Depth	Color	Percent	
0-3	Pavement										
3-60	Fill										
60-94	1C1	10YR 5/2	Loamy Sand	2%		MA	FI				
94-120	2C1	Gley 2 4/5PB	Silty Clay Loam	15%	2%	MA	FI				
Geolog	gic Setting and Topog	raphy			Textura	al and Structure				Photo(s)	
Landform	Landscape Position	Parent Material	Texture (USDA)	Coarse	Fragments	Structure	Consistence	Redox %			
Drumlin	Summit (SU)	Dense Compact Glacial Till	II narse Sand	Gravel = 2mm to 3"	Cobble = 3" to 10"	Granular (GR)	Loose (L)	Few (F) <2%			
Till Ridge	Shoulder (SH)	Loose Ablation Till	Sand		Stone = 10" to 25"	Angular Blocky (ABK)	Very Friable (VFR)	Common 2 to <20%		( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	
Ground Moraine	Backslope (BS)	Shallow to Bedrock Area	Fine Sand		Boulder = >25"	Subangular Blocky (SBK)	Friable (FR)	Many >20%	FIL	MTH	
Moraine (End / Recessional)	Footslope (FS)	Lacustrine	Loamy Sand			Platy (PL)	Firm (FI)				
Kettle	Toeslope (TS)	Ice-Contact Outwash	Sandy Loam			Structureless	Very Firm (VFI)			1C <sub>1</sub>	
Kame	Channel (CH)	Proglacial Outwash	Fine Sandy Loam			Single Grain (SG)	Extremely Firm (EF)			20	3
Esker		Alluvium	Loam			Massive (MA)				201	
Dutwash Plain		Organic Deposits	Silt Loam							Con Carlo	
acustrine Plain		Eolian Deposits	Sandy Clay Loam								
-loodplain		Marine Silts & Clays	Silty Clay								
		Human-							4 14 14		
Swamp		Made/Transported	Clay						The same of the same		
		Materials (Fill)									
Other		Other								PAN	
Comments:	Standing water mea	sured after hole open for or	ne hour		• •			905000	3000000	The state of the s	
					<b>↓</b> └ <u>-</u>	20/_	5% 15%	200/	25%	50%	60% 90%
						2% 5	5% 15%	20%	25% 35%	50%	60% 90

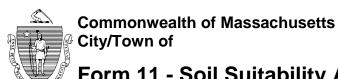
Test Hole ID:	TP-5	(See map for location)		Percolati	on Test:		Groundwater Data		Standing Water Depth, in.	16"	Sc
Weather	30 degrees cloudy		Depth of Per	c			Sh = Sc - [(Sr/Owr)*(	Owc-Owmax)]	or, Depth Weeping from Pit Face	16"	Sc
							_				
Date:	February 10, 2021		Start Pre-Soa				Frimpter Adjustment	•	USGS Index Well(s) Number/ID		per USGS
Soil Evaluator	Alan Gunnison- BET	=	End Pre-Soa						Reading Date		-
	Massachusetts Lice	nse No. 13996	Time @ 12-in						Index Well Max Level		Owmax
Project:	Greenbrier		Time @ 9-in						Index Well Level		Owc
Project / Number	2651		Time @ 6-in				_		Max Range for well		Owr
			Time 9 - 6in				Range in lev	-	ography (5% exceedance, Figure 11)		Sr
Top Hole El. = 46.1	(Based on datum pe	er Plan)	Rate (min./inch	)				Pre	edicted Adjusted Depth (Frimpter), ft		Sh
						Test Hole Log					
		Soil Matrix Color - Moist			agments % by						
Depth	Soil Horizon (Layer)	(Munsell)	Soil Texture (USDA)	V	olume	Structure	Consistence		Redoximorphic Features (mottles)		Other
(inches)			(USDA)	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			Depth	Color	Percent	
0-6	Loam/Grass										
6-72	C1	10YR 5/2	F-C Sand			SG	Loose				
Geolo	gic Setting and Topog	raphy			Textura	al and Structure				Photo(s)	
Landform	Landscape Position	Parent Material	Texture (USDA)	Coarse	Fragments	Structure	Consistence	Redox %			
Drumlin	Summit (SU)	Dense Compact Glacial Till	Coarse Sand	Gravel = 2mm to 3"	Cobble = 3" to 10"	Granular (GR)	Loose (L)	Few (F) <2%	Loam/grass	6 / 19	
					Stone =	Angular Blocky		Common 2 to			
Till Ridge	Shoulder (SH)	Loose Ablation Till	Sand		10" to 25"	(ABK)	Very Friable (VFR)	<20%			
Ground Moraine	Backslope (BS)	Shallow to Bedrock Area	Fine Sand		Boulder = >25"	Subangular Blocky (SBK)	Friable (FR)	Many >20%			
Moraine (End / Recessional)	Footslope (FS)	Lacustrine	Loamy Sand		5	Platy (PL)	Firm (FI)				
Kettle	Toeslope (TS)	l Ice-Contact Outwash	Sandy Loam			Structureless	Very Firm (VFI)				
Rettie	roesiope (13)	ice-contact Outwash	Salidy Loalli			3ti uctui eiess	very mini (vi i)				
Kame	Channel (CH)	Proglacial Outwash	Fine Sandy Loam			Single Grain (SG	) Extremely Firm (EF)		The second second		
Esker		Alluvium	Loam			Massive (MA)			The same of		
Outwash Plain		Organic Deposits	Silt Loam								
acustrine Plain		Eolian Deposits	Sandy Clay Loam								
loodplain		Marine Silts & Clays	Silty Clay							A. 1. W. 1.	
		Human-							<b>艾龙</b>	A MARKET	
Swamp			Clay								
		Materials (Fill)							(人) (本) (本)		
Other		Other								A STATE OF THE STA	
Julei	Dura da latala anarriadi	vater and sandy soil excavat	tion to 10-feet was not	feasible.							18 THE REPORT OF THE THE REPORT OF THE REPORT OF THE REPORT OF THE REPORT OF THE REPOR
		•					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	[44.553 AP 75.4]		THE PARTY IS NOT THE PARTY IN CO.	
		ed to cave in when attempti	ng to reach a depth of	10-feet							<b>英雄性</b>
Comments:		•	ng to reach a depth of	10-feet				10 20 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			
		•	ng to reach a depth of	10-feet							

Test Hole ID:	TP-6	(See map for location)		Percolat	ion Test:		Groundwater Data		Standing Water Depth, in.	25	Sc
Weather	30 degrees cloudy		Depth of Per				Sh = Sc - [(Sr/Owr)*(	Owc-Owmax)]	or, Depth Weeping from Pit Face	25	Sc
			·								
Date:	February 10, 2021		Start Pre-Soal				Frimpter Adjustment	•	USGS Index Well(s) Number/ID		per USGS
Soil Evaluator	Alan Gunnison- BET		End Pre-Soal				4		Reading Date		-
	Massachusetts Lice	nse No. 13996	Time @ 12-in	-			4		Index Well Max Level		Owmax
Project:	Greenbrier		Time @ 9-in				4		Index Well Level		Owc
Project / Number	2651		Time @ 6-in				_		Max Range for well		Owr
			Time 9 - 6in				Rage in lev		ography (5% exceedance, Figure 11)		Sr
Top Hole El. = 46.2	(Based on datum p	er Plan)	Rate (min./inch					Pre	edicted Adjusted Depth (Frimpter), ft	#DIV/0!	Sh
						Test Hole Log					
		Soil Matrix Color - Moist			agments % by						-
Depth	Soil Horizon (Layer)	(Munsell)	Soil Texture (USDA)	V	olume	Structure	Consistence		Redoximorphic Features (mottles)		Other
(inches)			(USDA)	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			Depth	Color	Percent	
0-6	Loam/Grass										
6-60	C1	10YR 5/2	F-C Sand			SG	Loose				
Geolo	gic Setting and Topog	raphy			Textura	l and Structure				Photo(s)	
Landform	Landscape Position	Parent Material	Texture (USDA)	Coarse	Fragments	Structure	Consistence	Redox %			
Drumlin	Summit (SU)	Dense Compact Glacial Till	Coarse Sand	Gravel = 2mm to 3"	Cobble = 3" to 10"	Granular (GR)	Loose (L)	Few (F) <2%			
Till Ridge	Shoulder (SH)	Loose Ablation Till	Sand		Stone = 10" to 25"	Angular Blocky (ABK)	Very Friable (VFR)	Common 2 to <20%			
Ground Moraine	Backslope (BS)	Shallow to Bedrock Area	Fine Sand		Boulder = >25"	Subangular Blocky (SBK)	Friable (FR)	Many >20%			
Moraine (End / Recessional)	Footslope (FS)	Lacustrine	Loamy Sand			Platy (PL)	Firm (FI)				
Kettle	Toeslope (TS)	Ice-Contact Outwash	Sandy Loam			Structureless	Very Firm (VFI)				
Kame	Channel (CH)	Proglacial Outwash	Fine Sandy Loam			Single Grain (SG	) Extremely Firm (EF)				
Esker		Alluvium	Loam			Massive (MA)					
Outwash Plain			Silt Loam			• ,					
Lacustrine Plain		•	Sandy Clay Loam								
Floodplain			Silty Clay								
•		Human-	' '								
Swamp			Clay								
•		Materials (Fill)									
		Other									
Other				£! - -			t) [AAMAGAS]		0/20/00/00   <b>6/20/00/0</b>   5	ANNANTIC	提出的 <b>是</b>
	Due to high ground	water and sandy soil excavat	ion to 10-feet was not	reasible.							
Other Comments:		water and sandy soil excavated to cave in when attempti			<b>-</b>   '∴.	. i 🔳					
		water and sandy soil excavated to cave in when attempti									



## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

#### A. Facility Information Owner Name Street Address Map/Lot # Seekonk MA City State Zip Code **B. Site Information** Upgrade Repair Stormwater (Check one) Soil Survey Available? x Yes No If yes: **NRCS-WSS** 32A Soil Map Unit Source Wareham loamy sand poorly drained Soil Limitations Soil Name sand Soil Parent material Landform 3. Surficial Geological Report Available? Yes No If yes: Year Published/Source Map Unit Description of Geologic Map Unit: Within a regulatory floodway? Flood Rate Insurance Map ☐ Yes X No X No Within a velocity zone? ☐ Yes If yes, MassGIS Wetland Data Layer: Within a Mapped Wetland Area? ☐ Yes x No Wetland Type Current Water Resource Conditions (USGS): Range: Above Normal Normal ☐ Below Normal 10/25/2021 Month/Day/ Year Other references reviewed: groundwater levels at the 50% mark based upon rise in groundwater levels from morning rain



C. On-	Site Revi	ew (minim	um of two hole	es requi	ired at eve	ery propo	sed prin	nary and r	eserve disp	oosal area)		
Deep	Observation	n Hole Numb	er: 1 TP-8 Hole #	10/25/2 Date	2021	8:30 Time	)	rain Weather		Latitude	Longitude:	
1. Land	Use cor (e.g., wo	<b>mmercial</b> oodland, agricultu	ural field, vacant lot, e	etc.)	none Vegetation			Surface Stone	n/a es (e.g., cobbles,	stones, boulder	rs, etc.) 1-3 Slope (%)	
Des	scription of Lo	ocation:	west edge of pav	ement ne	ear frontage							
2. Soil P	arent Materia	al: sar	nd									
						andform			tion on Landscap			
3. Distar	nces from:	-	n Water Body _					Vay			tlands feet	
			Property Line 1								Other feet	
I. Unsuita	able Material	s Present: X	Yes 🗌 No	If Yes:	Disturbed	Soil X	Fill Materia	al 🗌 '	Weathered/Fra	ctured Rock	Bedrock	
5. Grour	ndwater Obse	erved: X Yes	☐ No		If ye	es: <u>54</u>	Depth Wee	eping from Pit	_	78 Depth S	standing Water in Hole	
						Soil Log	l					
	Soil Horizon	Soil Texture	Soil Matrix: Color-	Redo	oximorphic Fe	atures		Fragments Volume	0.11.04	Soil	Othor	
Depth (in)	/Layer	(USDA	Moist (Munsell)	Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones	Soil Structure	(Moist)	Other	
0-40	paved/ fill	Sand	5 Y 5/4									
40-60	C1g	f-m sand	10 YR 7/2				0-5	25-30	crumb		friable	
60-68	C2	loam-s. loam	10 YR 4/4				0-5	0-5	block		firm	
68-80	C3	Loamy Sand	10 YR 7/2				0-5	10-15	crumb		friable	
Δdditi	onal Notes	1	1	1		<u>I</u>	l .	1	ı	ı	1	



# Commonwealth of Massachusetts City/Town of

~											
C. On-S	Site Revi	ew (minin	num of two	holes r	equired at	every p	proposed p	orimary and	reserve disp	oosal area)	
Deep (			oer: 2 Ti Hole #	P-9 10			rai Wea	n ather	Latitude		 Longitude:
1. Land U	laar	ommercial	cultural field, va	ant late at		ne		n/a	an /n a nabblen	atanaa hauldara	1-3
	e.g. ption of Loca				, 150'-200' f			Surface Stor	nes (e.g., cobbles,	stones, boulders,	etc.) Slope (%)
2. Soil Pa	arent Materia	al: <u>san</u> e	d				Landform			Position on Land	scape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS)
3. Distan	ces from:	Open Wate	r Body	feet		Drain	nage Way _	feet	Wetla	nds fe	eet
	s Present: [	∡ Yes □ I	y Line <u>15</u> No If Yes: s □ No			☐ Fill Mat		☐ Weathered/	Fractured Rock		et Standing Water in Hole
						So	il Log				
Depth (in)	Soil Horizon	Soil Texture	Soil Matrix:	Redoximorphic		atures	Coarse Fragments % by Volume		- Soil Structure	Soil Consistence	Other
Deptil (III)	/Layer	(USDA)	Color-Moist (Munsell)	Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones	3011 Structure	(Moist)	other
0-13	pave/base	fill									
13-34	C1	Med. Sand	2.5 Y 5/4	29	7.5 YR 5/8	>3	5-10	20-25	grain		loose
34-56	C2g	oam-s. loam	10 YR 3/4				0-5	0-5	block	wet	firm
56-82	C3	sand-l. sand	10 YR 7/2				0-5	0-5	grain	wet	fine/loose
İ											
Additio	nal Notes:	pieces of	asphalt found	l at 31"							



# Commonwealth of Massachusetts City/Town of

									reserve dis	oosal area)					
Deep (	Observation	n Hole Numl	ber: 3 TF	P-7 10 D	<u>0/25/202</u> 1 ate	10:00 Time	<u></u> r We	ain eather	Latitude		Longitude:				
I. Land U		ommercial	ioutural field va	ant lat at		ne		n/a	202 (2 2 20bbles	stones, boulders,	1-3				
	(e.g.	, woodiand, agr							nes (e.g., coddies,	stones, boulders,	etc.) Slope (%)				
Descri	ption of Loca	ation:	middle of p	oarking, b	etween test	pit ivos.	1 & 2								
2. Soil Pa	arent Materia	al: san	d				Landform			Position on Lands	scape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS				
B. Distan	ces from:	Open Wate	r Body	feet		Drair	nage Way _	feet	Wetla	ınds fe	et				
		Proper	ty Line _75_	feet	D	rinking W	/ater Well	feet	Ot	her fe	et				
I. Unsuital															
		- <del>-</del>	No If Yes:		ا rbed Soil				Fractured Rock						
5. Ground	dwater Obse	erved: X Ye	s 🗌 No				If yes: <u>44"</u>	Depth Weepin	g from Pit	Depth S	Standing Water in Hole				
	ı	ı	T	1		Sc	il Log	_	1						
Donath (in)	Soil Horizon	Soil Texture	Soil Texture	Soil Texture	Soil Texture		Soil Matrix:	Redo	ximorphic Fea	atures		Fragments Volume	Soil Structure	Soil Consistence	Other
Depth (in)	/Layer	(USDA)	Color-Moist (Munsell)	Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones	Soil Structure	(Moist)	Other				
0-15	pave/base	fill													
15-50	C1	Med. Sand	2.5 Y 5/4	21	7.5 YR 5/8	>3	10-15	20-25	grain		loose				
50-74	C2g	oam-s. loam	10 YR 7/2				0-5	0-5	block	wet	dense				
-															
Additio	nal Notes:	<u>I</u>	L	1	1	I	I	-1	I	<u> </u>					
		pieces of	asphalt foun	d at 48"											



# Commonwealth of Massachusetts City/Town of

<b>υ.</b> ι	Determination of High Groundwater Elevation	TP-8	TP-9	TP-7
1. N	Method Used:	Obs. Hole #_1	Obs. Hole # <u>2</u>	Obs. Hole #_3
	Depth observed standing water in observation hole	inches	inches	inches
	Depth weeping from side of observation hole	inches	inches	inches
5	Depth to soil redoximorphic features (mottles)	40 inches	29 inches	_21 inches
	Depth to adjusted seasonal high groundwater (S <sub>h</sub> ) (USGS methodology)	inches	inches	inches
	Index Well Number Reading Date			
	$S_h = S_c - [S_r \times (OW_c - OW_{max})/OW_r]$			
	Obs. Hole/Well# S <sub>c</sub> S <sub>r</sub>	OW <sub>c</sub>	OW <sub>max</sub>	S <sub>h</sub>
2. Es	timated Depth to High Groundwater: inches			
E. [	Depth of Pervious Material			
1. [	Pepth of Naturally Occurring Pervious Material			
	Does at least four feet of naturally occurring pervious material exity ystem?	st in all areas observed	I throughout the area proposed for the	ne soil absorption
	☐ Yes ☐ No			
b	. If yes, at what depth was it observed (exclude A and O	Upper boundary:	Lower boundary:	inches
C	lorizons)?  If no, at what depth was impervious material observed?	Upper boundary:	Lower boundary:	inches
	·	•		inches



## F. Certification

I certify that I am currently approved by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to 310 CMR 15.017 to conduct soil evaluations and that the above analysis has been performed by me consistent with the required training, expertise and experience described in 310 CMR 15.017. I further certify that the results of my soil evaluation, as indicated in the attached Soil Evaluation Form, are accurate and in accordance with 310 CMR 15.100 through 15.107.

Signature of Soil Evaluator	Date
Typed or Printed Name of Soil Evaluator / License #	Expiration Date of License
Name of Approving Authority Witness	Approving Authority

**Note:** In accordance with 310 CMR 15.018(2) this form must be submitted to the approving authority within 60 days of the date of field testing, and to the designer and the property owner with <u>Percolation Test Form 12</u>.

**Field Diagrams:** Use this area for field diagrams: